THE STANDARD SOUTHERN NEWSPAPER

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DESPERATE BLACKS SLAY LEE DEPUTY, SHOOT TWO OTHERS

Sheriffs of Crisp and Lee and Cordele Police Force Search Negroes Who Ambushed Three Officials.

LYNCHING IS PROBABLE IF BLACK IS CAUGHT

Outbreak Occurred at DeSoto When Officers Went to Arrest Negroes Who Had Fired at Whites.

Americus, Ga., February 8.—(Special.)—Constable Tucker Cassell was shot seriously; his deputy, Marion Bass, was shot dead, and another deputy, Lou Laramore, was slightly wounded, when last night they attempted to arrest two negroes at their home near DeSoto, just over the Lee and Sumter line.

From meager reports received here this afternoon, two white men charged the negroes with having fired upon them last night as they drove past a negro settlement. One of these white men was Abner Greene, whose eyes were shot out in a fight with a negro, William Webster, last July. Greene last night telephoned Constable Tucker Cassell of the alleged assault just committed, and requested the arrest of the negroes supposed to have fired upon him and a companion.

When Cassell and his deputies, Lou Laramore and Marion Bass, reached the negro settlement they were fired upon by negroes said to have been concealed beneath the house. Deputy Bass was shot through the abdomen with a winchester bullet. Constable Cassell and Deputy Laramore sustained bullet wounds as well.

Fugitive Well Armed.

Edward Tyson, colored, was shot dead by the posse. Cooper Bivins, another negro, is being chased with dogs this afternoon. He is well armed, and difficulty may be experienced in capturing him. The scene of the trouble is 15 miles from Americus.

Deputy Sheriff Harvey, of Sumter county, returned to Americus tonight from Leslie and DeSoto, towns in Sumter county, nearer the scene of the wholesale shooting, last night. He reports absolute quiet on the Sumter side, the trouble last night having occurred in Lee county, near the Chokee settlement, which is several miles from a railroad or telegraph station.

Armed posses this afternoon were still hunting the negro, Cooper Bivins, who is the only fugitive being pursued. Sheriff Moreland, of Lee county, was in Americus today searching for Bivins, without effect. If captured, he will probably be lynched, unless officers can secure him first and land him in jail, as feeling against Bivins is very strong.

Crisp County Searched.

Cordele, Ga., February 8.—(Special.) Sheriff Moreland, of Lee county; Sheriff Ward, of Crisp county, and the entire police force of Cordele are searching this city and the entire county for Cooper Bivins.

Sheriff Moreland arrived in Cordele this afternoon, after learning that Bivins had informed some negroes that he had relatives in Cordele and Crisp county, and that he was making his way to Cordele. Bivins formerly lived here, and is known to members of the police force. It is understood that enraged citizens of Lee county know of the movements of Sheriff Moreland, and in the event that Bivins is captured an effort will be made to secure the prisoner and deal with him in the same manner in which they dealt with the negro Tison.

Sheriff Moreland has offered a reward of $150 for the arrest of Bivins.

ENRAGED HUSBAND SHOOTS AT NEGRO

Fierce Battle Waged on Stone Mountain Car After Negro Strikes Woman a Blow in the Face.

An enraged husband, whose wife had been struck with a pair of brass knucks wielded by a burly negro passenger, struggled with street car attaches in an attempt to kill the woman's assailant Saturday afternoon, about 4 o'clock, on an outgoing Stone Mountain suburban trolley car as it reached Fair street and Cherokee avenue.

Finally wrenching himself free from the grasp of the street car men and passengers, the man whipped out his revolver, aimed it directly at the negro and fired, the bullet taking effect in the hip. He was immediately disarmed, but was permitted to continue the trip with his wife. The negro was arrested.

Cause of Trouble.

The trolley car on which the shooting occurred left the corner of Alabama and Pryor streets—the Stone Mountain terminal point—at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. Both the wounded negro and white man climbed aboard at the corner. A block or so from Cherokee avenue, on Fair street, the negro, who was sitting on the rear lengthwise seat directly behind the seat occupied by the wife and husband, who gave their names as Mr.

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Defending Mission of Stage, Preachers Praise Good Plays

Not Fair to Indiscriminately Attack All Plays and All Actors, Says Dr. C. B. Wilmer.

"The ancient theater was the exponent of Christian thought, the modern theater the daughter of the Christian church," said Rev. C. B. Wilmer of St. Luke's, in a highly thoughtful sermon on "The Church and the Theater," last night.

Dr. Wilmer dealt chiefly with the theater as it is today. He defended the actor's profession, and took issue with critics who indiscriminately assail the stage and stage folk. At the very outset of his sermon Dr. Wilmer made it plain to his congregation that he did not speak with a view of engaging in a controversy with anyone. He briefly reviewed the historic theater, explaining that St. Paul's admonition, "You should not venture in the theater," was not given in fear of the theater not having a moral influence, but because there was a mob in the theater, and it was bodily harm which St. Paul was warned against.

Praises Several Plays.

In the course of his sermon, Dr. Wilmer reviewed a number of plays—some old and some recently seen in Atlanta—and pointed to them as teaching a high moral thought. He spoke briefly of the moral taught in Maeterlinck's "Blue Bird;" in the English play, "The Blindness of Virtue," "The Servant in the House," "The Passing of the Third Floor Back," "Justice," "Shore Acres" and several others.

"God has endowed some men and women with extraordinary dramatic talent," Dr. Wilmer said, "and He has endowed us all with a sense of appreciation. Some of the highest types of Christian men and women have been actors, and made their living on the stage. If it is wicked to see 'Hamlet' on the stage, it is also wicked to read 'Hamlet' in a book.

"Some actors and actresses are bad, and there are some preachers who are bad. But, just suppose some actors and plays are bad. What are you going to do about it? Is it fair to indiscriminately attack all plays and actors? I would have enjoyed being in that church in Chattanooga when the preacher was denouncing all actors and actresses, and had heard the challenge hurled at him by an actress who was in his congregation."

Bad Plays and Bad Actors.

Dr. Wilmer admitted that there are bad plays and bad actors and bad books, but he said that he would be perfectly willing to trust any young boy or girl under his spiritual teaching with simply a warning not to visit certain plays, and not to read certain books.

"I shall never forget the performance of 'Shore Acres,' I once saw in New York. The play told a story which I regret I have not the ability to put in a sermon. The play had impressed me so much that I know that I gained by it, as did the others who saw it."

Dr. Wilmer declared that "The Blindness of Virtue" had a good moral effect on those who saw it, and explained that the English play, "Justice," taught so strong a lesson that it had the effect of helping to change the entire penal system of England.

"The church should put a higher ideal before the writers and the actors," Dr. Wilmer suggested. "I sincerely believe that actors and actresses will listen if they are not attacked and made to believe that they are all

We Must Attend and Help It, Not Boycott and Deride It, Declares Dr. J. Wade Conkling.

In defense of the theater, which was recently attacked by Dr. C. O. Jones, of the Grace Methodist church and upheld by Dr. Fred Line, of the Universalist church, Dr. J. Wade Conkling, of the Unitarian church, spoke yesterday morning.

In part, he said:

"The theater, along with the state, the family and the church, must be regarded as one of the great institutions of humanity—one of the things that is characteristic of and persistent in social or national life or habits. It arises out of the desire to reproduce and communicate to others impressions received from the surrounding world.

Expresses Best Life Produces.

"While being the most complete form of expression it sought to express the best that life had produced, or the religious thought of the world.

"The attitude held by some communions today is absolutely impossible and wholly unjustified. It does mean to be inferred that the theater does not need cleansing of its corruption and coarseness. In many sections of the land it is unspeakably bad. We need to do something to transform and redeem it, but it does not mean that the theater must go, that the drama must die and be buried.

"No discrimination is made between good and bad plays. Drama as a whole is condemned because part of it is bad. Some literature is bad. It depicts false standards of life, holds misconceptions of life, is often poorly written. Shall we do away with literature? Some families are bad. Shall this institution upon which the national life is based be dissolved? No, the dissolution of such innate and fundamental things cannot be done for these reasons.

Let Good People Help.

"Let the good people dip into this muddied stream of dramatic life and help to clear and cleanse it of its debris and moral sediment, like they would any other institution that is here to stay. We must attend and help it, not boycott and deride it.

"The theater owes its life to the church, and it is considered by some that the church has suffered a distinct loss in its separation with the theater. The church of today owes much to the theater. It sees in it an institution that has taken its task seriously, expressed itself in high art, and in description of life. The church has found in it an earnest, honest teacher, and owes to it the example of ceaseless activity and unabated energy.

"By faithfulness in this noble task, and faith in the ultimate widespread influence and present power of the stage, the theater will take its place hard by the church and prove its worthiness to ennoble mankind, as well as to teach high art and give benefit and direction to our problem of leisure."

going straight to hell. You can put a ban an shameless and immoral characters and plays, but the responsibility is yours whether you play cards, gamble or go to the theaters.

"Thousands of plays have been written which play on the basest passions of man, solely for the purpose of making money.

"But don't indiscriminately attack all plays and all actors and actresses with a view of dragging them down. Give the player and the theater an uplifting influence."

LONG FIGHT WON BY COL. PERKINS

Georgian Who Was Removed by a Military Cabal Is to Be Reinstated—Daniels Backs the Georgian.

By John Corrigan, Jr.

Washington, February 8.—(Special.) Secretary of the Navy Daniels has definitely advised Georgia friends of Lieutenant Colonel Constantine Marrast Perkins that he will send to congress within a few days a letter approving that officer's reinstatement, to remedy the injury inflicted by a military cabal.

In conversation with Senator Hoke Smith and Representative William Schley Howard, who have actively interested themselves in behalf of tardy justice for this brave offier, the secretary declared that he was convinced Lieutenant Colonel Perkins was unjustly treated. He likened his case to that of Dreyfus in France.

Perkins Named From Rome.

Of course in this ersecution racial prejudice did not enter. Lieutenant Colonel Perkins was appointed to the Naval academy from Rome, Ga., by President Grant. His father had served in the Mexican war. His two sisters are now living in Georgia—Mrs. W. L. Hunt, at Rome, and Mrs. Richard W. Cubbedge, at Macon. Two brothers are prominent business men in West Virginia.

For six years Lieutenant Colonel Perkins has waged his fight, being many times in sight of his goal, only to have his hopes dashed to pieces. Senator Clay and Colonel Livingston both sought to have him reinstated, but could not convince the officers of the navy department of what they felt was rank injustice.

Mr. Daniels' decision in the Perkins case is part of his general program of sending officers to sea and breaking up influential military cliques at the national capital. Many of the officers involved in the Perkins scandal are leaders in military and social life here. Two or three of them have been disciplined, and others failed to secure desirable details which they sought.

Colonel Littleton W. T. Waller, who was president of the retiring board which considered the Perkins case, was recently refused the appointment of commandant of marine corps, and Colonel George Barnett, the only member of the board who voted for Perkins, was nominated instead. It is said Mr. Dan-

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HE SUES A WIDOW FOR $3,000 TO SALVE HIS BRUISED HEART

St. Joseph, Mo., February 8.—Suit for alleged breach of promise has been brought here by Daniel Goodman, a St. Louis insurance agent, against Mrs. Ophelia Wirt, a wealthy St. Joseph widow. Goodman demands $3,000 for heart balm and $754.20 for expenses and loss of salary as a result of the alleged engagement.

Goodman alleges Mrs. Wirt insisted that he remove from New York to St. Louis, to be nearer her, and that by so doing his earnings were reduced $100 a year. He demands $100 a year on this account for the next three years. Both parties to the suit are 50 years old.

X-RAY TO BE USED ON SENATOR BACON

Georgian Is Removed to Garfield Hospital—Growing Concern Is Felt as to His Condition.

By John Corrigan, Jr.

Washington, February 8.—(Special.) Senator Bacon was removed from his apartments in the Netherlands today to Garfield hospital, where an X-ray examination will be made tomorrow to determine the cause of his protracted fever.

A month ago Senator Bacon fell and suffered a broken rib. This has united, but for the past ten days he has had fever ranging as high as 103. The kidneys were found to be affected, and his physician, Dr. James Dudley Morgan, has been puzzled as to the exact cause of the malady.

He ordered his patient to the hospital today for an X-ray examination. Then it was thought better care could be given him at the hospital than in his apartment.

Owing to Senator Bacon's age, he will be 75 on October 20, next, growing concern is felt as to his condition.

WARSHIPS ARE SOUGHT BY THE MEXICAN REBELS

Douglas, Ariz., February 8.—Mexican constitutionalists are negotiating with France for the purchase of two armored cruisers, according to Consul Lelevier here. While not new, Consul Lelevier said today the vessels would be superior to any owned by the Huerta government.

WHISKY GIVEN MEN, ASSERT TWO GUARDS AT ROSELAND CAMP

Boasted of Having Had Liquor When They Returned to Camp From Jury Probe, It Is Charged.

SMOKED IN BUILDINGS AND REFUSED TO STOP

Boss Luck Says That Prisoners Are Insolent and Some Refuse to Work, Although They Are Not Sick.

That the convicts from Roseland camp, who testified before the grand jury as to mistreatment of convicts by the guards, were given whisky and cigarettes and upon arrival at camp after the hearing insolently violated the rules, is the information given Superintendent Donaldson Sunday night by Guards Heap and Green, of the Roseland camp.

Mr. Donaldson will institute an investigation this week to ascertain from what source the convicts got their whisky and cigarettes, and whether there was any motive behind the placing of the intoxicants and the tobacco in the hands of the prisoners.

The second development in the convict probe on Sunday was the report of Dr. Paul McDonald, who visited three of the convict camps following the declaration of Mr. Donaldson before the public works committee that convicts were declining to work on excuse of sickness. Dr. McDonald reported that out of twenty-four convicts declining to work, but twelve, in his opinion, were incapacitated for work, and that the others were in a good state of health, and could have worked.

Boasted of Having Liquor.

Guards Green and Heap called upon Donaldson at his home Sunday night, and told him that when the prisoners came back to Roseland camp, after having been before the grand jury, they boasted of having had liquor, and that the odor of liquor was distinctly about them. They had no liquor with them.

They were, according to the guards, however, well stocked with cigarettes, fruit and other edibles. It is claimed

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W. B. LINGO IS DEAD OF SUICIDAL DOSE TAKEN 7 DAYS AGO

Dublin, Ga., February 8.—(Special.)—W. B. Lingo, who just one week ago took 90 grains of bichloride of mercury with suicidal intent, died last night and was buried this afternoon in North View cemetery.

For the first several days after the dose had been taken, it was thought that he would recover, but Friday and Saturday he gradually grew worse and died Saturday night in agony. He was about 25 years of age and is survived by a wife and three children.

HUSBAND WITH AX SHOT DOWN BY WIFE

Mrs. Fence Carter, Young Gainesville Matron, Then Carefully Nurses Man Who Is Expected to Die.

Gainesville, Ga., February 8.—(Special.)—In a desperate duel enacted before the frantic gaze of their four young children, Mrs. Fence Carter, the pretty young wife of a wealthy planter of the upper section of Hall county shot down her husband Sunday afternoon as he advanced upon her with a sharp-bladed ax.

Reeling to a bed, upon which he toppled in an unconscious state, the wounded man lay prostrate while the woman, sobbing hysterically, unclothed him and dressed his injury with the tender care of a wife, the pistol with which she fired the shot having been put away out of reach of the children, who toddled at her knees.

His Wounds Serious.

Sheriff W. A. Spencer, of Gainesville, hurried to the scene. Carter's wounds were found to be serious, and he is not expected to survive the night. His wife was put under arrest. Her victim, however, pleaded for no action to be taken against her, so that she might remain at his bedside and care for him until death, of which he had been made aware by attending physicians.

"It was all my fault," he exclaimed. "We had quarreled. I lost my head and went into a furious temper. Before I realized myself, I was trying to split her head with an ax. I wouldn't have had it happen for the riches of the world. Don't blame her."

Dying Man's Plea.

The dying man's plea restrained the sheriff from carrying the wife to jail. She will not be put under arrest until his death, which is momentarily expected. The shooting occurred shortly after dinner, from which the couple arose to their duel, following an extended quarrel.

The cause of the difficulty is not known. Neither would tell. Another woman, however, is suspected of having figured. The story told by the woman—who is less than twenty-eight years old—is that the husband, in a sudden spasm of blind fury, swung an ax in his hands, advancing upon her. She was forced to shoot, she said, in protection of her own life and her children's.

The Secession of Sylvia.

London, February 8.—A statement issued by Christabel Pankhurst, the militant suffragette leader, and made public here today, says the secession from the Women's Social and Political union of her sister Sylvia will bring about no change in the policy of the union.

Hotel Man Wins Pretty Singer After a Two Hours' Courtship

MRS. C. E. JENKINS,
Who was Miss May Melville before her marriage in Atlanta Sunday.

Groom Reserves Seven Rooms in Hotel in Vain Attempt to Hide From Reporters and Friends.

Miss May Melville, of New York city, a pretty and talented singer, figured in a surprise wedding Sunday afternoon when she and her fiance of two hours' duration, a well-known Atlanta hotel man, C. E. Jenkins, chief clerk of the Hotel Winecoff, quietly slipped away from the hotel acquaintances of Mr. Jenkins, who had gathered at 6 o'clock in the handsome parlors of the Winecoff to witness the ceremony.

Bribing the chauffeur of W. F. Winecoff, proprietor of the hotel, they drove to the First Methodist church, on Peachtree street, to the study of Rev. Dr. H. M. DuBose, where he hurriedly made them man and wife, the family of the pastor and Nixon, the chauffeur, witnessing the ceremony.

Mrs. Jenkins was starring in a headline vaudeville act last week in Charlotte. Saturday she received a telegram from Mr. Jenkins, asking her to come over to Atlanta for the week-end, but his message said nothing about marrying. She cancelled her engagement for Saturday night's performance and took a train for Atlanta. Arriving here early Sunday morning, she was met by Mr. Jenkins, and they proceeded to the Winecoff.

Cupid Takes a Hand.

After breakfast he asked her to take a stroll out Peachtree street to Piedmont park. There Cupid got busy, for never, before Sunday, swear both of the lovers, had there ever been any mention of their marrying.

Strolling back to the hotel, Mr. Jenkins resumed the duties of his position, relieving the desk clerk during lunch hour. The question of proposing weighed heavily on his heart, and finally, at 2 o'clock, he took up the receiver of the house phone and called for the room number of his sweetheart. As she raised the receiver, for the first time (they say) the old familiar words that have rung gladness into the hearts of a million lovers were heard by her, "Darling, I want you to be my wife."

"Proposed and accepted at 2:30, and married at 4:30," culminated a romance which had begun three years ago when Mr. and Mrs. Jenkins first met in Knoxville, Tenn., while she was singing at one of the theaters, and he connected with the Hotel Atkin.

Wanted Wedding Earlier.

Frank Harrell and W. F. Winecoff, manager and proprietor of the hotel, were informed by the head clerk of his intentions, and Mr. Harrell immediately began preparing a big wedding at 8 o'clock, but the couple insisted that the hour be sooner, and 6 o'clock was finally agreed upon.

In the meantime the lovers grew tired of waiting for the long hours to roll by, and quietly slipped out of the hotel and motored out to be married without anyone knowing of it.

Returning to the hotel, Mr. Jenkins reserved seven different rooms in order to conceal himself and bride from the large crowd of acquaintances who were gathered to see the ceremony, and fearing that the news would leak out, but his precautions availed him little, as reporters were soon present.

Mrs. Jenkins will finish her engagements for this season on the vaudeville stage, leaving Atlanta Thursday for Montgomery to perform there the week-end, and then to Birmingham, Savannah and Charleston, for a week engagement in each place.

She will be heard in Atlanta in March at the Forsyth theater.

Feast for Newlyweds.

The hotel management tendered the

C. E. JENKINS.

newlyweds a large wedding feast, which was attended by Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Jenkins, Mrs. A. T. Jenkins, mother; Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Winecoff, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Harrell, Constance Harrell, W. L. Mitchell and Eddie Lovejoy.

W. L. Mitchell, assistant clerk and roommate of Mr. Jenkins for several years, was kept busy during the day securing the wedding license. When he went to secure a ring from Eugene Haynes, due to the friendship of Mr. Jenkins and Mr. Haynes, a large and beautiful stone was presented as a present by him.

Funston Takes Command.

Galveston, Texas, February 8.—Brigadier General Frederick Funston today assumed command of the second division, United States army, encamped at Texas City, to serve until the arrival of Major General J. Franklin Bell, in May. General Funston succeeded Major General William H. Carter.

Visiting Merchants

Read The Constitution Every Morning For News About Trade

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FATEFUL SUNDAY PASSES IN MEXICO AND HUERTA STANDS

Predicted Outbreak on the Anniversary of the Revolt That Ended in Madero's Murder Didn't Occur.

OPPOSED BY THE WORLD, DICTATOR KEEPS CALM

Huerta Makes No Secret of Intention to Levy Forced Loans—Task of Isolating Capital Will be Difficult.

Mexico City, February 8.—Sunday passed without an outbreak in this city, although it was the anniversary of the revolt which culminated in the murder of President Madero and the accession to power of General Huerta.

Lull in Fighting.

President Huerta in the past week has succeeded, without much fighting, in reopening the lines of communication to Tampico and Laredo and between Saltillo and Torreon. This apparent advantage is explained to some extent by the fact that rebels have received instructions to cease operating in small bands in those districts, where they had been persistently cutting the lines, and join the concentration movements near Torreon and about Tampico.

Indications are that there will be a lull in miltary operations until the rebels have supplied themselves with additional arms and ammunition, and that when Generals Carranza and Villa and other rebel leaders have completed their preparations for an advance, several important engagements will be fought.

Many Rebels Operating.

In the Isthmus of Tehauntepec and in regions adjoining the capital numerous rebel organizations are operating. Perhaps the most dangerous rebel operation comparatively close to the capital is that directed by General Juan Francisco Lucas, popularly called "The Patriarch of the Sierra Indians." These Indians control a large area, for the most part in the state of Puebla. They are well equipped and have received among them a force of about 200 northern rebels, who serve to link their movement with that conducted by General Carranza.

President Huerta has 6,000 men at Torreon and 4,000 at Monterey. At Tampico the federal garrison is approximately 2,000, and always there remains the waterway from Vera Cruz to reinforce Tampico. Huerta has declared he will continue to send troops to Torreon until the garrison there numbers at least 10,000.

Torreon May Balk Rebels.

Military men profess to doubt whether the rebels can take Torreon, even after they obtain ammunition. Not a few are convinced that the rebels are likely to be checked both at Torreon and at Tampico.

President Huerta's calm attitude after the lifting of the embargo on arms seems to have gained him some sympathy, and in local financial centers it is believed he has slightly more favorable prospects of obtaining money. Even without foreign assistance, he will be able to extract from local sources many millions. Of this he has made no secret, repeatedly saying if the worst befell he would take money where he could.

Owners of haciendas adjoining the state of Mexico have been notified that they will be expected to loan the government money on their land, and it would cause no surprise if special taxes were imposed on all property in the capital and other cities which Huerta still controls.

Plans of the Rebels.

The opinion is held here that rebels in the north will direct their energies along two lines of campaign, one looking to the capture of Torreon, Zacatecas, Aguas Calientes and other towns in their path to the capital, and the other to the capture of Tampico, with Monterey and San Luis Potosi as secondary objectives. The moral effect of the capture of Torreon and other towns along the first line of campaign would be great, but military men point out that the strategic value of Tampico would be still greater, as it is the source of the fuel oil supply.

Railways extend from Tampico to both Monterey and San Luis Potosi, and the possession of this port would make the direction of the campaign against these two towns and their subsequent occupation much simpler for the rebels.

Huerta to Use Gunboats.

General Huerta is prepared to use all the gunboats in the gulf to assist in the holding of Tampico.

Railway lines extending north, west and northeast of the capital are regarded as only second in strategic importance, because over them is brought almost daily the capital's food supply. The lines to Vera Cruz are not so important in this respect, as they are chiefly valuable for the transpor-

Weather Prophecy

CLOUDY

Washington, February 8.—Forecast:

Georgia—Cloudy Monday and Tuesday; probably rain on the coast.

Virginia and North Carolina—Fair and continued cold Monday and Tuesday.

South Carolina—Cloudy Monday and Tuesday; probably rain on the coast.

Tennessee and Kentucky—Fair Monday and Tuesday; warmer Tuesday.

Arkansas and West Virginia—Fair Monday and Tuesday.

Oklahoma—Fair Monday and Tuesday; warmer Monday.

Florida—Cloudy Monday and Tuesday, probably rain, except fair northwest portion; warmer north and central portions Monday.

Alabama and Mississippi—Fair Monday and Tuesday; warmer Tuesday.

Louisiana—Fair Monday; Tuesday increasing cloudiness and warmer.

tation of imported supplies.

Those who have watched developments believe the task of isolating the capital from food supply districts probably will be entrusted to small bands now operating in all of those districts. Rebel sympathizers here say that within two months federals will be cutting the railroads to keep the rebel forces out of the capital.

FUEL OIL IS SEIZED BY DICTATOR HUERTA

Vera Cruz, February 8.—The straits to which the Mexican government is reduced for fuel with which to continue the operation of the National railway lines is shown by the commandering today of virtually the whole fuel oil supply of Vera Cruz. This threatens the early suspension of traffic between Vera Cruz and the capital.

The government last night sent a train of 18 oil cars to Vera Cruz. Today an officer at the head of a squad of troops made a formal demand on the agent of the Aguila company to surrender all the oil in its postession. The agent replied that the oil already had been sold to the Mexican railway, which is a British corporation, and was told that it was immaterial to whom the oil belonged. The engineer in charge of the pumps refused to fill the oil tanks, and was arrested. Later he was released, but was compelled to obey the order.

There now remains in Vera Cruz only a six days' supply of oil for the operation of the Mexican and Inter-Oceanic railways, and there is no prospect of receiving more oil from Tampico. It is believed it will be impossible to maintain communication with Mexico City beyond the end of the week, except in the case of trains for government service.

It is asserted that the next move of the Mexican government will be to seize locomotives and rolling stock of the Mexican railway to replace the engines and cars recently destroyed in the north.

It is reported that a decree has been prepared, and only awaits the president's signature, doubling duties on all imports from the United States.

The United States cruiser Des Moines arrived here today. After coaling, she will proceed to Tampico.

HE OBJECTS TO MAIL BEARING REBEL STAMP

Mobile, Ala., February 8.—Roberto Gayon, Mexican consul here, has filed a protest with the postmaster general against the delivery in the United States of mail from Mexico bearing rebel stamps. Senor Gayon declared to the postmaster general that the delivery of such letters violated the rules of the international postal union. The protest arises from the delivery here of a letter mailed at Hermosillo, Mexico, and which bore a 20-cent constitutionalist stamp. The general design of the stamp is similar to the federal Mexican stamp.

VILLA TO PROTECT SUBJECTS OF SPAIN

Washington, February 8.—After a conference with President Wilson tonight, Secretary Bryan announced that assurances had been received from General Francisco Villa of his intention to protect Spanish subjects at Torreon. Word also was received from the constitutionalist general of his intention to assist in fixing responsibility for the tragedy at Cumbre tunnel, in which several Americans were suffocated.

General Villa has complied with the request of the state department that a guard of soldiers accompany the party, composed mostly of Americans, who intend to recover the bodies of the dead Americans. Secretary Bryan said he had ordered American Consul Edwards, at Juarez, to send a special messenger with the party to report on the affair.

The announcement that General Villa would protect Spanish subjects in his invasion of Torreon brought relief to officials here, who had been swamped with petitions and representations on behalf of the threatened Spaniards. Urgent representations had been made to Villa by Consul Edwards at the instance of the American government. Secretary Bryan tonight said earlier dispatches to the effect that Villa had intended to execute all Spaniards were not confirmed. It is understood Villa's warning was directed chiefly against Spaniards who were actively assisting Huerta. The state department, however, regards its latest assurances as satisfactory, and feels that all Spaniards will be safe.

Word was received here today that Charles Myers Dobson, an American, formerly a newspaper man, was imprisoned in Torreon. Secretary Bryan dispatched a request to the American consul there for information.

BIRDMEN ARE RECALLED BY DICTATOR HUERTA

Versailles, February 8.—Seventeen officers of the Mexican army, who have been studying aviation here, received orders today to return to Mexico on the first steamer and rejoin their regiments.

CHARRED BONES GREET RESCUERS

All People on Train, Which Mexican Bandit Tolled Into Death Trap, Perished—Americans Victims.

Cumbre, Chihuahua, Mexico, February 8.—Nothing but charred bones and buttons were found by the rescuing party which, with the aid of oxygen helmets and pulmotors, penetrated the Cumbre tunnel today from the south portal as far as the locomotive and first two cars of the passenger train which entered the burning cavern.

All Were Killed.

These are supposed to be the remains of the engineer and fireman of the ill-fated passenger train. They were probably killed when their engine crashed into the burning freight train, which had been pushed into the tunnel by Castillo's bandits several hours before, it is said. Now it is believed that every one of the fifty or more passengers, including the crew, aboard the train when it dashed into the tunnel last Wednesday night are dead, but whether the train was hurried into the tunnel to escape being captured by Castillo's bandits or sent headlong to its destruction by the bandits may never be known.

Entrance from the north portal will not be possible until tomorrow night at the earliest, and probably not until the next day, as the heavy timbering is still burning. The rescuers who went in at the south end today found their way greatly impeded by not only the iron frame work of the burned cars, but by great masses of earth and rock which had fallen from the roof of the tunnel. Rock still is falling, making exploration dangerous.

Wreckage Covered by Earth.

The wreckage is covered by from 5 to 10 feet of earth, and the only hope of finding any bodies is that they may have been covered with earth before having been reached by the flames, which is not probable. In the whole distance traversed today not a particle of the woodword of all the cars burned was found. The only recognizable body thus far recovered is that of Juan Fernandez, rear brakeman of the passenger train, who had escaped to within 200 feet of the north portal, when he finally succumbed, dying in a sitting posture, with a handkerchief tied about his nose and mouth, in a vain endeavor to save himself from being smothered by the smoke and gas.

It is believed that all others in the train, who were not maimed or killed, when the passenger train hit the wreckage of the freight, attempted to escape as did Fernandez, but were overcome.

Among the Americans who lost their lives in the tunnel were:

MRS. LEE CARRUTH and five children, family of an engineer employed at Madera.

Not a Soul Escaped.

Washington, February 8.—All those aboard the ill-fated passenger train which collided with seven burning freight cars in Cumbre tunnel appear to have perished. They included at least eight Americans and thirty Mexicans according to a dispatch tonight from American Consul Letcher, at Chihuahua.

The dispatch, dated today, gave information brought to Chihuahua by persons who had just arrived from Madera, the nearest point to the tunnel.

The Americans Killed.

It said the Americans known to have been aboard the train, and whose bodies were being sought by a relief party, included:

M. J. GILMARTIN, superintendent of the Mexican Northwestern railroad, at Chihuahua.

C. H. MARDERS, express agent.

HENRY SCHOFIELD, superintendent at Juarez.

K. L. HATFIELD, business man. El Paso.

THOMAS M. KELLY, conductor.

J. I. MORRIS, roadmaster.

L. E. WILLIAMS, employee Madera Lumber company.

J. W. WEBSTER, conductor in charge of train.

EDWARD J. M'CUTCHEON, engineer.

About thirty other persons, including some unidentified Americans, were aboard.

Many Coffins Taken.

From American Consul Edwards, at Juarez, came the information that Vice Consul Zoeller had left with a special train for Cumbre tunnel with about thirty Americans and a guard of fifty constitutionalist soldiers. They took many coffins with them, as they had little hope of finding alive any of the passengers or crew of the train.

Mr. Edwards added that it had been positively established in the latest telegrams received from near the scene of the disaster that the train was not held up by the bandits before it entered the tunnel, and that it also was known that the bandits had departed about two hours before the train entered the south end of the tunnel.

Seven Cars on Fire.

Seven stock cars had been set on fire at the north end, which ignited timbers in the tunnel, and it is the supposition of those near the scene that the passenger train ran into and collided with the burning cars.

The consul said opinion was divided as to whether or not the bandits intended to destroy lives. Secretary Bryan was busy at the state department all day answering messages of inquiry concerning the Americans and telegraphing instructions to the nearest consuls. The advices were shown to President Wilson.

There is confidence at the state department that the constitutionalists will do everything possible to punish the offenders.

Villa to Investigate Horror.

El Paso, Texas, February 8.—General Francisco Villa arrived in Juarez today primarily to look after some financial matters, but incidentally to investigate the Cumbre tunnel disaster and to instruct his men in the field as to the course to be pursued in hunting down bandits in the state of Chihuahua.

One of his first acts on his arrival at Juarez was to send a message to officials of the Mexican Northwestern and of the Madera company, Limited, to express his deep regret because of the tunnel disaster and to say he would take personal charge of the situation and that he already had 1,000 men in the field with instructions to pursue and kill or capture every man under arms not attached to a constitutional command. Villa asked for suggestions and offered to place the bandit hunters in the field at the disposal and under the command of the railway and Madera company officials, if they wished it.

"FITS-U"
SOMETHING NEW IN EYE GLASSES

A new finger-piece mounting that stays on—comfortably—that can be adjusted to fit any nose and that appears neat and dressy. Surely this fills all the requirements of a perfect eye glass mounting. We want you to come in and see it. Let us try it on you and explain its points of merit; at least, stop as you go by and see our window demonstration.

A. K. Hawkes Co.
OPTICIANS
14 Whitehall

DELICIOUS! CLEAN! NUTRITIOUS!
This is why we offer you the
FERRIS
FAMOUS HAMS AND BONELESS BREAKFAST BACON
The J. M. High Company

Sore Throat
neglected, may develop into serious ailments. Remove the inflammation with
SLOAN'S LINIMENT
which easily conquers croup, asthma, tonsilitis, and other troubles of the throat and chest.
Mrs. L. N. Bragdon, Sorrento, Me., writes: "Enclosed find 25 cents, for which send bottle of Sloan's Liniment, which is the only thing I can get to stop sore throat for me. It also works wonderfully on my flesh, stopping pains of all kinds."
At all dealers. Price 25c., 50c. & $1.00
Dr. Earl S. Sloan, Inc., Boston, Mass.

Armstrong, Cator & Company
Baltimore, Md.
We call attention of
The Millinery Trade
to the fact that we will open
SAMPLE ROOMS
at the Kimball House, February 10, for the display of the latest novelties in millinery, and will be represented by Mr. John H. Carney.
Your business is solicited.
Armstrong, Cator & Co.
Baltimore, Md.

Only One "BROMO QUININE," that is
Laxative Bromo Quinine
Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days
E. W. Grove on box. 25c

BANKRUPT!!
... SOLD ...
By the Order of the Court
MR. PERCY H. ADAMS, Referee of Bankruptcy of the United States,
We've Had to Turn 'Em Away Since the Opening of the Sale
THE CROWD SWAMPED US
But we have doubled our sales force now and everybody can get their share of this UNPARALLELED SALE. The entire $50,000 stock of high-grade seasonable merchandise, consisting of Men's, Youths', Boys' and Children's Clothing, Hats, Furnishings, Etc., Must Be Converted Into CASH WITHIN TEN DAYS.
The GREATEST Strictly Bona Fide Bankrupt Sale Ever Held in the City of Atlanta
It will pay to visit the many bargains that await you. It will mean many dollars saved to you.

Men's Suits
463 Black and Blue Oswego Serges, hand-tailored by the best renowned manufacturers in the United States. In all retail stores prices from $25 to $40. Bankrupt Sale price.. $12.48
622 Pure Worsted Suits, in fancy fabrics, in sizes from 32 to 52; formerly sold from $20 to $22.50; your choice, Bankrupt Sale price..... $9.98
376 All-wool Worsted Suits, formerly sold for $15 to $18; Bankrupt Sale price..... $7.48
One lot of Men's Suits, broken sizes..... $3.98

Overcoats
176 Overcoats in black Melton and Oxford grays, satin lined, formerly sold for $18.00 to $20.00; Sale price..... $8.98
One lot of snappy young men's chinchilla shawl collar overcoats, satin lined, patch pockets and belted back; formerly sold for $18.00 to $20.00. Your choice at..... $7.98
Several hundred all-wool Overcoats in large assortment of collars, latest cut. Regular price $12.50 to $15.00; our price..... $5.48
One lot of black and fancy guaranteed waterproof Cravenettes, satin lined, sold everywhere for not less than $12.50 to $15.00; your choice at $5.48

Boys' Suits
LOT 1.—987 Boys' Suits, in pure worsted, blue serge, fancy all-wool suits, Norfolk and double-breasted styles; some two pair of trousers; sizes from 8 to 18; regular prices from $7.50 to $12.00; your choice at the Big Sale..... $3.98
LOT 2.—822 Boys' Suits, in beautiful styles, in sizes from 16 to 18, formerly sold from $5 to $6; take your pick..... $2.69
LOT 3.—MOTHER'S DELIGHT—471 Children's Suits, in sizes from 3 to 8; regular prices ranging from $2.00 to $3.00, awaiting your choice at $1.29, 93c and..... 79c

Knee Pants
1,297 Knee Pants, in sizes from 5 to 18, less than manufacturer's cost.

Men's Odd Pants
One lot of Men's Dress Trousers, in all sizes; worth from $5.00 to $7.00; all go at..... $2.98
One lot of Pure Worsted Pants; fancy stripes; worth from $3.00 to $4.00; Sale price..... $1.48
507 pair Corduroy Pants..... 98c

Men's Overalls
Finck's DETROIT SPECIAL Overalls and Jackets..... 69c

Work Shirts
50c Blue, black and khaki Shirts, Sale price..... 29c

Gents' Furnishings
Arrow Brand Collars, in all styles and sizes..... 6c
50c Neckwear..... 15c
75c and $1.00 Neckwear..... 33c
10c Handkerchiefs..... 3c
$1.50 Arrow Brand Shirts, Sale price..... 79c
Monarch and No-Fade Shirts; regular price $1.00; sale..... 63c
$1.00 Eclipse Brand Shirts, all sizes..... 53c
$1.50 Sweater Coats..... 69c
$2.50 Sweater Coats..... $1.23
$3.00 Sweater Coats..... $1.48
About 500 Flannel Top Shirts, all wool, formerly sold for $1.50 to $3.00; Sale price..... 98c
50c Underwear, in ribbed and fleeced..... 29c
75c Underwear..... 39c
$1.00 Wright's ribbed and fleeced Underwear..... 69c

Gents' Furnishings
173 Dozen Scriven Drawers, in sizes from 28 to 50, at..... 69c
B. V. D. Athletic Underwear..... 29c
$1.50 and $2.00 All-wool Underwear..... 98c

Men's Hats
A lot of Hats in assorted colors, in soft and derbies..... 48c
Lot 2—400 Hats of latest styles, formerly sold for $2.00 to $2.50..... 98c
JOHN B. STETSON HATS, new stock—Columbia shapes, $2.48
Thousands of other items too numerous to mention.

Fixtures For Sale
Mail Orders Attended to Promptly.

GUARANTEE CLOTHING CO.
10 PEACHTREE STREET, ATLANTA, GA.
NEXT TO FOURTH NATIONAL BANK BUILDING

ATTENTION
All Mail Orders will be promptly filled. Money Orders, etc., made payable to S. APPLEFELD
10 Peachtree St., Atlanta, Ga.

This Gigantic Bankrupt Sale Now On. DO NOT FAIL TO ATTEND. 50 More Salesladies Wanted at Once.

POLICE CLAIM M'NEW ADMITS BANK ROBBERY

Two Wilsons, Hickman and Sharp Released—McNew and Mathews Held.

Lyerly, Ga., February 8.—(Special.)—Jerry and Andy Wilson, Henry Hickman and Scott Sharp, arrested last week in connection with the robbing of the Bank of Lyerly on the night of January 29, were released from custody yesterday, the evidence against them being insufficient to hold them.

Mark McNew and Frank Mathews are still held in jail. It is reported here that McNew has made a clean confession to being implicated in the robbing of the Lyerly bank, and also to sheltering the men who looted the Bank of Commerce, in Summerville, a year ago and escaped with nearly $5,000. It is also stated that McNew admitted being interested in the robbing of a bank at Kingston.

Officers will not talk of McNew's supposed confession other than they admit that McNew has told something of importance, but they refuse to divulge the facts contained in his supposed confession. It is said McNew has told of the others interested in the Lyerly robbery. It is claimed McNew declares Mathews is the man who set off the explosion which wrecked the bank's safe, and that he was injured by a piece of flying stone. McNew claims that he did not get any money out of the Lyerly robbery, but that a man escaped with the $3,967.35 to Cincinnati, and was to divide later. It is also claimed McNew admitted receiving $30 out of the Summerville robbery. McNew claims to have not been in the gang who did the Summerville job, but that they went to his home, and he sheltered them and received $30 for his trouble. McNew asserts that the Lyerly robbery is the first in which he has participated.

McNew waived preliminary hearing yesterday, but the bond was not fixed. Mathews will be given a preliminary hearing next Saturday. Both McNew and Mathews have employed counsel. L. P. Whitfield, the Burns detective, is still working on the case on important clues, and new developments are momentarily expected.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT TO MEET IN VALDOSTA

Valdosta, Ga., February 8.—(Special.) The December adjourned term of the United States district court for the southwestern division of the southern district of Georgia will convene in this city next Tuesday morning, with Judge William B. Sheppard, of Florida, presiding for Judge Speer. The grand and traverse jurors for the term were yesterday drawn by Deputy United States Clerk D. B. Small, under an order from Judge Sheppard, who could not come to Valdosta to draw the jury. Two negroes are among the jurors drawn—one on the grand jury and one on the traverse jury.

A heavy docket awaits the court, and it is probable that two weeks will be required to clear up the business. Many suits against the railroads for damages and for failure to install regulation safety appliances are to be tried. There are two or three "white slavery" cases and an important peonage case on the criminal docket.

Valdosta Moose Lodge.

Valdosta, Ga., February 8.—(Special.) The Loyal Order of Moose has recently organized a lodge in this city, with nearly two hundred members. Handsome quarters, which include reading and athletic rooms, lodge room, bowling alley, etc., are being fitted up on East Hill avenue, and will be ready for occupancy in a short while.

Farm School to Use "Movies" To Teach Georgia Farmers

Athens, Ga., February 8.—(Special.) In a few weeks one of the most popular forms of amusement and entertainment of modern times will become a regular adjunct of the State College of Agriculture's extension force of teaching—the moving picture machine, both the moving picture matakes the pictures and the other instrument which makes the pictures.

The state college has ordered a photographic outfit to take films and a modern, first-class machine to put these films on the screen. The machines will arrive in a few days, and the photographers will get busy on Lumpkin hill first, making pictures for the spring extension school work over the state. Among the first pictures to be made will be the actual injection of hog cholera serum; the judging of horses and cows will form another film; then the departments of horticulture, poultry husbandry, agronomy, farm mechanics, and other films will be made. Then the machine will be used in taking pictures from real farm life in the state, in many counties. The possibilities of this work are believed to be practically limitless. No state, so far as is known, has attempted this work yet, though the federal department of agriculture has done this work for some years. The adoption of this method in Georgia has been at the suggestion of C. A. Whittle, the librarian and editor of bulletins at the State College of Agriculture.

In a few weeks, possibly, there will be moving pictures shown by the farm extension workers in courthouses and school houses in the counties of the state where the modern amusement movie has never ventured.

ATTACK UPON ATLANTA ON BATTLE ANNIVERSARY

Congressman Howard Plans to Commemorate the Conflict of July 22.

By John Corrigan, Jr.

Washington, February 8.—(Special.) A military attack upon Atlanta will be made this summer upon the anniversary of the famous battle of Atlanta, July 22, if plans now being actively pressed by Representative William Schley Howard are agreed to by the war department.

The attack will be made by one detachment of the National Guard of the southeastern states, while another detachment will undertake the defense of the city.

These maneuvers will be incidental to the annual encampment and will afford an opportunity to work out plans for another campaign around Atlanta should an invading force ever march on the city.

Last year's encampment was at Aniston, Ala., and was the means of some valuable war lessons for the officers and men of the National Guard.

The war department has approved Mr. Howard's bill for marking with appropriate monuments the battlefields around Atlanta.

PYTHIANS PREPARING FOR GOLDEN JUBILEE

Boston, February 8.—The program of the golden jubilee celebration by the supreme lodge, Knights of Pythias, at Washington, February 19, in observance of the fiftieth anniversary of the founding of the fraternity, was announced today by George W. Penniman, of this city, secretary of the golden jubilee commission. The order was instituted in 1864, at Washington, where two of the organizers, Abram Van Der Veer and Edward S. Kimball, still live. The program includes a reception by President Wilson at the white house, an address on "Fraternity" by Secretary of State Bryan, past chancellor of the Pythian lodge at Lincoln, Neb., and speeches by many prominent Pythians.

Thomas J. Carling, Macon, Ga., the supreme chancellor, will conduct a special ritualistic service, assisted by officers of the supreme lodge. General jubilee messages will be presented by representatives from each of the fifty-five grand lodges of the order.

Secretary Penniman says the jubilee will be celebrated by every Pythian lodge in North America, one of the features of the demonstration being the burning of the blue, yellow and red lights of Pythianism on more than 20,000 altars.

STRIPES ON CONVICTS GOING, SAYS WELTNER

Conditions in Camps Worse Than Any Mutiny Could Be, He Declares.

Philip Weltner, in his lecture at the Ponce de Leon Avenue Baptist church last night, stated that there were conditions in the convict camps of Fulton county far worse than any mutiny could ever be.

"I don't know if there is going to be any mutiny," said Mr. Weltner, "and don't want any one to think that I believe there will be one among the convicts, but I will emphatically state that other conditions exist which are more dreadful than a mutiny could ever be.

"I visited one camp Sunday afternoon and found no rumors of mutiny among the convicts, but if the convict camps being investigated by the grand jury had nothing more serious to fear than a mutiny it would be a blessing."

Mr. Weltner stated that the law of the prison commission that convicts who show good behavior have their stripes removed, and allowed to wear ordinary clothes, would be enforced in convict camps hereafter. It is the law, and they must abide by it.

He stated further that a request would be made of the next legislature to pass a law doing away with indeterminate sentences of criminals.

JAPAN FEELS KINDER TO THE UNITED STATES

Washington, February 8.—Notable improvement in the relations between the United States and Japan is believed to have resulted from events in the house of representatives last week, connected with the passage of the Burnett immigration bill. Reports from Tokio are that a profound impression was caused in the Japanese capital by the refusal of the house to include in the bill the proposed prohibition against the entry of Japanese into the United States, and by the non-partisan appeal of Representative Mann.

Japanese statesmen are declared to have been much pleased by the house's reception of the appeal for fair treatment of aliens.

Officials here are encouraged in the hope that proceedings in the house have gone far to insure an early and satisfactory adjustment of all issues between the two governments. So far as known, the only actual step that has been taken is the proposition that a new treaty shall be made declaring the right of Japanese to hold land in America on even terms with other foreigners.

CANAL TOLLS PLANK APPROVED BY BRYAN

Senator Walsh Says Exemption Clause Was Not Slipped In at Baltimore.

By John Corrigan, Jr.

Washington, February 8.—(Special.) That Mr. Bryan knew all about the inclusion of the free tolls plank of the Baltimore platform, which President Wilson proposes to disregard, and which has been attacked as violating the traditional democratic doctrine of opposition to ship subsidies, was made clear here today by Senator Walsh, of Montana.

Senator Walsh was secretary of the resolutions committee. He was also a member of the subcommittee of four which drafted the plank. The other members were Mr. Bryan, Senator Pomerent, of Ohio, and Senator O'Gorman, of New York.

Bryan Favored Plank.

Mr. Bryan not only approved the plank, offered by Senator O'Gorman, but suggested the amendment barring railroads from owning ships which might compete if otherwise owned. This plank, said Mr. Walsh, was adopted with as little debate as that declaring for tariff reductions.

The suggestion that the resolution was slipped in surreptitiously as a "joker," while all the members of the committee were looking the other way, is now being differently construed in the light of Senator Walsh's statement.

Democrats in both houses are plainly hedging in regard to canal tolls, and preparing to fall in line with President Wilson, who favors repealing the exemption from tolls of American coastwise ships in order to appease Great Britain. Another significant fact is that the treaty with Great Britain is being played down, and the democratic doctrine against ship subsidies is being emphasized in this talk.

Senator Walsh said he could not believe that Mr. Bryan had said to anybody the canal tolls provision was slipped into the platform.

Adamson for Repeal.

Representative Adamson said today that he could not see how any democrat could hesitate to vote for the repeal of the exemption provision.

"It violates the spirit of the very section in which it is included," said Mr. Adamson. "The first paragraph in that section favors building up a merchant marine, 'but without imposing additional burdens upon the people and without bounties or subsidies from the public treasury.'

"The point I have been trying to make is that the convention had no power to bind democrats to such an undemocratic doctrine as this subsidy provision. It was, legally speaking, ultra vires and obiter dictum for the convention to take any such action. If it was not a 'joker,' it was an infamy, and a slander on the democratic party, and in contravention and contradiction of the settled principles and practices of the party for many years."

INDIFFERENCE OF MAN INJURING THE CHURCH

Greenville, S. C., February 8.—The church of the world has its greatest enemy in the indifference of man, the most successful foe of Christianity, Secretary of the Navy Daniels declared here today in an address at an interstate Y. M. C. A. convention of the Carolinas.

The secretary commended John R. Mott, who declined the post of minister to China because he felt he could serve God and his fellow men better as a leader in the Y. M. C. A.

"In the strenuous life of the present day," Mr. Daniels said, "men's time is absorbed by things which seem big and of vast importance, because they are so near at hand and because they concern providing the necessaries of life, or success in chosen careers in competition with men who are impelled by similar motives. These things loom up big because they are in the foreground of our lives, and they obstruct the vision of things of greater importance, but which seem to lie in the distance. It is the old story of the cares of this life and the deceitfulness of riches choking the higher and better things, such as our personal accountability to God for every deed and act; such as our duty to perform the thing of a day in its day; such as the immortality of the soul, the giving of the correct answer to Job's great question, 'If a man die shall he live shall he lifi8tujheibl9 etaoin shrdlun again?'"

Urging that the church must wage war against the prevailing indifference, the secretary said:

"It must, of course, extend its helpful privileges to all classes, but it is particularly important for the future of our country for it to reach the young men, and it must, therefore, make use of every possible agency for this purpose, and among the most important of these are those agencies in the Protestant and Catholic churches which aim to enlist the young man under the banner of the cross."

The secretary referred to the work of the Y. M. C. A., speaking of what it had done among the soldiers, the sailors, the railroad men and the industrial workers in mills and factories.

BROOKLET LIGHT PLANT NEARING COMPLETION

Brooklet, Ga., February 8.—(Special.) That the newly elected mayor and council of this rapidly growing place intend carrying out the intent of the ticket upon which they were elected—"the progressive ticket, for a greater Brooklet"—is evident, judging from the permanent improvements now on foot. Tapped by two railroads, Brooklet is growing fast. Buildings are now going up in every direction, and plans are on foot to erect a number of storehouses. Her streets are being clayed, and within a few weeks her stores and residences will be lighted with electricity, this plant now nearing completion. There is also a strong sentiment for a newspaper in the town, though this has not been settled upon yet.

TURPENTINE QUIET WHILE ROSIN WAS FIRM

Savannah, Ga., February 8.—Turpentine for the past week was quiet, closing yesterday at 48½ as against 48 a week ago. Sales for the week, 108. Receipts for the week 712, against 1,712 a year ago. Shipments for the week, 5,967, against 1,792 a year apo. Stocks are 18,603, against 21,796 a year ago. Stocks decreased 5,250 dusing the week.

Rosin was firm for the week. Increases of 5 to 10 were shown on all grades. Sales for the week 9,671. Receipts for the week, 10,620, against 7,557 a year ago.

Shipments for the week 23,988, against 4,030 a year ago. Stocks are 149,087, against 128,086 a year ago. Stocks decreased 13,368 during the week.

ZAMOR IS ELECTED PRESIDENT OF HAITI

Port Au Prince, February 8.—Congress today elected Orestes Zamor president of Haiti. There were no disorders attending the arrival of the revolutionary troops from Gonaives.

Zamor formerly was governor of the northern department and in 1911 was war minister. He headed the revolt in the city of Gonaives in January, and his forces a few days later won a victory over the revolutionists, under Senator Davilmar Theodore, who had proclaimed himself commander-in-chief of the rebels.

Theodore returned to Cape Haitien, where he has set up a provisional government.

It was announced that detachments of troops from foreign warships now would return to their vessels.

REPORT ON JOHN BURKE IN HANDS OF GOETHALS

Panama, February 8.—The report of the investigation into alleged irregularities in the commissary department, of which John Burke is manager, is in the hands of Colonel George W. Goethals, chairman of the Panama canal commission, who tomorrow will decide what action, if any, is to be taken.

Allegations have been made that Mr. Burke has accepted illegal commissions from contractors for supplies and his European dealings have been the subject of a special investigation. It is understood the case has been left in the hands of Colonel Goethals, to deal with in an adminstrative capacity.

Something new—Simply delicious—Our new "Orange Label" Blend—30c. a half pound

Ridgways Tea

BUSINESS IS FINE

121 Per Cent Increase in Sales January 1914 Over January 1913

Service, Quality, Honest Dealings and Right Prices are Responsible for This Increase

"The Service Paint Store"

DOZIER & GAY PAINT COMPANY

LADIES, TAKE NOTICE!

THE

Calumet Baking Powder Co.'s

FREE Baking School

WILL OPEN IN

CABLE HALL, 82 North Broad Street

Wednesday, February 11th, at 2:30 P. M.

AND EVERY LADY of Atlanta is very cordially invited to attend.

MRS. W. W. STOUT

The noted Domestic Science Teacher, will have charge and will prepare and serve daily Cakes, Biscuit, Bread, and dainties of various kinds, made with the celebrated Calumet Baking Powder.

These Lectures are FREE and will start promptly at 2:30 P. M.

Mrs. Stout will also explain to you the rules governing the great Calumet Cake Baking Contest to be held later.

WEDNESDAY'S PROGRAM
Will Be:

Burnt Sugar Cake *Lemon Cream Cake*
Rice Muffins
Pineapple Sponge (A Dainty Dessert)

Calumet Baking Powder Co.

CHICAGO, ILL.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

ATLANTA NEW YORK PARIS

"B-r-r-r" Whistles the Wind
"Blankets" Says the Housekeeper

A Clearaway Sale Today

Usually the clearaway of blankets comes after the winter's worst is passed, when its economies appeal to those only who would plan for another winter.

That its economies have always been great enough, its appeal strong enough to effect our purpose is significant—but that is another matter.

This year it comes in the midst of the most biting weather of the season.

Its appeal is more than doubly strong.

Present necessity coupled with future needs make it a timely and opportune occasion.

And bear in mind, please, that Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co. blankets at regular prices are fullest values that we can find—any reduction is indeed a saving.

$2.75 from $3.50—all cotton blankets. 11-4 size, white.

$3.50 from $4.50—10-4 checked blankets, seven-eighths wool; 10-4 white blankets, three-quarters wool.

$4.50 from $6.00—all wool, checked blankets, 11-4 size.

$5.00 from $6.50—seven-eighths wool, large and small checks and white, colored borders; all wool, 11-4 size; three-quarters wool, white, 12-4 size.

$6.50 from $7.50—seven-eighths wool, white, 11-4 size; 12-4 size, three-quarters wool. Also at this price are 11-4 all wool porch blankets, dark colors. They were $7.50.

$6.75 from $8.50—all wool, red with black border, 11-4 size.

$7.50 from $10.00—all wool blankets in gray, 11-4 size.

$7.50 from $8.50—seven-eighths wool and all wool in white, in 11-4 size and in 12-4 size.

$8.50 from $10.00—all wool, in large checks, light and dark colors. 11-4 size.

$12.50 from $15—seven-eighths wool, white, colored borders. 12-4 size.

The richly colored and patterned Indian blankets and rugs are reduced from $6.50 to **$4.95**, from $7.50 to **$5.95**, from $10.00 to **$8.50**, from $12.50 to **$9.50**, from $15.00 to **$12.50**.

A number of white blankets, pink and blue borders, seven-eighths wool, have their outer fold soiled a bit from display and handling. These have been grouped at these reductions:

$7.50 Blankets $6.00; $8.50 Blankets $6.50; $15.00 Blankets $10.00; $16.50 Blankets $12.50

Those luxurious down filled comforts with exquisite covers of silk and satin brocades, 6 x 7 feet size, that were $45.00, are now $29.00. Choose from pink, blue and rose.

A few Marseilles, satin and crochet bedspreads that have become soiled a bit are reduced one-fourth. Plain hems and scalloped. 10-, 11-, 12- and 13-4 sizes.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

THE CONSTITUTION

Established 1868.
THE STANDARD SOUTHERN NEWSPAPER

Published Daily, Sunday, Tri-Weekly

CLARK HOWELL,
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AN AMAZING PARADOX!

The Constitution publishes elsewhere today, from its Washington correspondent, an analysis of the bill looking toward federal aid to state road-building construction. The measure, which carries the name of Representative Shackleford, of Missouri, appropriates roughly $25,000,000 a year to be expended by the various states in the construction and improvement of highways. The principle of federal aid to road-building is sound, and is one which The Constitution has often and insistently advocated.

So far as the state of Georgia is concerned, it will be seen that the benefits to be received by this state are left open to doubt. According to our correspondent, two propositions will be offered each state. The first is for federal aid on the basis of roads already constructed or in course of construction, with an accounting being made in March of each year. The other contemplates the federal government cooperating with the state in the construction and maintenance of post roads. The right of supervisorship this latter method vests in the federal government makes it a less attractive plan.

Under either proposition the state receiving help from the government must make a definite contribution to road work. President Roosevelt issued an order prohibiting any state from including convict labor on roads as its pro rata contribution to an agreement with the federal government. That order still stands. The author of the Shackleford bill is himself uncertain as to whether it would not bar Georgia from participation. And Georgia makes no other, at least no cash, contribution to roadway construction.

We warn the Georgia congressional delegation that if the bill finally is enacted in such ambiguity Georgia may either fail altogether of participation in the federal fund or be given a direct incentive to return to the private lease system. The contradiction of the thing is that, actually and in morals, Georgia's act in placing convicts upon the public roads is probably a greater cash equivalent contribution to highway construction than that of any other state in the union, New York excepted. To say the government will accept a small sum in actual cash and not an infinitely greater sum in its tangible equivalent; or to say that the government will not accept the labor of convicts humanely administered by the state, but will accept the cash proceeds of their labor administered under dubious private auspices—is to perpetrate an amazing and an untenable paradox.

The United States cannot afford to fix a precedent of this manifestly barbarous and quibbling description. The state's congressional delegation can perform no more substantial service than in basing their legislative influence upon this premise.

THE LATE PROF. C. E. AIKEN.

Several days ago The Constitution, in publishing a report from Madison, Ga., concerning the death of the late Professor Crawford E. Aiken, made an error which it very cheerfully corrects.

It seems that several weeks prior to the death of Professor Aiken he had administered a flogging to a "peeping Tom" who was caught in the act while Professor Aiken happened to be in the home in which the affair took place. Later on in reporting the death of Professor Aiken the fact that he administered this flogging became in some way confused, and our published report left the inference that Professor Aiken himself was the person who was punished for the offense.

To anyone knowing of the high esteem in which Professor Aiken was held by the community a correction of this apparent error would not be necessary. The Constitution, however, is unwilling to be put in the attitude of even unintentionally doing an injustice to the memory of a good man, and for this reason it makes clear to those who were not acquainted with him, and who might have been misled by the article as published, that he was in nowise involved in any such affair except in the creditable manner indicated.

Professor Aiken was an able, honorable and upright man, and rendered valuable service to the cause of education in the state. His death was not only untimely, but a serious loss to the educational forces of Georgia.

GEORGIA A TRAIL BLAZER.

Governor Henry S. Stuart, nominated and elected governor of Virginia without opposition, in his inaugural address urges upon the legislature of that state virtually the same remedy for an unjust and debilitated fiscal system as Georgia's tax equalization act. Georgia trail blazes for Virginia, as she has already for Mississippi, Texas and other states faced with perennial current account deficits and apparent official poverty in the face of actual state plenty. The main burden of the governor's address is tax equalization. He says that it is—

> "Clear that the initial step in tax reform is to put under actual contribution every kind and description of property not exempt by law, and thus so broaden the base of taxation as that the common burden may rest lightly on all."

This identical need called into being Georgia's tax equalization act; and the principle set forth by Governor Stuart distinguishes its application.

"Equalization is a fundamental necessity," continues the governor, and further, "I would suggest tentatively local boards of equalization for counties and cities, to insure uniformity of assessments in every such county or city for state and local taxation, and a state board of equalization, composed of a representative of each grand division of the state, and charged with the supervision of all assessments made by the local boards, and given authority to equalize assessment values so as to prevent any inequality from which otherwise any section, county or city might suffer." And further still, "a plan of equalization conceived and executed as I have indicated would, in my opinion, reduce to a minimum and distribute as evenly as possible the necessary burdens on all taxpayers."

These extracts read like veritable transcripts from the arguments for and the provisions of the law for tax equalization in Georgia.

Georgia has pioneered in another tremendous field, that involved in making equitable the relations between public utilities and the people. Georgia was among the very first of American commonwealths to create a state railroad commission with teeth. That body was active long before La Follette became busy in Wisconsin, or Roosevelt cut loose in the nation. It is probable that nine-tenths of the railroad commissions of this country, including the interstate commerce commission itself, are generally framed upon the principles that still underlie the Georgia act.

Surely, two epochal counts in which to lead the nation.

MR. GLASS OF ALABAMA.

Frank P. Glass, of Birmingham, missed being seated as ad interim senator from Alabama by one vote, the adverse ballot being based upon a sheer constitutional technicality. Governor O'Neal appointed Mr. Glass to fill the vacancy created by the death of Senator Johnston. Interpreters of the constitution inside and outside of congress raised a doubt as to the constitutionality of Mr. Glass' right to hold a seat.

They based their case upon the ground that the legislature of Alabama had not, at the time of Mr. Glass' appointment, enacted legislation enabling the governor to make ad interim appointments under the seventeenth amendment, which provided direct elections by the people. Dissenters from this theory held that the amendment was not in force at the time of the appointment, and that Governor O'Neal had the right to make the appointment under the old law.

The senate committee on privileges and elections, however, invalidated the appointment, challenging the right of the governor under the circumstances. It was upon the report of the committee that the battle raged in the senate. At first it appeared that the committee would be overwhelmingly sustained and the rejection of Mr. Glass' claim made almost unanimous. But as time went on the personal and intellectual appeal of Mr. Glass made him friends right and left. When a vote was reached he failed of his seat by only one vote, and only then because the senate hesitated to establish an uncertain constitutional precedent.

Other states, Georgia included, have duly authorized their governors to make ad interim appointments under the constitutional amendment, so that in case of a vacancy here there would be no question raised as to the legality of an ad interim appointment.

In Alabama some time must elapse before the general election at which the people shall, under the amendment, choose a successor to Senator Johnston. There should be some way to honor Mr. Glass with the ad interim appointment, and, at the same time, comply with constitutional requirements. The good impression he made on the United States senate show its members instinctively recognize him as the kind of timber that body needs. As a journalist and publicist he has done notable service for his state, and deserves distinction at its hands. All Alabama can afford to bury partisanship and work out a plan whereby he will be given the ad interim appointment.

Such an arrangement would not interfere with plans for a permanent succession, and it would give the state a public servant in every sense qualified to meet the rounded ideals of statesmanship.

Just from Georgia

By FRANK L. STANTON

The World's Welcome.

I.

What's de word de World's a-sayin'—
Fixin' up each winter-place?
"Bless my soul! Miss Spring a-comin'—
See once mo' my sweetheart's face!"
Worl' been missin' her de longest,
But at las' she comin' in,
An' she'll tell her house of blossoms:
"Ain't you glad I'm home ag'in?"

II.

Fare-you-well ter ole man Winter,
You fergits de way he done
W'en he tol' de daybreak-blizzard:
"Blow dat light out in de sun!"
All de world 'll be a-smilin'—
Dress so fine dat folks 'll say:
"Sence Miss Spring is his own sweetheart
Reckon it's de weddin' day!"

* * * * *

Victim of a Seed Shower.

"We don't know why it is that congressmen should persist in deluging us with seeds," says The Adams Enterprise. "We entered a protest some time ago, but it has had no effect whatever, so we have to explain again that we are not a farmer, and haven't even a garden; and still the seed come! Our farmer-friends say they're overstocked, and anyway they haven't the time to wait for 'em to come up—they are slower than congress itself when it gets a chance to loaf on the job. We'd start a seed store, but for fear the government might get us for selling its free gifts. The moonshine distillery men say they'll take all the seed corn the government sends, and then we can get to drink the health of congress and the administration!"

* * * * *

DISTRACTING NOISES

* * * * *

Musket Ridge Philosophy.

The Sage of Musket Ridge has these little sermons in The Dalton Citizen:

"No man should allow himself to be counted a dead one until his funeral arrangements have to be attended to, though many and many a man does.

"My experience is that most men are good conversationalists so long as you appear to enjoy hearing them talk about themselves.

"I lift my Stetson to the plain, sensible folk that wear sensible, comfortable clothes, and have a smile for everybody. They are the ones that really count.

"The loafing husband who sits around the stores and argues religion and then goes home and kicks up a rumpus with his wife in the evening, is a hell of a poor excuse for a life companion for the patient woman."

* * * * *

A Weather Sermon.

I.

If you're not the weather prophet—
Paid to run it—seems to me
You've no cause at all to worry
When it tumbles a degree.
If it's rainin', no complainin'
Ever made it stop to say:
"Sorry that you didn't tell us
You preferred a sunny day!"

II.

Peace or thunder, I don't worry;
All my sentiments are plain:
Livin' on this earth's like heaven
Even when it's dashed with rain;
And if I should drop to zero
I'd not leave the life-brigade;
Purty soon they'd see me risin'
To a hundred in the shade!

* * * * *

Plain as Preaching.

The editor of The Mankato Advocate, who is Henry Honey, gets off this "peach" of a one:

"Should the driver of an automobile shut off the power when starting up a hill, you would say: 'He is a mighty poor driver.' Yet, that is exactly what the merchant does who stops advertising as soon as the holiday season ends or every time trade gets dull."

* * * * *

Day Off With a Dream.

I.

South Wind is singing
Over hill and stream:
"Take the shiny pathway—
A day off with a dream!

II.

"Leave the toil and listen
To sounds that sweeter seem
Where the rivers glisten—
A day off with a dream!"

III.

But Toil still makes answer:
"When dreams afar have fled
I give the grace for living—
Thanks for Life's daily bread!"

* * * * *

The Important Question.

This darky story from The Kansas City Star:

"I done intends ter make a astronomer out er my son," said one colored man.

"You done tol' me dat befo'," replied the other. "But what's he gwine ter do in de daytime?"

* * * * *

While There's Light.

Heed de lesson, people,
While de time is Day:
You can't win de life-prize
By dancin' life away.
W'en Satan is de fiddler
He boun' ter git his pay.

* * * * *

"Hit Him Anyhow."

"The office sought me," says a candidate, "and now I'm blamed for being at home when it knocked!"

The Great Trials of Historu

TRIAL OF CATO STREET CONSPIRATORS.

All England was in a ferment of excitement in 1820 on account of the discovery of a plot to overthrow the king, to murder every member of the cabinet, to seize the public buildings in London, and to proclaim a new government. This is known in history as the Cato Street Conspiracy for the reason that the conspirators met in a loft on Cato street, London, and planned the outrage. The plan had been suggested three years previous, but the conspirators lacked a leader until they at length found Arthur Thistlewood.

Thistlewood was an ex-officer in the British army. He had married two rich widows, squandered their fortunes, and in his travels in France and America conceived the idea of forcing a republican form of government upon England. He set about this by inciting riots and by other militant methods until finally the bigger conspiracy presented itself.

The conspirators knew that the cabinet ministers sometimes met at informal dinners at each others' houses. Thistlewood arranged to be notified of the next dinner, and with a picked gang of thugs he planned to burst upon the diners and put them all to death. They were then to seize the Bank of England, the Mansion House and the Tower of London. After they had accomplished all this they planned to proclaim a "provisional government" for the country.

Edwards, one of Thistlewood's lieutenants, was chosen to find out the time of the meeting of the cabinet, and he reported that they would gather at Lord Harrowby's house on the evening of February 22, 1820. So this date was set for the wholesale slaughter.

It was arranged that all the conspirators would meet early in the evening of this date, well armed, but two, who were to watch the mansion and report when the party were all assembled. When the watchers were satisfied that all the cabinet were present they set off to Cato street to give the signal. Before they reached the loft, however, a cordon of police had surrounded the house. As they swooped down upon the criminals they fought like cornered rats, and Thistlewood and several companions succeeded in escaping.

A big reward was offered for their capture, and the ringleader was caught the following day. The way the plot was discovered was through Edwards, who was government spy and had kept the government posted on every more of the plotters. And yet, as it eventually turned out, he was probably one of the worst of the criminal lot, and upon his escape, when things became too warm for him, a reward was offered for his capture, but this was never brought about.

On the 8th of March a special commission was issued to the lord chief justices of England for the trial of the Cato Street conspirators, against whom true bills for high treason were found on the 27th, and the trials commenced with that of Thistlewood on the 17th of April. Eleven prisoners were included in the indictment.

At the trial the history and details of the plot were minutely detailed by Adams, an accomplice. Four more witnesses were called, who gave the warning to Lord Harrowgate, the two Monuments and Dwyer, an Irish bricklayer.

The defense attempted by the prisoners' counsel was necessarily of a desperate character. They admitted the intention to assassinate ministers, but urged that the whole evidence of high treason rested on the statements of the accomplices.

When called up for judgment, Thistlewood declared that "he was murdered, according to the etiquette of the court" because not allowed after the close of his consel's speech to call witnesses to prove what a villain Dwyer was, and that Adams and Hiden were swindlers. At last Thistlewood became so violent in his address as to require the interference of the court.

Ings, another of the conspirators, threw the whole blame on Edwards and denounced him as the real instigator. Though the usual sentence for high treason, with all its disgusting details, was passed on all the prisoners, the lives of those who had pleaded guilty were spared and they were transported for life, and only Thistlewood, Ings, Brunt, Davidson and Tidd were executed. When Thistlewood, on the scaffold, was asked if he repented, he smiled and said: "Not at all. I shall soon know the last grand secret."

England was greatly excited over this Cato Street Conspiracy, and it became the conviction of a vast number that the whole kingdom was undermined by such plots and that only the most strenuous exertions could protect the realm from an outbreak of horrors—and a season of absolute panic set in.

DROPPING STITCHES.

By GEORGE MATTHEW ADAMS

"A stitch in time saves nine," is a fine saying, but a greater thing than saving "nine" while you are stitching right along is not to miss any stitches at all. For a stitch dropped, here and there, may lose you a thousand—and Success itself, at the last.

Drop no stitches at all.

Every time you lose a minute of Time, you drop a stitch in the String of your Days, that you can never go back to and pick up. Every time you slight your work, you are Dropping Stitches that later are sure to unravel and let out from your grasp the most vital things in life for you.

Drop no stitches at all.

What about that fellow over there, working as though he was paid a hundred dollars a minute, instead of his few dollars a week? Oh, nothing—excepting that he is Dropping No Stitches—which, being interpreted, means that he may some day own the Business into which he now puts his whole Heart.

Drop no stitches at all.

Work as though the eyes of every person in the world watched. Work as though your present effort meant your final Success. Work as though you KNEW that no other man or woman in all the world could do what you do—as well as you CAN do.

Games.

(Filson Young.)

Games are not meant for idle people who have nothing to do but study them; their true use is as a relaxation for the man who is doing some serious work in the world, and is doing it hard enough to make games the occupation of a holiday and not of his best strength and time.

WILL FEDERAL ROAD MEASURE AFFECT GEORGIA ADVERSELY ON ACCOUNT CONVICT WORK?

By John Corrigan, Jr.

Washington, January 3.—(Special.)—Within the next few days the house of representatives will take up and pass a bill carrying $25,000,000 for improving the public highways.

On the idea that a post road is as truly a postal facility as a postoffice, the committee on roads of the house has favored a measure paying to each state an annual rental for the use of its public roads.

For many years the advocates of federal aid in highway improvement have sought to work out a practical scheme for government co-operation and one which would be fair to all sections of the country. The main point considered was that if it wasn't a measure to appeal to the country generally the votes could not be found to pass it.

The good roads advocates finally compromised on the so-called Shackleford bill embracing the idea of road rentals first advocated by Representative D. W. Shackleford, of Missouri.

Under this bill, one-half of the total appropriation of $25,000,000 is to be distributed among the states according to population, and one-half according to the mileage of improved roads.

For the purpose of administration, public roads are to be divided into classes A, B and C, and the annual rental is to be $60, $36 and $15, respectively.

The grade of the road as well as the material of which constructed shall be considered in determining its character and the rental to be paid.

Class A roads shall be composed of macadam or other material of equal utility. They shall be well drained and contain no incline steeper than is reasonably necessary in view of the natural topography of the locality.

Class B roads shall include those made of shells, gravel or a sand-clay combination, or other material of equal utility but less expensive than macadam. The same restriction applies as to drainage and grades.

Class C roads shall be improved dirt roads kept in condition by dragging or other means so that they will be "reasonably passable" for vehicles.

The governor of each state is required to file a statement with the secretary of agriculture on the first of March in each year, giving the number of miles of road of each class in the state. If the state has a highway commissioner, he shall also make a similar report. The amount received by each state from Uncle Sam is to be expended on roads during the following year.

As an alternative proposition the secretary of agriculture is authorized to co-operate with state officers in the construction and maintenance of post roads. It is provided that the government in this event shall not pay more than one-half the total cost. The location of the roads, and their character and the material of which they are to be constructed, shall be agreed upon by the representatives of the state and national governments under this scheme.

Best for Georgia.

Representative Shackleford, whose name the good roads bill bears, in explaining the measure to The Constitution's representative, said: "Georgia would probably find it more profitable to operate under the first proposal and receive the annual rental to which it is proportionately entitled and expend the same under the direction of its local officers rather than have the federal authorities take a hand in determining the location of a new road and the material and cost of construction.

"If the state decides to accept its proportionate part of the $25,000,000 appropriation as rental, it shall in the ensuing years spend that and an equal amount from its own treasury in extending its highways."

Convict Labor.

"Will convict labor be counted as part of the state's contribution?" he was asked.

"I should think so." Other members of the house do not agree with Mr. Shackleford about this feature, however. They hold that unless President Wilson rescinds the executive order of Mr. Roosevelt directed against convict labor, the state would have to make a cash contribution. It is entirely a matter of executive action.

There is pronounced opposition in both senate and house to the requirement that the state shall pledge itself to expend an equal amount to that it receives from the government. These congressmen would have the state extend the use of improved roads to the government and receive an annual amount toward their upkeep and extension.

Under the provisions of the bill Georgia, with 2.58 of the total population of the country, would receive $356,250 in the distribution according to population, and $415,000 in the division according to mileage of public roads, a total of $771,250.

The Committee Report.

"Whatever doubts may have at one time existed," says the report on the Shackleford bill, "it is now generally conceded that the federal government has constitutional power to construct and maintain, first, post roads; second, military roads; and, third, roads used in the transportation of interstate commerce. On the general principle that the greater contains the lesser, it follows that the general government may aid the states and local authorities in the construction and maintenance of such roads.

"To what extent it is expedient that these constitutional powers should be exercised presents a question of more difficulty.

"Since the road subject is still in the experimental stage, this committee has deemed it wise to limit this measure to post roads.

"Roads are local concerns, and primarily it is the duty of the states to provide them for their people.

"To carry and deliver the mail is a function of the federal government, and it is the duty of the federal government to provide itself with the facilities necessary to a proper performance of this function, such as postmasters, postoffices and post roads. A post road is just as truly a postal facility as is a postoffice. As in most rural communities it has been found less expensive and more expedient to rent postoffices than to build them, so it would be less expensive and more expedient to use the roads of the states and local authorities as post roads than it would to construct and maintain an independent system. In such case it would seem but just that the general government should make some contribution to the construction and maintenance of the roads which it thus uses.

"In times past when the volume and weight of postal matter were negligible the interest of the general government in the condition of the roads was not substantial, but with the advent of rural free delivery came a federal necessity for better roads, and with the now rapidly expanding parcel post that necessity has become acute.

"Primarily roads are local concerns and jurisdiction over them belongs to the states and local authorities in which they are located. This jurisdiction should never be disturbed by the federal government.

"While the states and local authorities ought not to be ousted from their jurisdiction over the roads within their borders, yet federal money appropriated for roads must be rigidly safeguarded. It must be seen to that every dollar of this money expended secures a dollar's worth of road construction or road maintenance. In the opinion of this committee there are two plans by which this may be accomplished. The first is federal supervision of its expenditure as provided in section 3 of the bill reported. The second is by providing standards of road construction and maintenance and strictly withholding federal contribution from all roads whose construction and maintenance has not brought them strictly within such specified standards."

The importance of minimum grades on public roads is now being emphasized by the department of agriculture.

"Steep grades serve to decrease both the speed and the load," according to the office of public roads. "On the principle that a chain is no stronger than its weakest link, the maximum load that a team can draw is the load that it can draw up the steepest hill or through the deepest mud hole on that road.

"Wherever possible roads should be located on straight lines between terminal points. In hilly or mountainous country, however, the attempts to keep roads straight between terminals often lead to the serious error of heavy grades. Straightness and grade must, therefore, be handled together. The best location is one which is straight in general direction, is free from steep grades, is located on solid ground and serves the largest possible number of people. Roads should be located for the benefit of the public as well as the private land owner.

"The elimination of one or two steep hills on a line of road will frequently enable horses to draw three or four times as much as they could draw on the old road. It takes approximately four times as much power to draw loads up 10 per cent grades—10 feet vertical in 100 feet horizontal—as on a level. On a 4 per cent or 5 per cent grade, however, a horse can usually draw, for a short time, as much as he can draw on a level. A 4 per cent grade is, therefore, considered the maximum on roads subject to heavy hauling.

"Many steep grades may be avoided by locating the road around, instead of over, the hill—the handle of the bucket is no longer when held in a horizontal position than in a vertical. By going around, we avoid two steep hills."

A Story of the Moment

By WALT MASON,
The Famous Prose Poet.

EXPERT ADVICE.

"The furnace was filling the house with smoke this morning," said Mrs. Jamesworthy, "so I sent for a man to come and see what was the matter with it. He said—"

"You don't need to tell me what he said," remarked Jamesworthy. "I am no mind reader or clairvoyant, but I know what the man said just as well as though I had been standing here with a checkbook in one hand and a fountain pen in the other. He said that our furnace has outlived its usefulness, and the best thing we can do is to sell it to the junk dealer and put in a vacuum heating system that will cost $1,800, and I can see by the gleam of fanaticism in your eye that you indorse his remarks and are just suffering to spring the plan on me.

"But it won't work, Mrs. Jamesworthy. The line must be drawn somewhere, and I draw it here and now. I won't stand supinely by and see a new expensive heating plant in this house. Our furnace is perfectly good and satisfactory and will do us for years. In youth it sheltered me, and I'll protect it now, Mrs. Jamesworthy.

"And I protest against this habit of yours of sending for a man every time anything goes wrong about this shebang. In the halcyon days when I was young that was the sensible thing to do. If the furnace got out of whack and wouldn't keep the correct time, the housewife would call up the hardware emporium and ask for a workman who understood furnaces. The workman came in response to her frantic appeal, found out what was the matter, and fixed it. But workmen don't do that sort of thing any more. They don't believe in repairing anything. They are all salesmen, and they make it their business to convince you that everything you own should go to the junk yard to make room for new goods.

"For years we had a trusty old wooden pump in the cistern. I never saw a more respectable or conscientous pump. Year after year it bore the heat and burden of the day, always ready for duty; but at last something went wrong with its diaphragm, and you called up the pump dealer, and he sent one of his professors out here, ostensibly to repair the old pump, but really to sell a new one. He glanced contemptuously at that grand old pump and said it was a relic of the dark ages, and no man with any sense would consent to break his back and dislocate his ribs working the handle of such a contrivance.

"Instead of half soling the pump, Mrs. Jamesworthy, he stood there with an illustrated catalogue in his hand, explaining that his modern rotary pump was the grandest and noblest product of human ingenuity. With such a pump all you needed to do when you wanted water was to turn the handle a few times and imagine you were cranking your ten thousand dollar touring car, and the water would gush from the spout in a sparkling stream.

"You gave me no rest, Mrs. Jamesworthy, until I had drawn my meager savings from the building and loan and had bought the patent rotary pump. I gave the old wooden pump to our washerwoman, and she has it in her cistern to this day, and it is a comfort and solace to her. It works like a watch and never gives any trouble. But this rotary pump of ours has put me out of commission three times. The handle had a habit of flying back when a man isn't looking for it; once it caught me in the bosom and knocked my wishbone out of joint; again it hit me in the neck and I had to wear my head on one side for three weeks; and a third time it knocked out four of my teeth. I have been trying to trade it to the washerwoman for the old wooden one, and have offered her a pig and a wheelbarrow to boot, but she laughs me to scorn. That's the way it goes every time we invest in something new and revolutionary, and you can count me out when it comes to getting a new heating plant."

Frederick and Voltaire.

George Brandes has, in London Everyman, a sketch portraying the friendship between Frederick the Great of Prussia and Voltaire, considered by many the greatest man of his century. When, in August, 1736, Voltaire received his first letter from Frederick, crown prince of Prussia, he was in his forty-second year. Frederick was twenty-four. When only twenty-two Voltaire had been sent to the bastile and kept a prisoner there for a year on suspicion of being the author of some satirical verses on the memory of Louis XIV, which he had not written. When the misunderstanding was cleared up the regent invited him to dinner. At the table Voltaire said: "I thank your royal highness for seeing to my board. As to my lodging, I should prefer to look after it myself for the future." When, on May 31, 1740, Frederick became king, he became the genuine pupil of Voltaire. The first acts of his reign were the abolition of torture and of the harsh game laws, the disbanding of the gigantic grenadiers at Potsdam enlisted by his father at such exhorbitant cost, and the recall of the expelled thinker Wolff, as professor at Halle. At first Voltaire appears far superior to the young Frederick, but soon there comes a conflict of ideas in which Frederick shows himself the more unprejudiced and logical thinker, as in the discussion of Wolff's philosophy on the question of determination or free will.

TWO YEARS AS PASTOR OF FIRST PRESBYTERIAN

Dr. Hugh K. Walker Recounts to Congregation Work of Pastorate.

Sunday marked the second anniversary of Dr. Hugh K. Walker's ministry in the First Presbtyerian church. At the morning service special mention was made of the fact. During the two years the congregation has made steady progress along a number of lines, in spite of the fact that the situation has been somewhat complicated by the intention of the church to move as soon as practicable from its present location to a new site purchased at the corner of Sixteenth and Peachtree streets.

The congregation has received a number of valuable additions to its membership. The past week has witnessed the reception of four mature and thoughtful men on profession of their faith, and the interest in religion seems to be growing, especially among men.

The First church has organized, within the past year, one of the strongest and most efficient Young People's societies of Christian Endeavor in the country, this being the testimony of the pastor, who has been connected with the national organization as one of its trustees for nearly twenty years. The work of the women's societies is in a flourishing condition, and all departments are moving along steadily.

These and other facts were stated by Dr. Walker in connection with the anniversary and warm appreciation of the loyalty of his people was expressed. The children were present in large numbers, and listened quietly to a seven-minute sermon on "The Rounds of a Golden Ladder."

The regular sermon of the series on "Twentieth Century Religion" was delivered. The subject was, "Four Different Varieties of Religion." Doctrinalism, ritualism, altruism and mysticism were treated as fragmentary and imperfect ideals of religion, but all of them possessing valuable qualities and capable of being blended into a symmetrical whole.

The outlook for a revival of the spiritual life of the world was declared to be most encouraging, and the views of to leaders of thought in all lines were quoted in support of this optimistic opinion, in spite of ex-President Eliot's statement as to the decay of old-time religion.

At night Dr. Walker preached a sermon to business men and women on "The Best Business Directory in the World."

HUNGER OF HUMANITY SUBJECT OF DR. RIDLEY

Rev. C. A. Ridley, of Central Baptist church, spoke Sunday morning on "The Hunger of Humanity," and used as his text: "I am the bread of life." Among other things the preacher quoted Acts 17:26, which reads: "And hath made of one blood all nations of men," and in commenting upon it said:

"The King James translation is misleading here. Paul did not use the word blood at all. By blood we are not all one. In blood I am not related to the African or Chinaman or Japanese. What Paul did say was that by one (Christ) we are all one. In Him I am brother to all men, otherwise I am not."

At the evening hour Dr. Ridley spoke on "The Rich Young Ruler" to a packed house. Five hundred and fifty dollars was given as a starter to the fund being raised for the Baptist sanitarium.

Dr. Ridley will be in the city all week and will speak at the mid-week meeting Wednesday evening.

MAKES RINGING APPEAL TO MEN TO LIVE RIGHT

G. Lake Imes, Booker Washington's Bible school dean, began a notable series of evangelistic addresses at the First Congregational church, colored, yesterday morning. In the afternoon he spoke to men only, and at night he closed the day with a ringing appeal for right living. Dean Imes is a new type of evangelist. During his discourses yesterday the word death or hell was not even mentioned. He makes a direct common sense appeal for uprightness in daily living, and shows that Godliness is profitable for the life that now is. In response to his strong appeals, over thirty, the most of whom were men, took a stand for Christ.

RELEASE MOTHER JONES DEMAND OF SOCIALISTS

Over one hundred Atlanta socialists met Sunday afternoon at the Labor Temple, 112 Trinity avenue, and signed a petition demanding the release of Mother Jones, the great labor leader, held in a Colorado prison, and the petition was sent to Mrs. Gertrude A. Lea, of Denver, Colo., secretary of the democratic executive committee and prominent in the suffrage world, with hopes that she might bear influence toward this end upon the Colorado governor.

Plans were discussed for the annual Atlanta socialist ball, which will be given Tuesday night, March 3, at the Freundschaftsbund hall, 117½ Whitehall street. An interesting spokesman will be engaged for the ball.

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Good watches are carried by us at prices ranging from $5 to $500.

A good 7 jewel Waltham movement in a silver case sells for $5.00.

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Established 1887

Big Business and Religion Go Hand in Hand, Says Pastor

The Rotarians of Atlanta, eighty strong, with their wives and sweethearts, attended the Second Baptist church last night to hear Dr. John E. White's sermon on "Religion and Big Business." The church was crowded to the doors with an audience chiefly made up of the younger business men of the city, many of whom are regular attendants on the Sunday evening sermons of Dr. White.

The invitation to the Rotary club carried the challenge that "Every big business in this country, outside liquor and tobacco, is founded on the character and brains of men who were or are active Christians or religious workers and supporters of churches. You are challenged to name an exception."

The theme of Dr. White's sermon was "Religion as Efficiency," and his text, "Godliness is profitable in all things"—First Timothy, 4:8. Dr. White said in part:

"In his 'Letters of a Self-Made Merchant to His Son,' Mr. Larimer, the well-known editor of The Saturday Evening Post, made the point that the young man who undertakes a big business career with pagan notions of life and a turned-up nose toward religion needs a rich daddy who can come along and tenderly pick up the remains, for he is 'a dead one' in big business.

"That sounds newsy and up-to-date, but it is really an ancient and hoary observation.

"A very long time ago an old man who had seen much of life and had gotten light on the subject wrote a letter to a young man friend of his in whom he was interested, in which he said by way of advice:

"'Go in training for the religious life, because looking after sports and bodily matters pays small dividends; but religion is good profits in all directions. It has the guarantee of success in all possible worlds—the life that now is and that which is to come.'

"That old man was Paul, and the young man was Timothy.

Big Business.

"The challenge is made that the present demand for the efficiency that produces results in every department of life is protest against irreligious influences and tendencies, on the ground that they are uneconomic and damaging to proficiency. Emperors like William of Germany and great statesmen in republics are turned pulpiteers and reformers, and purely on the scientific proofs that evil in any and all of its modes of expression is weakness and unmanliness, where strength and virility are required.

"The great corporations, cold-blooded if you please, are the very backbone of moralizing movements which were formerly regarded as church and preacher movements.

"A prominent business man stood before a company of young men not long ago and said, 'There is one thing I want you young men to remember as long as you live. It is this: Whenever you observe a group of men ordering in the drinks, swilling down the beer, trading risque stories, spitting out profanity, be very sure that these men are rarely or never big business. They will generally be found to be a bunch of small-place nobodies jigging along on their way to nowhere. Big business is sitting out there in the car, with good books and good thoughts, and keeps itself away from that sort of society. Big business is nearly always real religion.'

"It is astonishing to read a recent statement from Mr. William H. Ridgeway, who is said to be the best informed business man in America on business facts and conditions, to the effect that he would challenge any man to name a single big business in this country, outside of rum and tobacco, whose head is not a personally active religious man. He made up a list of the great advertisers of the United States—Heinz, Ivory Soap, Huyler's, Sherwin-Williams, Sears-Roebuck, Swift & Co., Quaker Oats, Arrow Collars, Coca-Cola, Wanamaker, Eastman Kodak, Uneeda Biscuit and so on through the pages of all the magazines—to prove his case.

"The challenge is still hanging out. Now, the significance of this remarkable proposition is not that big business is using religious bait to catch the fish, for the public knows little or nothing of the personal habits of big business men; but there is a world of practical horse-sense in it, and demonstrated psychology in relation to success.

Religion and Character.

"It means that religion and character have subcutaneous connections, and that what is inside a man comes out in material results. The elements of individual effectiveness which command confidence and control of affairs are not accidental or wisely hereditary. They are accumulated. In the world of business, where personality plays the chief part in controlling results, the main factors are the common-place and old-fashioned virtues which are the fruit of life rooted in the soil of religion. The success of the religious character in business has two explanations. On the negative side, the religious man lives more prudently, safeguards his body and mind in good conscience, and will not lay waste his powers by dissipations. But this is not his great secret. Positively, the religious character is stronger, more elemental and permanent in fiber. He is a richer personality—a more opulent nature—a fuller and better developed man. The powers of his being are more completely elicited, combined and directed to lay hold of life. George James Romanes, the great scientist, meant something deeper than slang—something scientifically significant—when he exclaimed, 'After all, it is the Christians that have the pull!'

"Religion gets a man face to face with his whole world. Being right with God is adjustment to environment. It puts a man at the center, where the lever of power projects to his hand. Religion is the uttermost sanity. The difference to the advantage of a religious man in business is not Bradstreet rating, nor visible collateral, but moral prowess. He outweighs the unreligious competitor. He is a more impressive force of manhood.

"J. Pierpont Morgan made a profoundly religious statement when he said that the basis of credit in big finance was personal quality or character.

"'Twentieth century religion will turn on Paul's pivot of truth and experience, 'Godliness is profitable in all things. It has the guarantees of the life that now is and of that which is to come.'"

SHELDON'S RHAPSODY PLEASES AT CONCERT

Applause So Great That Dr. Kraft Plays It for Second Time.

"Charlie" Sheldon's Rhapsody, the brilliant composition recently dedicated by the well-known Atlanta organist to Edwin Arthur Kraft, made such a splendid hit when played by the latter at the Auditorium concert Sunday afternoon that Mr. Kraft had to play the entire Rhapsody through a second time as an encore.

Mr. Sheldon himself was called to the stage, after the encore, to acknowledge with a bow the applause of his admirers. The Rhapsody is a powerful composition, at times rollicking and then gripping in its intensity, bringing out the full resources of the great organ in a tremendous flow of harmony. Mr. Kraft paid high tribute to the Atlanta organist in his program announcement, speaking of the Rhapsody as follows: "It is indeed a great pleasure to present at this time a composition by one of Atlanta's own sons, of whom she may well be proud. Mr. Sheldon has shown in this work that he is a musician of rare ability."

Mr. Kraft's entire program Sunday was heard with pleasure and full appreciation by a large audience, between 2,000 and 3,000 people gathering for the concert. They were lulled to contentment by the dreamy Venetian songs of Ethelbert Nevin, rendered peculiarly attractive by the sweet tones of the organ. And they were waked to intense feeling again when Mr. Kraft played, as the closing number, Mendelssohn's "Wedding March," with all its stately splendor. The Meditation from "Thais," and the "Jubilant March of William Faulkes" were also popular with the audience, who seemed to enjoy the program from beginning to end.

SALVATION GREAT NEED OF "THE DYING WORLD"

Salvation was declared to be the greatest need of "the dying world," in a strong sermon delivered at the First Christian church Sunday morning, by Rev. Edward W. Pease, of Lamar College, the Christian theological school recently established at Clarkston, Ga. Dr. Pease made a splendid impression upon the large congregation that heard him, and it is likely that he will speak again next Sunday, supplying the pulpit in the absence of Dr. L. O. Bricker, who has been granted a short leave of absence on account of ill health.

Taking as his subject, "Four of the Greatest Things in the World," Dr. Pease named them as follows: The greatest possession of man—"his soul;" the greatest curse in the world—"sin;" the greatest promise—"salvation," and the greatest institution—"the church."

"Salvation, which has been promised by God to all who will accept it, is the greatest need of the dying world today," he said. "It's the change in heart which is needed, a change from sinfulness to the acceptance of Christ's teaching—and this is the change that means Eden restored to the world."

WORKERS ASK WILSON TO PROBE U. S. JUDGE

Wheeling, W. Va., February 8.—President Wilson will be asked to start an investigation of the official conduct of Circuit Judge Alston G. Dayton, of the northern district of West Virginia. This move was decided on at a mass meeting here today of union workers. A petition will be carried to Washington this week. The movement was begun by the United Mine Workers of America, who allege Judge Dayton showed favoritism in his conduct of cases growing out of the strike at Colliers, W. Va., which has been in progress since early last fall.

POLICE CHIEF SPEAKS ON WAVE OF REFORM

"No Public Official Can Be Honest and Not Live Up to Oath," He Says.

In an address yesterday to the Sunday school and congregation of East Side Tabernacle, Chief of Police James Beavers declared that the reform wave which opened in Atlanta a few months ago is rapidly spreading over the country, and will continue to do so until the masses are educated and enlightened to the dastardly effects of legalized vice.

Chief Beavers said that in growing up as a boy he had the ambition to be an honest man, and he urged the young men present not only to be men, but honest men.

"No public official," said he, "can be honest and fail to live up to his oath as a public official. When I realized that fully, I began to try to do my duty."

A. C. Shuler, pastor of the church, in introducing Chief Beavers, said that ten years ago a church would not have considered inviting a chief of police to address them on Sunday. "No," replied the chief, "ten years ago, with conditions as they then existed, I would not have shown myself in church as the chief of police."

CIVIC CLUB WILL HOLD MEETING WEDNESDAY

The Second Ward Civic club will hold its next regular meeting in the Sunday school room of St. John's Methodist church, corner of Georgia and Central avenues, on Wednesday at 3 o'clock.

The ward limits are, approximately speaking, Ridge avenue to Whitehall street, the Belt line to Southern railroad shops. These limits include the most important streets on the south side, and it will be readily seen that it is one of the largest wards in the city.

The aim of the club is to make it one of the most active in the city federation. This can be accomplished by the co-operation of all the ladies residing in the second ward, who are cordially invited to attend the meetings and to become members of the club.

MARK BOLDING PICKED TO ASSIST ALEXANDER

Washington, February 8.—(Special.) Efforts to secure another United States assistant district attorney at Atlanta are believed by Representative Howard to succeed.

If the attorney general agrees that another attorney is needed to handle the business of the district court, it is expected that Mark Bolding, of Atlanta, will get the place.

Representative Howard has indorsed him, they having been friends for years, and Senator Smith will not oppose him.

If the attorney general approves, an additional appropriation to provide for the occupant of the office will be offered by Mr. Howard to the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill.

SCHAEFFER TO SPEAK ON "ORGANIZED DAY"

The Atlanta Federation of Trades will fittingly celebrate "Organized Day" in the Labor Temple at 8 o'clock this evening. Rev. W. C. Schaeffer, Jr., pastor of the Church of the Redeemer, and President George Berry, of the International Printing Pressmen and Assistants' union, will be the speakers of the occasion. J. B. Hewitt, president of the Atlanta Federation of Trades, will be master of ceremonies.

Organizing day is set apart by the labor unions as a get-together day, when the year's work is resumed and plans laid for the next year's work.

The committee of arrangements, J. W. Bridwell, O. A. Cone and Louie P. Marquardt, have been working diligently.

CONVICTS BETTER OFF IN RUSSIA THAN HERE

That's What Dr. A. R. Holderby Thinks of Fulton Camp Situation.

Denunciation of conditions in the convict camps of Fulton and of city council, police boards, juries and some of the courts for permitting locker clubs to operate were the features of the sermon of Dr. A. R. Holderby, of Moore Memorial church, yesterday morning.

Dr. Holderby called attention to the fate of Sodom, and declared that in all probability there were plenty of clubs in that city, but that they were not operating in disobedience of the law. He said that, of course, Atlanta couldn't be compared to Sodom, but intimated that there were those in this city, who, if they had their way, would make it a close second.

"Atlanta is under the spell of an evil influence today," he said, "and if her lawlessness is not checked she will become like Sodom. The people who stand for righteousness and obedience to law are praying and working for better conditions, but the Judases in the church are in league with the whisky forces, and are seeking to make Atlanta a veritable Sodom.

"It is very likely that there were locker clubs and saloons in Sodom, but they were not operating in violation to the laws of the city. It is very certain that Lot was not a member of a club or that he drank intoxicating liquors, because he was a member of the church, and as he escaped the doom of his city it is likely that he was the only citizen who was not a member of the club. In Atlanta the locker club men are in 'the saddle.' From recent developments, it is very certain that the liquor crowd is dominating the city council, police boards, juries and some of the courts.

"And, now, besides these violations of the prohibition law, comes the official report of the unspeakable crimes. The cruelty and barbarity practiced upon these poor unfortunate men are a blight and disgrace to this or any country, Christian or savage.

"Russia, with all of her barbarism, could do no worse. Were I a convict in the Fulton county camps, I would rather take my chances in Russia. For every lash laid upon the bare backs of these convicts the church of God is responsible. These men, as guilty as they may be, had far better go unpunished by the laws of the state than to be tortured and killed as they are by a lot of drunken and bloodthirsty guards."

TWO LARGE MEETINGS FOR COLORED Y. M. C. A.

Two large meetings for the Y. M. C. A. were held yesterday afternoon at West Mitchell street C. M. E. church, and at Ebenezer Baptist church.

The program for the week is a full one. Beginning at Central avenue M. E. church tonight, Dr. John E. White and President W. A. Fountain will speak in the interest of the same cause. On Tuesday evening another meeting will be held at Holsey Temple C. M. E. church, on the corner of Chamberlain and Boulevard. Dr. Charles W. Daniel and Bishop J. S. Flipper will be the speakers and on Wednesday evening the closing meeting of the week will be held at Fort street M. E. church, corner of Fort and Bynum streets. Rev. P. James Bryant and Dr. Marion McH. Hull will address this gathering.

The present campaign will come to a close next Sunday afternoon, when the various churches will hold a popular rally effort for the Y. M. C. A.

WALDENSIAN CHURCH DEDICATED IN ROME

Rome, February 8.—A new Waldensian church, erected by Mrs. John S. Kennedy, of New York, in memory of her father, the late Cornelius Baker, was inaugurated today.

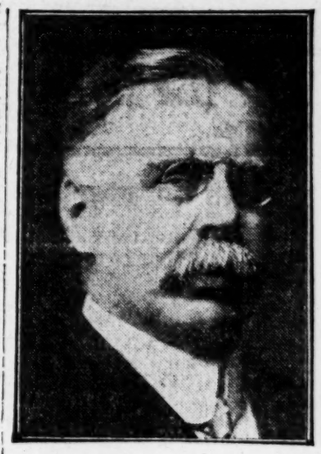
Pastors of Waldensian churches throughout Italy, diplomatic representatives at Rome and many distinguished guests were present. A bronze tablet was set up in the church in honor of Mrs. Kennedy.

Grand Master Will Attend Inspection of Commandery

Grand Master Arthur MacArthur, of Troy, N. Y., head of the Knights Templar, will arrive this morning, and remain in Atlanta until Tuesday afternoon. Atlanta commandery, No. 9, K. T., will be inspected officially Monday night. Grand Master MacArthur will attend that inspection. It will be the first occasion of an official visit by any grand master to any subordinate commandery in the country.

A. G. Miller, of Waycross, grand commander of Georgia, will conduct the inspection. Every other officer of the grand commandery of Georgia will attend. Other state grand commanders will be here from Alabama, Florida, Tennessee and South Carolina. Representatives of all the commanderies in Georgia are expected to attend.

Mr. MacArthur comes to Atlanta on his way to Los Angeles, Cal., where he will make arrangements for the triennial of the grand encampment to be held in that city in 1916. He will go from Atlanta to New Orleans. He will be entertained extensively during his stay in Atlanta.



GRAND MASTER ARTHUR MacARTHUR.

INDUSTRIAL TRAINING FOR NEGROES PRAISED

An educational mass meeting was held for the Atlanta Normal and Industrial institute in Cosmopolitan church, corner of Vine and Foundry streets, yesterday afternoon. Various phases of practical training was discussed.

Richard D. Stinson, the principal, said the school stood out boldly for saving negro boys and girls from ignorance, crime and shame by pointing out to them and their parents and guardians work education with book training. He declared that the greatest setback to the negro race, both those trained and untrained, was that they were either ashamed to work or too lazy to do it.

Presiding Elder P. G. Simmons spoke on "The Relation of the Church to Making Boys and Girls Useful and Good." He said: "The leadership of our race, especially the preachers and teachers, owe it to themselves to get every department of the negro church behind our children and save them from the streets, alleys and the dens of vice. If we fail, our freedom has meant nothing."

H. W. Russell said he had not been trained in the school, but had been a servant boy in a certain prominent white family of this city for years. Said he: "I am not ashamed to tell it here. I am now assistant manager of the Union Mutual (one of the largest insurance companies in the state). I was trained by those people to do something definite."

Peyton A. Allen, speaking of "How We Get the Best Out of Our Children," said among other things: "Children grow up like weeds in a field; they cannot be good and useful with a home life of wretchedness and an indifferent or worthless school life."

Mittie Foulks, the domestic science teacher of the school, read a prepared paper on "Why a Negro Girl or Woman Should Understand Thoroughly Some Branch of Domestic Science."

Dr. J. I. Lowe, head of the A. M. E. book house, Philadelphia, said he was sick and tired of the average negro college or university that is flooding the land with diplomas, and many of them are a curse to the race. "So many negroes," he stated, "are trying to graduate from colleges and universities who cannot use but a common English education. I warn you this afternoon to do something that needs to be done and for which you will receive pay."

A strong letter was read from Bishop John Hurst, of Baltimore, Md., commending white friends who encourage negro education along wise lines and indorsing the school. Dr. J. W. Jarvis, of Lansing, Mich., and Presiding Elder John Harmon, of the Augusta district, made strong speeches.

Bishop H. M. Turner presided.

MRS. SOUTHWICK SUES HUSBAND FOR DIVORCE

Alleging cruel treatment, Mrs. E. Southwick has brought suit in the Fulton superior court against Eugene Southwick, an Atlanta real estate dealer.

The suit was filed by Attorney Stiles Hopkins.

ON COLDEST SUNDAY, BIBLE SCHOOLS SHOW GAIN OVER YEAR AGO

With the blasts from the "cauld northwest" freezing the mercury down to the lowest point of any Sunday morning for the past year, 4,434 people mustered up enough "spunk" yesterday morning to get out of their warm beds in time to attend Sunday school in the thirteen churches included in the day's report.

In the same thirteen Sunday schools there were only 4,266 people on the same day last year, though a much warmer day, indeed. This was a gain of only 168 pupils in these schools—a rather small gain compared with some of the big records made recently—but the Sunday school superintendents are congratulating themselves that there was any gain at all for such a cold morning.

The complete report, as announced by the superintendents' congress, is as follows:

NAME.	Church membership.	Attendance. Year ago.	Sunday.
St. Paul Methodist	1,800	582	561
Central Presby.	1,245	623	640
Second Baptist	1,200	425	461
First Christian	1,200	388	502
First Baptist	1,100	284	387
North Ave. Presby.	888	488	496
W. E. Baptist	800	325	310
Jackson Hill Bap.	750	364	342
Ponce de Leon Bapt.	475	291	277
English Lutheran	390	134	168
Assoc. Ref. Presby.	145	102	92
Inman Park Presby.	225	132	118
Harris St. Presby.	105	68	80

PEACE AND FRATERNITY ASKED BY SOCIALISTS

Stockholm, February 8.—Thirty thousand socialists today held a demonstration against increasing the expenditure for armaments and demanded that the ministers should work for peace and fraternity.

The premier, M. Staaf, appeared before the crowd and said that in spite of his deep sympathy in the matter of international peace he was convinced the Swedish people would be compelled to make new and great sacrifices for the defense of the country. The government, however, he added, was not inclined to accede to the demands for prolongation of the service in the infantry until after the general elections.

There was a demonstration Friday by 30,000 small land owners and farmers from every part of the kingdom in favor of the increase of Swedish armaments. King Gustave on that occasion said that the problem of defense was one which must be solved without loss of time. His speech is reported to have led to serious trouble in the cabinet, the members of which yesterday intimated their desire to resign.

POLICEMAN IS STABBED BY DRUG CRAZED NEGRO

Incipient Riot Is Quelled by Prompt Arrival of Auto Load of Cops.

An incipient riot was quelled late Saturday night by the prompt arrival of an automobile load of policemen, but not until a policeman had been seriously stabbed.

He is Patrolman W. E. Englett, a middle-aged man of long service. He was stabbed in the upper body and slashed across the face by a drug crazed negro whom he had put under arrest. Hundreds of negro men and women gathered at the scene, muttering threats and promising a disturbance.

Englett and Patrolman Newport, his partner, had arrested Ben Cody, a stalwart young negro, on a charge of drunk and disorderly conduct on Peters street, a block or so from the railroad viaduct. Cody, crazed with cocaine, attacked Englett with a keen-bladed knife. Newport interfered, clubbing the prisoner viciously across the head. This seemed to add to his fury. He fought like a caged animal, very nearly besting his captors. At the height of their struggle, a negro woman, said to be Cody's sweetheart, who was also arrested, Rosa Green, sought to interfere. She was also clubbed after putting up a desperate fight.

A call for the reserves was sent into headquarters. Policemen Baker and Davis and ex-Chief of County Police Zach Rowan ran to the scene before the arrival of the automobile from headquarters. They and Police Sergeant Connally beat back the muttering crowd of blacks. Englett's wounds are not considered serious.

AGREEMENT INDORSED BY THE COMMISSION

Washington, February 8.—Emphatic indorsement of the working of the agreement now in effect between employers and employees in the cloak and suit trade in New York was given today by the federal commission on industrial relations, with an announcement that the commission will hold public hearings in clothing centers in an effort to improve conditions. Subcommittees will visit Baltimore, Philadelphia, Rochester, Cleveland, Chicago, Boston and St. Louis for this purpose.

The subcommittee which investigated the New York situation reported that its public hearings eliminated much of the discord which recently developed, and said:

"We are hopeful that the agreement, with modifications, will be continued, and that a reasonable degree of industrial peace will prevail in this industry in the city of New York."

99 ARRESTS IN MONTH REPORT OF DETECTIVES

Newport A. Lanford, chief of detectives, declared to a reporter for The Constitution last night that his department had solved at least 90 per cent of the burglaries and robberies that have been committed in Atlanta within the past month.

His annual report, he stated, substantiated his declaration. Other officials of the detective bureau join the chief in saying that it is undoubtedly the most successful report ever recorded by the department.

Ninety-nine arrests were made in all during the month of January. Of this number eighty-eight were bound over in police court, a large majority of this latter number being convicted in the superior and other courts. The report shows that thirty-nine robbers—including burglars and highwaymen—have been convicted during January. This does not include the number put under arrest, which is not contained in the report.

"Ham" Lewis Returns.

New York, February 8.—United States Senator J. Hamilton Lewis, of Illinois, arrived here today from London on the Kaiserin Auguste Victoria. He is the last of the American representatives at the recent International Conference for the Promotion of Safety at Sea to reach home.

The General says:—

No roofing tests—however scientific—can tell you how long the roof will last. We have made our tests on the roof and know our guarantee is justified. Our guarantee is better than your guessing. Purchase an investment and not a gamble.

A Certain-teed Construction Roof

for buildings of the most permanent type appeals to architects, engineers and builders as well as owners.

A Certain-teed Construction Roof is a built-up roof and is the modern scientific process of covering—whether a gable roof or a flat roof with poor drainage.

A Certain-teed Construction Roof does away with the smoky tarpot, and as no gravel is used, does not collect dust, and the roof is washed clean after every rain. It is a sanitary roof.

Costs more—but worth more. Applied only by responsible roofers.

Certain-teed

Quality Cert-ified Roofing Durability Guaran-teed

The Certain-teed Label secures for you, through your dealer, our guarantee, and the three biggest roofing mills in the world stand sponsor for that guarantee.

There is no true roofing test but the *proof on the roof*. Protect your buildings with Certain-teed Roofing and protect your purchase with our guarantee on Certain-teed.

Certain-teed Roofing is always sold at a reasonable price—although you *can* buy roofing for less money.

Your saving, at most, is but a few dollars, and is poor economy. Certain-teed is the best protection for your buildings and the guarantee label, the best protection for you.

General Roofing Manufacturing Company

World's largest manufacturers of roofing and building papers

E. St. Louis, Ill. York, Pa. Marseilles, Ill. Seattle New York City London, England Boston Hamburg, Germany Kansas City Minneapolis San Francisco

Certain-teed Construction Roofing for Skyscrapers and Factories

Certain-teed Shingles for Bungalows and Residences

Certain-teed Roofing in Rolls for Farm Homes and Buildings

WHY THE QUALITY OF CERTAIN-TEED ROOFING IS HIGHER ALTHOUGH THE COST TO YOU IS LOW.

By George M. Brown, President General Roofing Manufacturing Company.

There is one great big point about Certain-teed Roofing that I want to impress as forcibly as I can upon your mind.

It costs you less and gives you more.

When I say it costs you less, I do not mean that you can't buy roofing at a lower price. You can—much lower in some cases. But you cannot figure cost merely by the price you pay. You've got to consider the years of service.

A Certain-teed Roof will last 15 years or more. Even if you pay a few dollars less for some other roofing to cover the same area and it dries up and leaks and has to be done over in a year or two or possibly five—it has cost you many times the cost of Certain-teed per year.

Certain-teed Roofing is the highest quality possible for skilled men and perfect machines to make of the best raw products obtainable. There is no step in its manufacture in which we do not bear constantly in mind that we are making a roofing which will surely make good under our 15-year guarantee. It must be the finest protection for your building and its contents; it must be so durable that it will effectively resist heat and cold, rain and snow and all other weather conditions.

It must be all of this to justify us in guaranteeing it for fifteen years. It will last longer than that, and it will save you money in every year of its service on your buildings. Certain-teed would have to be higher in cost were it not for our manufacturing facilities, our method of distribution, and our enormous volume.

You can buy Certain-teed Roofing of your local dealer, whom you know. We market it only through the jobber and retailer—not through mail-order houses. Everybody likes to buy things face to face with the seller.

When you buy of your local dealer there is a personal element in the transaction. There is a personal satisfaction You know the dealer and he knows you. His word is good with you as your word is with him. You know him well enough to know that when he says a thing is right he will make good.

Our Certain-teed label explains our guarantee in detail—15 years for 3-ply, 10 years for 2-ply and 5 years for 1-ply. It protects you, your dealer and us.

Your dealer knows us. He knows we are responsible. He knows Certain-teed Roofing and he knows the Certain-teed label is an insurance policy on every sale he makes of Certain-teed Roofing.

He can tell you why Certain-teed Roofing costs you less. He knows of our three great mills and their enormous output of roofing.

It is this vast output produced under conditions of high efficiency and economy of manufacturing and selling cost, which enables us to help your dealer to sell Certain-teed Roofing to you at a lower price than would be possible if our output were small and our methods antiquated.

Stated briefly, the Certain-teed label means for you the lowest cost, the highest quality and the best service in roofing. You buy it with your eyes open, with the goods before you, from a dealer you know. And the entire transaction is backed by our fifteen-year guarantee. The manufacturing and selling of Certain-teed Roofing, in short, is along lines which are entirely to your advantage.

It is just possible that you yourself may have to convince the dealer that Certain-teed is the roofing he must sell you. Do it. You'll be glad you did—and so will he.

All the SPORT of the day

Edited by DICK JEMISON

A Cracker a Day for Fans

1—"Ham" Reynolds.

EDITOR'S NOTE.—This is the first of a series of daily articles that will be carried in The Constitution, introducing to Atlanta fandom the men who will try for positions on the 1914 team. The complete record, history and photo of each of the twenty-nine candidates will be printed in this form.

J. Hammond Reynolds, the elongated receiver, has signed his contract to try for a regular catching berth with the Crackers of 1914.

"Ham," as he is dubbed by his associates, is a native Georgian. He first saw the light of day May 27, 1888, or to be more definite, will be 26 years of age this May.

Ham tried out for the catcher's berth on the 1913 Crackers, but was sent to the Beaumont club, of the Texas league, where he did such excellent work that Manager Smith recalled him.

Reynolds was in 98 games for the Beaumont club and hit at a .260 clip, and had a fielding average for the season of .964.

He has been in professional ball four years. He was with the Columbus team of the South Atlantic league during the season of 1912 and Beaumont during the season of 1913.

Reynolds is spending the winter at White Plains, Ga., where he and his brother are engaged in running a big plantation. His brother, by the way, has signed to play with the Memphis team the coming season, and he, too, is a catcher.

Reynolds is a right-handed batter and thrower, and is absolutely fearless behind the plate, tackling any one's gleaming spikes without hesitancy. It is predicted that Reynolds will stick this time.

J. HAM REYNOLDS,
Candidate for catcher's position on 1914 Crackers.

WOMEN'S VALENTINE GOLF AT PINEHURST

Pinehurst, N. C., February 8.—(Special.)—The eighth annual St. Valentine's Golf Tournament for Women will be played at the Pinehurst Country club here on Wednesday, February 11, and for the rest of the week.

Eighteen holes will be played every morning. A gold medal will be given for the low qualifying score, sterling cups for the winners and runners-up in each eight.

Atlanta Given Opening Date; 154-Game Schedule Adopted; Staff of Umpires Appointed

Memphis, Tenn., February 8.—The schedule committee of the Southern league, in session here tonight, indorsed a 154-game schedule for the season of 1914, with April 14, as the opening date and the close on September 17. This schedule will be submitted to the spring meeting of the league to be held in Mobile, Ala., February 21, for approval. Advocates of the short or 140-game season will also submit a schedule to the Mobile meeting.

Birmingham, Montgomery, Chattanooga, and Atlanta are given the opening games in the schedule adopted by the committee which was made up from those submitted by President W. M. Kavanaugh, of the league, and Manager M. J. Finn, of Memphis; President O. B. Andrews, of Chattanooga, and Secretary C. Z. Collson, of the Mobile club, with President Kavanaugh acted as the committee.

Announcement was also made that Umpires Wright and Stockdale had been released and Kellum and O'Toole signed. Both Kellum and O'Toole served as umpires in this league during former seasons. The other six umpires, Kerin, Hart, Pfenninger, Rudderham, Breitenstein and Fifield, were reappointed.

Six Crackers Unsigned; First Practice March 2

SIGNED AND UNSIGNED CRACKERS.

Signed.	Unsigned.
Eible	McConnell
Dent	Schwind
Walsh	Jennings
Walsh	Kirscher
Welchonce	Hedgepath
Reynolds	Efird
Munch	
Perryman	
Schmidt	
Broadwater	
Sindler	
Wood	
Long	
Nixon	
Dunn	
Browning	
Lawrence	
Manush	
Price	
Kissinger	
Doescher	
Flanagan	

Only six more Crackers remain to be signed, and the roster of the team with which Manager Billy Smith expects to win another pennant will be completed.

Whitley Alpermann and Harry Chapman have been crossed from the list, though they are unsigned. Alpermann has quit the game, while Chapman has jumped to the Federals.

Nothing has been heard from Pitchers Hedgepath and Efird, the young Virginia league twirlers, but this is not worrying Manager Smith a particle, as the hurling corps looks mighty strong as it now stands.

Infielder Jennings has not advised the management of his intentions since he wrote denying that it was his intention to quit baseball, which intention he made known in a letter to the sporting editor of The Constitution. Jennings is expected in line shortly.

Infielder McConnell is weakening. In his letters he states he "has not signed yet." But he does not state that he will not sign.

Nothing has been heard from Infielder Schwind since he was tendered a contract.

Just when Manager Smith will order his players to report has not been definitely decided, but, as he has the first practice game scheduled for March 16, the chances are that he will order them here by Monday, March 2.

With such a large squad of players as Manager Smith has on his list, and the numerous candidates for the different positions, the players will need all the practice that they can get.

If he can whip the squad into shape in two weeks' time, the twenty odd exhibition games that follow the preliminary stunts should furnish ample opportunity for Manager Smith to get a line on his men.

LOOKOUTS REPORT FOR WORK MARCH 2

Chattanooga, Tenn., February 8.—(Special.)—Manager McCormick mailed out a general letter yesterday to all the players on the Chattanooga team, ordering them to report for duty at Andrews field March 2. The orders are not only to battery men, but to infielders and outfielders, as well. The date fixed is about ten days earlier than the men usually report, except the battery men, but McCormick wants the team to start the season in thorough condition so that if possible Chattanooga can "get the jump." Last year, it will be remembered, the Lookouts spent a dreary month in the cellar before a ray of sunshine ever got a peek through the door.

THOMAS HUGHES SIGNS LOS ANGELES CONTRACT

Washington, February 8.—Thomas Hughes, pitcher on the Washington American league baseball team for many years, has signed with the Los Angeles team, Pacific Coast league.

A star on the baseball diamond when some of the present day celebrities were babies, Hughes still is an effective pitcher, though his arm no longer will stand the strain of regular turns before big league batsmen.

WASHINGTON, D. C.
RICHMOND, VA.

Low rates via Seaboard February 16, 17, $19.35 to Washington; February 21, 22, 23, $16.70 to Richmond.—adv.)

ONE SERVE FAVORED BY ANTHONY WILDING

New Rules Defining Amateur and Foot Fault Will Be Considered Soon.

New York, February 8.—The annual meeting of the United States Lawn Tennis association to be held in New York Friday will consider new rules defining the amateur and the foot-fault in service. Some attempt will be made to enact rules conforming to those recently adopted by the International Lawn Tennis federation. In this connection, players will be surprised to learn that Anthony Wilding, world's singles champion, advocates changing the service rule to but one serve. He recently wrote to an English tennis authority his views on the subject, which show that Wilding believes there is a universal demand for speeding up the game. He considers that one service not only would shorten sets but would improve the general standard of service. He contends that the service of the average player, now often loose, must essentially improve, since greater care would be expended on its delivery.

Wilding believes the difficulty of administering the present foot fault rule would disappear when the penalty involved the loss of the ace; players would be careful to conform not only with the spirit of the law, but with its letter as well. As to the result of such a change on the enterprise of such service specialists as McLoughlin and Brooks, Wilding does not believe they or their kind would be materially handicapped.

MERCER QUINTET PLAYS LOCALLY

Meets Tech at the Crystal Palace on Friday and Atlanta Athletic Club on Saturday.

The Mercer university basketball team will make a trip to Atlanta this week to play games here on Friday and Saturday.

On Friday night they will stack up against the Georgia Tech quintet in a return engagement, the two teams playing in Macon last Saturday.

On Saturday night Mercer will tie up with the Atlanta Athletic club team. This will be next to the last game on the Atlanta Athletic club floor this season.

"Bo" Williams Is Touted to Coach St. Louis Eleven

Sid C. Keener, sporting editor of The St. Louis Times, has the following article of interest to football fans of Georgia and Tennessee.

Henry H. ("Bo") Williams, former Vanderbilt star and coach of Gordon institute, is slated for the coaching berth at St. Louis university during the coming season, according to the story.

Here it is:

St. Louis university's next football coach is to be Harry H. Williams, graduate of Vanderbilt university and one of the greatest gridiron warriors ever developed in the south. While Williams has not signed his contract, it is reported on exceptionally good authority that the Billikens practically have agreed to all terms.

The hitch which prevents the definite announcement of Williams assuming the coaching duties at present is the current contract with Fred E. Dennie. Dennie's term does not expire until June, but plans now are under way to have Dennie depart before his time limit.

If Dennie can be induced to resign immediately, and it is believed that this angle already has been agreed upon by Fred and the Billiken officials, then the announcement that Williams is to get the job is expected to be made.

To Increase Athletics.

Where for the past few years the lone athletic sport at St. Louis U. has been football, the present plan is to splurge on sports when Williams steps into his new office. Important additions being talked about now are to have the Vanderbilt star pave the way for a baseball squad as well as indoor and outdoor athletics.

At a meeting of the Billiken athletic board Monday, Williams, nickname "Bo," attended, and it is known that his proposition was well received by the Blue and White moguls. And it was only because the Billikens have the contract with Dennie that the southerner was not admitted to office immediately.

The entrance of Williams as candidate for the coaching post at St. Louis U. is quite a surprise. Scores of candidates have applied for the position, and in the list are many grads of the local institution. It was believed that one would be selected, too.

However, only shortly the name of Williams appeared. Following it were letters of recommendation from many prominent gridiron mentors. It is reported that Dan McGugin, coach of Vanderbilt; "Hurry-Up" Yost, of Michigan, and other prominent football officials came forth with boosts for Williams. This caused the Billikens to give a look and pay some attention to Williams.

Starred in Yale Game.

Williams is anything but a novice at the grid sport. Just the opposite. For three years he served with the famous Vanderbilt eleven, playing in the backfield, and was regarded as one of the stars in the southern territory. He was with the Vanderbilt eleven that held Yale to a tie in 1910, and his sensational playing brought much praise from the haughty easterners, who seldom see or talk about any one away from home.

Besides being an individual star, Williams has had several years of coaching experience. After leaving Vanderbilt he directed the Georgia eleven and won the southern championship two years. Then last year he was in charge of athletics of the Central college at Fayette, Mo.

A tough job is awaiting Williams. The St. Louis U. football squad was little more than a joke in 1913, and the material left at the close of the season does not give the prediction that the 1914 coach will have many stars to start the season.

Billikens Use Many Coaches.

However, the change in the athletic board is believed to have caused more interest in football at the Blue and White school. If so, then Williams may have more candidates than his predecessors have controlled.

St. Louis U. has made many switches in its coaching system during the past few years. Dennie served in 1913 and 1912, and before the Rolla leader was Johnny Bender, who was in charge in 1911 and 1910. Bill Warner, brother of Glenn, Carlisle's chief, held the reins for a single season, 1909, while Ed Cochems was here in 1908, 1907 and 1906.

NAVY ELEVEN IS GRANTED ANOTHER GAME ON THE ROAD

By Edward R. Bushnell.

Philadelphia, Pa., February 8.—(Special.)—There is genuine rejoicing at Annapolis and Pennsylvania over the fact that the Middies are to play football with the Quakers on Franklin field this fall. This is made possible by an act of congress which permits the Middies to play two instead of only one game away from home. Of course the most important out-of-town game will be that with West Point. Under the old dispensation it was necessary for the Navy to play all of its games, with this exception, away from home, where it was impossible to charge admission. As a result most of the big universities found it inconvenient to pay their own expenses to Annapolis to play the Navy. By playing at Philadelphia the Navy Athletic association will be allowed to share in the gate receipts, and since Annapolis is only two hours' ride from Philadelphia, the chances are that the entire body of midshipmen will be permitted to see the game. The contract is for two years, and provides that in 1915 Pennsylvania shall play at Annapolis.

The whole college world is curious to know where the Army and Navy will meet this fall. Considerable dissatisfaction was expressed over conditions at New York last fall, and while the Navy did not take official action, it was declared that the Middies would refuse to play there again. The Navy men think, and with good reason, that since they gave in to the Army last fall the soldiers should be the ones to make concessions this time. If the Navy has the option of selecting the meeting place, it will probably be Franklin field, Philadelphia, in spite of the limited accommodations.

The chief objectors to playing the game so far away from home are the Midshipmen, rather than the players. They are not anxious to experience again the inconvenience of that trip to New York last fall, when they had to leave Annapolis before the sun was up, and didn't get back until near midnight. If anything has been done toward selecting the place to play this fall, nothing has been said about it.

"FITS-U"

The new eye-glass mounting that stays on—comfortably. Ask to see it. A. K. Hawkes Co., Opticians, 14 Whitehall.—(adv.)

"STORIES ABOUT STARS"

Humorous and Serious Tales of the Ball Field

Number 26.

By Billy Evans.

When Harry Davis assumed charge of the Cleveland club, a good many fans were positive that the Naps would be pennant winners. The prominent part attributed to Davis in the success of the Athletics made Clevelanders feel sure he would make the Naps a team after the style of the Athletics. For some reason the Naps didn't prosper under Davis, despite the fact that he is acknowledged one of the brainiest men in baseball. All kinds of rumors have been given for the failure of the Naps to show under his regime.

All loyal Cleveland fans regretted the failure of the club to show under the management of the former Athletic star. In every city though, there seem to be certain fellows who rather enjoy the ill fortune of others, and never fail to take advantage of such a happening. When it was evident that the Naps wouldn't be up there with Davis in charge, the knockers came out in force. Davis was handed many a severe roasting.

Last year Davis came back as first aide to Connie Mack. He was of great assistance to the Mackmen. Naturally when the Athletics hit Cleveland certain fans who had enjoyed his failure to show as a manager began to tell about his work as leader of the Naps the previous year. Like a wise fellow would and should, Davis paid no attention to his tormentors, some of whom became mighty personal. His failure to retaliate made these fellows all the braver in their remarks. Each inning Davis appeared at third base to act as coacher. At the close of the inning, head down he would walk back to the bench. The Athletics were being trimmed, which served to make the fans who were after Davis all the more boisterous. Harry didn't relish the defeat that seemed certain to come their way, and his face was not wreathed in smiles. One of the fans, who could talk faster than a phonograph on high speed, thinking to be funny replied:

"For goodness' sake smile. Give me a look in the face and make a smile." Of course it drew a laugh. Never once looking up, Davis in a voice plainly audible to the crowd remarked:

"If I ever did I would have to cry out of sympathy. Harry was applauded by the crowd and for the remaining two innings the talkative fan was silent.

Indoor Sports Nearing End; Interest in Baseball Meet

New York, February 8.—The zenith of the indoor athletic season will be reached this week, and before the final days of the month the devotee of sport will be planning to transfer his activity or interest to the open. The transformation will depend on spring weather conditions, but there is evidence abundant that the migratory period is at hand.

During the next six days this and other cities will witness the gathering of competitors for several indoor sport championships, and of those officials and associations whose rulings are the final work in outdoor sport. Undoubtedly the greatest interest will center in the doings of baseball magnates who will confer here during the next three days.

These are but a few of the leading features of a week in sport, both at home and abroad, the importance of which may be gauged from this schedule of principal events:

Monday—Meeting of the baseball rules committee, in New York city; national squash tennis championship begins in Brooklyn; south Florida golf championship, Palm Beach, Fla.

Tuesday—Meeting of national and minor league baseball bodies in New York; meeting of polo association in New York city.

Wednesday—Meeting of American Baseball league to promulgate playing schedule.

Thursday—Gold racquet championship play begins at Tuxedo Park, N. Y.; annual indoor tennis championship tournament begins in New York city; eastern outdoor ice skating championships at Newburgh, N. Y.

Friday—Annual meeting United States Lawn Tennis association, New York city; inter-city team play for United States squash racquet challenge trophy.

Saturday — United States squash racquet singles championship begins at Philadelphia, Pa.; world's speed ice skating championships open at Christiania, Norway.

COLLEGE ATHLETICS FACE READJUSTMENT

There Is Something Radically Wrong Now, Says Courtney, of Cornell.

New York, February 8.—Evidence is developing to indicate that college athletics are passing through another period of readjustment. That the activity of the undergraduates in this direction is one of the biggest problems that faculties and governing bodies have to face in connection with college life is admitted. Intercollegiate sport is the subject of never ending discussion and conference. Rules are made to check one evil only to have objectional features and angles crop out elsewhere.

That something is radically wrong is clearly indicated by the many discussions, proposals and fiats that arise with startling rapidity. Faculties, associations and undergraduates appear more or less at loggerheads. It may be that the recent speech of Charles I. Courtney, rowing coach at Cornell, will help to clarify the situation.

Speaking on the situation at Cornell, Courtney opened a radical and startling speech with the words: "There is something wrong either with our athletics or our athletes."

Athletics Arraigned.

Then followed an arraignment of athletics:

"I want to tell you a few things that I don't believe in:

"I don't believe in a 4-mile race. I never did, and I am unalterably opposed to it for several reasons. One is that the average boy can't give the necessary time from his university work to make proper preparation for a 4-mile race.

"I don't believe the varsity crew should be called on to row more than one race in a season, and I think that race should be after college closes in the summer.

"I don't believe that our freshmen should be allowed to take part in any intercollegiate games or races during the college year.

"I don't believe in intercollegiate sports when they are carried to the extent to which they are carried today.

"I don't believe in raking the country over with a fine toothed comb to find a lot of star prep school athletes and persuade them to come to the university.

"The time is past in this country when our great manufacturing and other concerns rated our universities according to the standard of their athletic teams and the number of athletes they turned out. What they are demanding is good men. They are looking for young men who come to college to get an education.

Eighty-Six Games and Races.

"We have arranged at Cornell for this year eighty-six games and races. Have you ever stopped to think of the amount of time it takes to prepare for those games and races and to play the games and row the races? Figure it up and see if the faculty is not justified in saying that if the boys gave more time to proper work and less time to their athletics, the university could turn out better men.

"I have seen a professor of Sibley college leaving town with a party of students for a week to make an important test somewhere. They were going to do work which would reflect credit on the university and would be of some permanent good to the human race, but I didn't see any cheer leaders or brass band at the station to give them a sendoff.

"I ask you here tonight if, in justice to the faculty, it is not time to call a halt?"

WORLD RECORD BROKEN BY AVIATOR INGOLD

Munich, Germany, February 8.—The aviator Ingold today broke the world's record for an endurance flight. He remained in air for sixteen hours and 20 minutes and covered a distance estimated at 1,050 miles without landing. Ingold started at Mulhausen, Alsace, and flew far to the north. He then proceeded southward to Munich, landing in a suburb.

The previous record of 14 hours and 7 minutes was made by Brunolanger at Johannisthal, February 3.

PREP LEAGUE FIVES IN EIGHTH ROUND

The eighth round of local prep basketball will be played Tuesday afternoon by the various teams scheduled to appear. The card that will be played is as follows: Boys' high at Tech high, Peacock-Fleet at Marist and Donald Fraser at Stone Mountain.

Much interest has been manifested in the local league this year, and some great basketball has been played by the various members. Boys' high is still leading the league, with a perfect percentage, having won every game they have played so far. Georgia Military college and Donald Fraser are all closely bunched around the top, and are pushing each other hard for the next highest place. Tech high has at last come to life, and are now playing the class of ball that they are capable of.

The standing of the teams, with the games played Friday, is as follows:

TEAMS.	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Boys' high	6	0	1.000
Marist college	4	1	.800
Donald Fraser	5	2	.750
G. M. A.	4	3	.571
Tech high	2	4	.333
Stone Mountain	1	5	.167
Peacock-Fleet	0	7	.000

BRANCH FORD PLANTS IN MANY BIG CITIES

The Ford plant at Detroit alone would support a city from 75,000 to 100,000 people, and there are the branch assembling plants located at Buffalo, Cambridge, Chicago, Columbus, Dallas, Denver, Houston, Kansas City, Portland, Ore., San Francisco, Seattle and St. Louis in this country, and, besides those, there is the Ford Motor company, Ltd., of Canada, with a factory at Ford, Ont., across the Detroit river from Detroit and Canadian service stations at Montreal, Toronto, Vancouver, London, Ont.; Calgary, Montreal, Hamilton, Saskatoon and Winnepeg. Then there are the Manchester, England factory, and service stations at Hamburg, Germany, and Paris, France.

The whole purpose of this gigantic system of branch plants is to facilitate manufacturing and shipping and to assure Ford owners in every part of the world the highest type of service after they have purchased their car.

But not only do these branch factories, each one of them a great institution in itself, perform this function, but they are backed up by the selling and distributing organization of the company, which includes individual agents in every community, from the cities down to the hamlet.

Every cog in this wheel of industry works to perfect this service. Every Ford agent, no matter how few cars he handles, is required by his contract to carry a supply of Ford parts so that Ford owners never have their cars out of commission except for a few days, or generally only hours, unless the car has met with a serious accident.

HIGH SCHOOL RIFLE COMPETITION CLOSES

Washington, February 8.—Deering, Portland, Maine, and Iowa City are leading class "A." Jamaica, Long Island, class "B," and Cedar Rapids and Auburn, Cal., class "C" in the inter-city high school rifle competition. Scores for the fourth match, made public today, include:

Class A—Deering, Portland, Maine, 995 v. Baltimore Poly, 925; Iowa City, 962 v. Salt Lake, 945.

Class B—Jamaica, Long Island, 905 v. Manual, Brooklyn, 891.

Class C—Cedar Rapids, Iowa, 895 v. Warren, Pa., 793; Auburn, Cal., 918 v. Tucson, Ariz., 830; Broken Bow, Neb., 835 v. Houston, Texas, 788.

MAKE PORTRAITS

of your friends and the folks at home—use the simple portrait attachment on your kodak. Jno. L. Moore & Sons have them and will be glad to show you. 42 N. Broad St.—(adv.)

GEORGIA AND TECH FIVES WILL MEET

Old Rivals in Athletics Tie Up on Basketball Floor at Athens on Next Saturday Night.

The basketball teams of the University of Georgia and the Georgia School of Technology, those old-time rivals in all branches of athletics, will meet on the basketball floor in Athens on Saturday night.

This will be the first of two games between the teams, a return game being scheduled for the Crystal Palace at Tech at a later date.

ARTHUR SCHWIND NOW IN THE CRACKER FOLD

Former Texas Leaguer Wires Bill Smith That Contract Is On the Way.

Comes now Arthur Schwind, last season of the Texas league, telling Bill Smith, in a telegram, that he is mailing his signed contract with the Crackers. Schwind is a promising candidate for shortstop.

Smith received his wire Sunday night.

With the signature of Schwind, but five more contracts remain to be signed.

MICH. AGRICULTURAL EQUALS COLLEGE RECORD

Washington, February 8.—Michigan Agricultural college equalled the college record in the inter-collegiate rifle shooting competition the past week when it made a score of 988 out of a possible 1,000 points. M. R. Freeman, of this team, tied the individual record with a perfect score of 200. This is the second time this has ever been done in college shooting.

Results for the week announced today include:

Class A—Michigan Aggies, 988 v. Massachusetts Aggies, 968; North Georgia Aggies, 923 v. Princeton, 911.

Class B—Washington State, 968 v. Vermont, 918; Dartmouth, 923 v. Kansas, 849; Oklahoma Aggies, 917 v. Columbia defaulted; Clemson, 900 v. Lehigh, 874.

Class C—Illinois, 934 v. Louisiana State, defaulted; Notre Dame, 931 v. Missouri, 903; Kansas State Aggies, 908 v. Pennsylvania State, defaulted.

DUTCH-BELGIAN TEAM CAPTURES SIX-DAY RACE

Brussels, February 8.—The six-day bicycle race, which ended tonight, was won by the Dutch-Belgian team, Johann Stol and Cyril Vanhouwaert, who covered 2,800 miles. The French team, Lapize and Miquel, finished second, and the American team, McNamara and Moran, third. Walthour and Cameron were eighth, while Root and Thomas abandoned the race in the 136th hour.

Duncan Goes to "Feds."

Dallas, Texas, February 8.—"Duke" Duncan, outfielder, who was sold to the Philadelphia Nationals by Dallas, of the Texas league, last season, has signed a three-year contract with the Baltimore Federals. Duncan so wrote President Gardner, of the Dallas club, in a letter received here today.

LONG FIGHT WON BY COL. PERKINS

Continued From Page One.

iels let it be known that the Perkins case and the activity of Colonel Waller as a member of the military clique influenced his action.

Many in the Scandal.

Involved in the scandal are the marine corps officers, who figured in the investigation of the marine corps headquarters under the Taft administration. Major General Commandant George F. Elliott charged several of his subordinates with endeavoring to force his retirement in favor of a member of the clique. However, in the Perkins case, Major General Elliott appears as the head of the clique. Colonel Charles H. Luaobheimer, adjutant of the corps, a leading social figure in Washington, and president of the Army and Navy club, is also involved.

The action of Secretary Daniels is regarded as another step in his fight to break up the military cliques which he appears to be convinced exist in Washington. Those who recall President Wilson's successful fight against secret societies in college life while president of Princeton university, anticipate that retary in this program.

Long service at the national capital is regarded by Secretary Daniels as destructive to any officer, since it leads to the cultivation of political influence in one's support, and he proposes to ask for legislation rigidly limiting the term of any officer's detail to four years at one time in this city.

ENRAGED HUSBAND SHOOTS AT NEGRO

Continued From Page One.

and Mrs. J. Harrison, of Chestnut street, Atlanta, leaned his elbow upon the window sill.

It projected several inches beyond the back of the seat in which Mr. and Mrs. Harrison were sitting. Harrison asked the black to remove it, as it was almost directly beneath the face of his wife. The negro failed, whereupon the white man stood erect, slapping him vigorously in the face. The negro jerked a pair of brass knucks from his coat pocket, striking at his assailant. The lick went wide, lodging upon the face of Mrs. Harrison. The blood was drawn, and she reeled from her seat, dazed from the fierce blow.

Fires on Negro.

Harrison jumped into the aisle, reaching a hand toward his hip for his revolver. The conductor rushed forward, as did a number of male passengers. He was caught and held, while the negro struggled toward the rear platform to flee. Harrison broke loose, unlimbered his pistol and fired only once. The negro fell in a heap, screaming with pain.

The trolley was stopped, and the wounded black was put in charge of a policeman who happened to be standing at the corner, and was sent to police headquarters, where he will be tried before Recorder Broyles this morning at 8:30 o'clock.

LOW ROUND-TRIP RATES TO WASHINGTON AND RICHMOND.

February 16, 17, $19.35 to Washington; February 21, 22, 23, $16.70 to Richmond. Seaboard.—(adv.)

FEDERALS TO FIGHT FOR TWO PLAYERS

Determined to Retain Possession of Killifer and Kirkpatrick—Say Action Will Begin Soon.

Chicago, February 8.—Legal action for the services of William Killifer and Enos Kirkpatrick will be begun within ten days, by the Federal Baseball league, according to an announcement tonight by Edward E. Gates, of Indianapolis, chief counsel for the league, who spent the day in conference with James Gilmore. Federal Counsel Gates said probably no legal effort would be made to keep Leonard Cole, as league officials had decided he probably was under a moral contract with organized baseball at the time he signed a Federal agreement.

Suits to hold the players will be brought by the Chicago and Baltimore clubs, who hold the contracts of Killifer and Kirkpatrick, respectively.

"These facts are undisputed," said Gates tonight. "Killifer and Kirkpatrick signed with the Federals when they had not signed or agreed to sign with our rivals. We propose to protect those contracts.

"Cole probably had accepted terms with the New York Americans when he signed our contract, and we will turn Cole over to the Americans on the return of $500 advance money given him."

President Gilmore tonight said the following umpires had been signed for the Federals: William Brennan, National league; Steve Cusack, Three I league; William Bush, National and Pacific Coast leagues; Barry McMormick, manager of Peoria club of Three I league, and Steve Kane, Ollie Anderson, A. Mannassau and Monte Cross, all former major league umpires and players.

TOLEDO FRANCHISE GOES TO CLEVELAND

Chicago, February 8.—The Toledo franchise of the American Association of Baseball Clubs has been transferred to Cleveland, it was reported today. The deal has been pending for some time, it was said, but the change could not be officially confirmed tonight, because President Chivington, of the American association, is on the way to New York.

AMUSEMENTS

"Little Lost Sister."

(At the Atlanta.)

Beginning tonight the Atlanta will offer at special popular prices the sensational Virginia Brooks' white slave play, "Little Lost Sister," which has been stirring all the country and in which five companies are on the road. The play is based upon the actual experiences of Miss Virginia Brooks, the modern Joan of Arc, and tells the story of vice conditions at first hand. It is also an extremely interesting play, showing an original cabaret scene where in the country mother finds her missing daughter in the midst of vice. The play will be seen three nights with 25 and 50-cent matinees on Tuesday and Wednesday.

Henrietta Crosman.

(At the Atlanta.)

Following the white slave play, Henrietta Crosman will come to the Atlanta with a bright, modern comedy, "The Tongues of Men." This comedy won the approval of the Drama league in New York, as well as the critics, and is well worth while in every respect. Miss Crosman is bringing her New York company, and is sure of a fine reception in Atlanta. She has appeared twice at the Atlanta and won enthusiastic approval each time. This year she is sure to repeat her former successes. "The Tongues of Men" is a play which is sure to arouse enthusiasm, and Miss Crosman has the ability to put it over as few actresses have, as her art is pronounced. It will be at the Atlanta Thursday, Friday and Saturday. Seats go on sale this morning at 9 o'clock.

Keith Vaudeville.

(At the Forsyth.)

All the acts that have been assigned to the Forsyth for this week are the sort that appear only in the exclusive Keith theaters in these United States. Lucy Daly is the headliner. Miss Daly has often appeared in Atlanta in musical comedy. This will be her first vaudeville appearance. She will have a company of ten people, including the famous society dancing master, Paul Jones Chute. C. H. O'Donnell and his company will offer a novelty act. Pietro, the greatest of all piano-accordionists will appear. Mr. and Mrs. Mark Murphy will present an Irish comedy sketch that will have a drawing value; Any Rice, the character comedian, will become popular with song and story; John and Winnie Hennings, with a comical and original variety act, and the Alexander brothers will show entertainment in bouncing rubber balls.

"We Are Seven."

(At the Lyric.)

Great interest has developed in this week's stock presentation at the Lyric—the Hackett company will play a comedy. The sterling organization has scored about the best hit that has ever been registered in Atlanta by a stock company. The plays for six weeks have been of a class that gave the company excellent opportunity to establish itself, but there has been a desire on the part of many regular patrons to test the ability of the players in comedy, and the management lost no time in securing "We Are Seven," a sparkling play from the pen of Elenore Gates, who wrote "The Poor Little Rich Girl." The comedy has been running at the Maxine Elliott theater in New York and has been indorsed by all the leading critics of Gotham. It has never been attempted in stock.

GET A "FITS-U"

You can now wear eye glasses. The "Fits-U" fits any nose and stays on—comfortably. We'll take pleasure in showing it. A. K. Hawkes Co., Opticians, 14 Whitehall.—(adv.)

AMUSEMENTS.

ATLANTA Tonight Tues. and Wed.
Matinees Tuesday and Wednesday
Virginia Brooks' White Slave Play
LITTLE LOST SISTER
NIGHTS 25c to $1 Mats 25c and 50c
Thursday, Friday, Saturday
Matinee Saturday
HENRIETTA CROSMAN
in "The Tongues of Men"
NIGHTS 25c to $2; MAT. 25c to $1.50
SEATS NOW SELLING

ATLANTA'S BUSY THEATER
FORSYTH Daily Matinee at 2:30 Evenings at 8:30
First Vaudeville Appearance Here
LUCY DALY and Her Company in Songs and New Tango Dances
C. H. O'Donnell & Co., Pietro, Mr. & Mrs. Mark Murphy, Andy Rice and Others.
Better be quick if you want seats this week.

LYRIC ALL THIS WEEK HACKETT
SEVENTH WEEK STOCK
NORMAN HACKETT COMPANY
IN THE SPARKLING NEW COMEDY
"WE ARE SEVEN"
ALAN DALE INDORSED THE WHOLE SHOW!

ATTACKS CHURCHMEN WHO HEAD CITY CLUBS

Dr. Daniel Says They Should Make the Reforms Without Being Forced.

Dr. Charles W. Daniel, pastor of the First Baptist church, in his sermon Sunday morning, severely attacked church-member councilmen and church-member directors of locker clubs in the city for continually neglecting their Christian duty in knowingly allowing locker clubs to violate the prohibition law. Despite the coldness of the day, a large congregation was stirred by the pastor's statements in regard to the locker club situation.

"The fact is indisputable," said Dr. Daniel, "that every saloon and club in Atlanta is operating in violation and defiance of the law of Georgia.

"It appears to be a fact that the city council, a majority of which are members of churches, is conniving, for the sake of revenue, at this violation of law.

"It is a fact that several, if not all, of these clubs are composed largely of influential citizens and prominent church members."

"The issue is joined in Atlanta as to whether a man can be a member of the Church of Christ and a member of a blind tiger club at the same time. In my opinion the time is now upon us when the clubs must either reform or every Christian man must retire from membership therein."

In conclusion, he said: "The cause of Christ and civic righteousness will be brought to shame, if the Christian men, who are particeps criminis in the violation of law by their club memberships, wait for the processes of the courts to put an end to a condition of affairs which is in their power to stop any day they choose."

B. Y. P. U. EDUCATIONAL BENEFIT A SUCCESS

The entertainment given at the Alamo Theater No. 2 Sunday afternoon for the benefit of the Baptist Young Peoples' union educational fund was a distinct success.

Dr. W. R. Owen lectured on "Do the Dead Know?" Solon Drukenmiller, the celebrated tenor, rendered in his sweetest voice one of his favorite solos. The Atlanta quartette sang several songs. Members of the quartette are Messrs. Bell, Dibble, Brooks and Westbrook.

IF KIDNEYS ARE WEAK TRY BUCHU

Mixed With Juniper Is Old Folks' Recipe for Flushing Kidneys—Stops Backache and Uric Acid.

When you wake up with backache and dull misery in the kidney region, it generally means your kidneys are weak. When your kidneys get sluggish and clog, you must relieve them, like you relieve your bowels, removing all the body's urinous waste, else you have backache, sick headache, dizzy spells; your stomach sours, tongue is coated, and when the weather is bad you have rheumatic twinges, channels often get sore, water scalds and you are obliged to seek relief two or three times during the night.

To relieve this distressing condition at once, get from your pharmacist a 14-oz. bottle of Stuart's Buchu and Juniper Compound. Take a tablespoonful in a glass of water after meals. Stop eating sweets or sugar. In a few days your kidneys will then act fine and natural. A well-known authority says this is the best treatment.

Stuart's Buchu and Juniper Compound acts directly on the urine through the kidneys. It keeps the blood healthy. It strengthens the neck of the bladder. It regulates the kidneys and does away with backache and all disagreeable symptoms. If discouraged with other medicines, buy a 14-oz. bottle of your druggist today.

ASTHMA CATARRH
WHOOPING COUGH BRONCHITIS SPASMODIC CROUP COUGHS COLDS

Vapo-Cresolene

ESTABLISHED 1879

A simple, safe and effective treatment for bronchial troubles, without dosing the stomach with drugs. Used with success for thirty-four years.

The air carrying the antiseptic vapor, inspired with every breath, makes breathing easy, soothes the sore throat, and stops the cough, assuring restful nights. Cresolene is invaluable to mothers with young children and a *boon* to sufferers from Asthma.

Send us postal for descriptive booklet.

ALL DRUGGISTS.

Try Cresolene Antiseptic Throat Tablets for the irritated throat. They are simple, effective and antiseptic. Of your druggist or from us, 10c in stamps.

VAPO CRESOLENE CO.
62 Cortlandt St., N. Y.

Weak, Nervous and Diseased Men
Permanently Cured

Dr. Hughes is an an experienced Specialist, who successfully treats and permanently cures Blood Poison, Skin Diseases, Nervousness, Varicocele Veins, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Obstructions, Catarrnal Discharges and all nervous and chronic diseases of Men and Women.

I am against high and extortionate fees charged by some physicians and specialists. You will find my charges very reasonable and no more than you are able to pay for skillful treatment. Consult me in person or by letter and learn the truth about your condition, and perhaps save much time, suffering and expense. I am a regular graduate and licensed, long established, and reliable.

FOR 30 DAYS MY FEE WILL BE JUST ONE-HALF WHAT OTHER SPECIALISTS CHARGE, WEEKLY OR MONTHLY PAYMENTS ACCEPTED.

I use the latest serums and bacterins for the treatment of chronic conditions which have failed to yield to ordinary treatment.

FOR WEAKNESS, LYMPH COMPOUND, combined with my direct treatment, will restore the vital forces to the fullest degree.

IN CHRONIC DISEASES my patients are cured in less time, quickly; and I use the latest improved methods. Consultation and advice FREE. Call or write. Hours: 9 a. m. to 7 p. m.; SUNDAYS, 9 to 1.

DR. HUGHES, Specialist
Opposite Third National Bank,
18½ N. Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

CEPHAS M. BROWN DIES UNEXPECTEDLY

Funeral Services Will Take Place on Tuesday Morning at 10 O'Clock.

Cephas M. Brown, native Atlantan, a son of the late Clinton I. Brown, an Atlanta pioneer, died suddenly and unexpectedly at the old family home, 331 South Pryor street, yesterday morning at 5 o'clock.

Mr. Brown was at his desk Saturday in the Georgia railway depot where he has been engaged for twelve or fifteen years since he resigned the position of secretary of the Atlanta waterworks board and when he left his office that afternoon he was in apparently good health. Shortly before 5 o'clock Sunday morning he awoke suffering with his heart and within a few minutes breathed his last.

Mr. Brown is survived by his wife, one son, Clinton Brown, of New York, and one daughter, Mrs. M. E. Laird, of Atlanta, a teacher in the city schools; also by four brothers, Walter R. Brown, William S. Brown, Leonard W. Brown, of Atlanta, and Captain Hugh S. Brown, of the United States army and now located in Columbus, Ohio, and two sisters, Miss Cora Brown and Mrs. W. H. Chase.

The funeral will take place from the residence Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock, the Rev. Dr. Daniel, of the First Baptist church, of which Mr. Brown had long been a member, officiating. Interment in Oakland.

ALLEGED COCAINE DEN RAIDED BY DETECTIVES

Plain Clothes Headquarters Men Act as Doorkeepers in Order to Gain Evidence.

Two headquarters detectives acted as doorkeepers in an alleged cocaine dive at the rear of 89 Gilmer street last night, and, after obtaining what they deemed sufficient evidence, made a raid with plain clothes men which resulted in the arrest of thirteen prisoners, a large number of which were women.

The raid was made by Plain Clothes Policemen Looney Milam and George C. Watson and Detectives John Black and Vickery. Black and Vickery had stolen into the house in the rear of No. 89, and, as doorkeepers to the place, had admitted a large number of patrons speking cocaine.

A negress, Mary Harris, is charged at headquarters with having operated the place. A large amount of cocaine was confiscated. Her bond has been fixed at $100. A number of negro women were caught in the raid, along with several white men, one of whom is a special policeman in an uptown theater.

All will be arraigned before Recorder Broyles this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

NEGRO BISHOP ANSWERS ATTACK IN EDITORIAL

Sunday the mid-winter session of the A. M. E. Bishops' council came to a close by many of the leading bishops filling the pulpits of the negro churches in the city.

Bishop W. D. Chappell preached Sunday morning at Big Bethel church. In his sermon he took exception to an editorial published in The Atlanta Independent, a paper edited by Ben J. Davis, which criticised the bishop for saying in a speech here that he was not proud of being a negro.

The bishop said: "Men like Davis cannot make the people of this country believe that I do not love my race. That is as unbelievable as it would be to make them believe that I am a drunkard, or a bigamist, but, I did say, and I say now, that to say that I am proud that I am a negro, is to say that I am proud of everything that happens to me because I happen to be a negro."

The Bishops' council indorsed the convention of young people called by Dr. J. D. Caldwell, and Professor Bryant, of Nashville, to meet in Atlanta in July, and announced the procedure under which a bishop may be tried.

President William A. Fountain, of Morris Brown university, was commended by all of the bishops and general officers for the excellent work he is doing to uplift the negro.

YOUNG DUBLIN BOY INJURED BY FALL FROM MOTORCYCLE

Dublin, Ga., February 8.—(Special.) Charles Hicks, the 13-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Hicks, of this city, was badly injured in a motorcycle accident this afternoon, just outside the city limits.

The young man was riding at a speed of about fifty miles an hour, when his machine became unmanageable and he immediately threw on his brakes, stopping the machine suddenly. The jar threw him to the ground, cutting and bruising his face terribly, and breaking his right leg in two places.

He is in a dangerous condition, and this afternoon was carried to Atlanta to have the fractured limb treated. The accident happened about 4 o'clock.

HOSPITAL CANVASSERS GATHER AT LUNCHEON

The executive committee in charge of the canvass of funds for the Greater Georgia Baptist hospital, announces that another luncheon of pastors and committeemen of the Baptist churches in the city will be held at the Ansley Hotel Tuesday at 1 o'clock, for the purpose of hearing reports of additional funds subscribed to the hospital.

Chairman Cooledge requests that every church in the city be represented. A large amount of subscriptions have been turned in by a few of the churches, and he is anxious to get every church into the work as soon as possible.

"CLEAN UP" SQUAD GOING AFTER GUNMEN

New York, February 8.—Revelations of the great number of gunmen and desperate characters that infest the city were made today to Magistrate McQuade, in police court, by Police Commissioner McKay's "clean-up" squad. This squad has been waging active war agalnst gangs.

Warfare began as a result of recent gun fights among gangmen on the streets of the Lower East Side, in which several persons were shot and one man killed. In the last twenty-one days, 326 revolvers and 27 blackjacks have been confiscated. The squad has raided 18 alleged gambling places made three arrests for larceny, captured one outfit of burglar tools and recovered thousands of dollars' worth of stolen property.

The details came out when prisoners taken in a raid today, one a Chinese opium joint, were arraigned.

WHY DO YOU STILL

wear those Bifocals with seams when Jno. L. Moore & Sons will make you Kryptok—no seam or cement, and add Moore" service to the fitting of the frames. 42 N. Broad St.—(adv.)

Farms *and* Farmers

Address all letters intended for this Department to Col. R. J. Redding, Editor of Farms and Farmers Department, Griffin, Georgia

High Grade Fertilizers.

I have not a word to say against the use of high-grade fertilizers and always recommend them as preferable to low grades. But it is well to clearly understand what is meant by the term "high grade." I take it that the commonly accepted conception is a fertilizer that contains a high percentage of plant food, either a single element or a combination of two, or all three, of the plant food ingredients —available phosphoric acid, nitrogen and potash. The laws of Georgia prescribe "that the words 'high grade' shall not appear on any bag or other package of complete fertilizer, which complete fertilizer contains by its guaranteed analysis less than 10 per cent available phosphoric acid, 1.65 per cent nitrogen (equivalent to 2 per cent ammonia) and 2 per cent of potash, or a grade or anaylsis of equal commercial value." It goes on to prescribe that the "word 'standard' shall not appear on any package containing less than 8—1.65—2;" and that the same words, "high grade," shall not be applied to an acid phosphate with potash when it is guaranteed to contain less than 13—1; and the word "standard" shall not so appear on such package of acid and potash which shall be guaranteed to contain less than 11—1; and that the words "high grade" shall not appear on any package of plain acid phosphate that is guaranteed at less than 14 per cent, nor the word "standard" when the package contains less than 12 per cent available phosphoric acid. It is further provided that no complete fertilizer, nor acid phosphate with potash, nor plain acid phosphate, shall be offered for sale in Georgia that shall contain less than 12 per cent of total plant food, namely, available phosphoric acid, nitrogen (when considered as ammonia) and potash, either singly or in combination.

Now, as I interpret the state law, it is not intended to discriminate against standard and low grade fertilizers, but the purpose is to protect the farmer from being imposed upon (in the matter of price) by having foisted upon him a bag of fertilizer branded "high grade" when, in fact, it is a standard grade or low grade, or as a standard grade when it is, in fact, a low grade.

Some farmers insist on buying and using only high-grade fertilizers. This is all right, provided the prices per unit (per cent) of the valuable ingredients are no greater than in the lower grades. It is a fact that the prices per unit of a high-grade ingredient, or a high-grade guano, are usually lower. This applies especially to acid phosphate and potash salts. A 16 per cent acid phosphate costs less in proportion to manufacture than does a 12 or 14 per cent.

Muriate of potash is nearly always cheaper per pound of contained potash than is kainit, because of the freight and handling. But cotton seed meal, although containing only 6.20 to 7 per cent of nitrogen, may be, and often is, cheaper than nitrate of soda, containing 15½ per cent of nitrogen, or dried blood, containing 14 per cent of nitrogen.

There is no essential or inherent advantage in high grades. In other words, 2,000 pounds of 12—4—4 guano costing $30, is not a whit cheaper or more effective than 4,000 pounds of 6—2—3, costing $30, laid down in the field in both cases. Hence, I advise the use of cotton seed meal in most of the formulas, because it is a home material and is usually a cheaper source of nitrogen. Of course, dried blood is just as good, if it does not cost more than twice as much laid down as high-grade cotton seed meal.

Nitrate of soda stands by itself as the most convenient and most quickly soluble, but it may be properly applied only to a growing crop, but should not, as a rule, be used in a mixture, except in a very small quantity.

It may be added when a farmer wishes to mix, say 16 per cent acid phosphate, cotton seed meal and kainit as a fertilizer for cotton on lands inclined or known to rust, it would be practically impossible to do so and yet get a high-grade fertilizer, because cotton seed meal and kainit are naturally or necessarily low grade, in the sense of containing a much smaller percentage of nitrogen (cotton seed meal) and potash (the kainit) than other materials that might be used to supply the same elements, such as dried blood, tankage and nitrate of soda (for nitrogen) or sulphate or muriate of potash or manure salt (for potash).

But in using these comparatively low-grade ingredients (cotton seed meal and kainit) the farmer secures a mixture that is "high grade" in a somewhat different sense, and that may answer his purposes just as perfectly and profitably as would the high grades.

Farmers ought to be careful not to buy acid phosphate with potash of other than high grade, because it is a fact that such low grade as 8—4, 10—2, 9—3, etc., are quite generally made of high grade, even 16 per cent acid phosphate, and muriate of potash, and then toned down (degraded) by adding several hundred pounds for no other purpose than to meet the demand of the thoughtless farmer for an apparently low-priced mixture. Of course, the manufacturer charges for the filler, for he has to buy it himself, and charges for putting it in, and the railroads charge for hauling it, likewise the drayman.

R. J. REDDING.
Griffin, Ga.

MEMPHIS BANK RUINED BY ACTS OF PRESIDENT

Defaults of C. H. Raine Render Mercantile Bank Insolvent, Directors Say.

Memphis, Tenn., February 8.—Directors of the Mercantile bank, considered one of the strongest financial institutions of this city, tonight declared the bank insolvent, and ordered that its doors remain closed tomorrow.

Resolutions adopted by the directors declared this action necessary "in view of the defaults of the president, C. H. Raine, this day discovered." General Luke E. Wright and Carruthers Ewing, as attorneys, were authorized to file a petition in chancery court tomorrow for the conservation of the assets of the bank.

Mr. Raine, it is stated, has turned over all his personal estate, estimated at about $40,000, to the bank. He declined to make any statement today. No authoritative statement has been made of the amount of the alleged defalcation.

The Mercantile bank was capitalized at $200,000 and had a surplus of $100,000. The last statement, published on January 6, showed deposits of $1,861,109.07; undivided profits, $87.73, and notes and bills payable of $275,000.

Of the resources, loans and discounts were stated to be $1,130,400; overdrafts, $13,820; banking house, $134,000; actual cash, $424,784; due from banks and bankers, $489,165; exchanges for clearing house, $54,907; checks and cash items, $572; cash items in transit, $137,778. Other items of resources bring the total to $2,436,197.

Representatives of other banks in the city agreed tonight that as the troubles of the Mercantile bank are due to the alleged default and not to general business conditions, their institutions will not be affected by the closing of its doors.

Officials of the Mercantile bank declined tonight to state the amount of the alleged shortage, but bankers close to the directors of the institution estimated that it will be between $300,000 and $500,000. All of the bank's books are under a time lock and they cannot be reached before tomorrow.

Mr. Raine's alleged defalcation is said to have been due to speculation in which he has lost heavily within the fast thirty to sixty days. A state examiner will arrive tomorrow from Nashville to investigate the bank's affairs.

The attorneys prepared a petition tonight to be presented to Chancellor Heiskell early tomorrow asking that a receiver be appointed.

Besides Mr. Raine, the officers of the bank are:

J. M. Fowkles and Luke E. Wright, vice presidents, and Claude Anderson, cashier. The directorate includes half a dozen of the wealthiest men in Memphis.

The principal out-of-town connections of the bank are in New York and St. Louis.

Mr. Raine entered the bank as a clerk more than thirty years ago, and advanced to the presidency in 1903. After serving three years he resigned because of the pressure of personal affairs but became president again the following year. At one time Mr. Raine was the owner of a large stable of trotting horses.

NONE OF THE BODIES DISCOVERED BY DIVERS

Norfolk, Va., February 8.—In the opinion of expert divers who have thoroughly examined the wreck of the Old Dominion steamer Monroe, sunk in collision with the Nantucket, while the bodies of the forty-one victims, as well as the cargo, can be saved, the vessel itself is a total loss.

The statement is made that the reason none of the bodies of the dead have come to the surface or been rescued is due to the fact that the terrific force of collision jammed the timbers and doors of the starboard saloons and staterooms, practically and effectually sealing them from the action of the sea. Divers have found it impossible to open these doors, even with the aid of heavy axes, and state that explosives must be used to liberate the dead.

The examination of the exterior by the divers disclosed the fact that near the bridge, on the starboard side, below the waterline, and extending through the hull to the keep, there is a ragged hole large enough to permit the passage of half a dozen men abreast.

W. C. BAKER FACES TRIAL FOR MURDER IN ROME

Rome, Ga., February 8.—(Special.)—Floyd superior court will convene for the fifth week's session Monday morning. The first case on the docket is that of W. C. Baker, charged with the murder of E. R. Lamb, in Lindale, on January 22. Thirty-three witnesses have been summoned for the state and defendant, and the trial will doubtless take at least two days.

HERRMAN KNOCKING FEDERAL LEAGUERS

Can't Get Grounds and Can't Get Players — That's What He Thinks.

New York, February 8.—On the eve of what promises to be a week of unusual interest to major and minor league baseball club owners and players, as well as patrons of the national game, delegates to the annual schedule meetings of the International, National and American leagues arrived here tonight. Among the first to reach their respective meeting places were President August Herrman, of the Cincinnati Nationals, and President Edward Barrow, of the International league. Governor John K. Tener, of Pennsylvania, president of the National league, is expected at the league headquarters tomorrow, and Thomas Chivington, the executive of the American association, is looked for about the same time.

The invasion by the newly formed Federal league is the matter uppermost in the minds of all interested in baseball, but President Herrman, of the National commission, does not seem to be much worried as to what inroads, if any, the Federals will make in the field of organized baseball.

"I cannot see," said the Cincinnati club owner tonight, "how new grounds can be procured and stands built in time for the playing season by Federals in Chicago, St. Louis, Pittsburg, Baltimore, Buffalo, Toronto or other cities, where it is claimed they are going to place clubs. Besides, they will find it difficult to get enough players to make up the teams, for should the venture be tried and a failure ensue, the players who had jumped their contracts could not be trusted by organized league clubs and they would find it no easy matter to get back into the game. Players are wide awake to their own interests, and for this very reason I am strongly of the opinion that it will be hard for the new league to get the right men."

ACTOR IS ARRESTED ON LARCENY CHARGE MADE BY TWO GIRLS

Arrested on a charge of having invaded the room of two young girl guests of the Peachtree Inn, Fred Maldin, an actor, aged 32 years, was carried to police headquarters Sunday morning where he was released under bond of $100.

He was accused of larceny and disorderly conduct. His case will be heard before Recorder Broyles this morning at 8:30 o'clock. He denies the charges vigorously, declaring that in court he will be acquitted.

The names of the girls accusing Maldin are not known by the police. They will be subpoenaed, however.

Great Cake Will Tell Why Atlanta Should Get Elks 1914 Convention

The committee appointed by the Atlanta lodge, No. 78, Benevolent Protective Order of Elks, for the purpose of securing the national convention for Atlanta in 1916, yesterday selected R. A. Gordon as a delegate to the national banquet of the Elks which will be held at the Waldorf-Astoria hotel, New York city, next Thursday, in commemoration of the forty-sixth anniversary of the order.

It is known that the 1915 convention will go to one of the towns on the western seaboard of the country, due to the proximity to the Panama exposition. No attempt will be made by the committee, therefore, to secure next year's convention.

At the anniversary banquet to be held in New York next Thursday Atlanta will tender a mammoth cake, crowned with forty-six huge candles, representing the forty-sixth anniversary. Mr. Gordon will urge "Why Atlanta should have the convention in 1916."

UNIONISTS PLANNING TO DEFEAT HOME RULE

London, February 8.—It is reported that the latest unionist device to force a dissolution of parliament and thus defeat the measure providing for home rule for Ireland is for the house of lords to reject the annual army budget bill. The army then would cease to exist, and the government would be compelled to appeal to the country.

It is believed that such an extreme course is hardly practicable, and the milder suggestion is said to be favored of amending the bill so as to put the army out of existence in Ireland alone and thus prevent it being employed to coerce Ulster.

COTTON TRADE DEPENDS ON THE SPOT DEMAND

Improvement in Inquiry for Spots Will Lead to Covering of Short Cotton.

New Orleans, La., February 8.—The situation in the cotton market this week will hinge largely on the spot demand. At the end of last week the market displayed signs of being oversold, and very likely any improvement in the inquiry for spots would lead to considerable covering of short cotton. On the other hand, lower quotations for spots and any weakness on the part of holders would encourage fresh short selling, further liquidation of the long interest, and would lead to a lower range of values than has yet been seen.

The trade will watch statistics closely for any indications of a falling off in receipts. Thus far this season there has come into sight a total of 11,822,411 bales, against 11,983,247 two years ago when the commercial crop was 16,138,000 bales. Bears contend that such figures can only mean that the crop has been greatly underestimated, but the bulls consider that this is the quickest move in the crop on record, and that receipts are bound to fall off sharply before long. It is pointed out that if this crop is of 14,500,000 bales, which is the present consensus of opinion, there remain only 2,700,000 bales to come into sight during the remaining five and three-quarter months of this season. The into-sight this last week was 227,617 bales; at this rate it would take only about eight weeks more to bring the entire commercial crop into sight. The into-sight promises to be the main feature of the statistical statement this week, and may result in important price changes.

Less attention will be given new crop preparations this week than last because of the setback farm work has received from the stormy and cold weather of late. Only the forwardness of farm work caused interest in the new crop; with cold and stormy weather this month the situation in the interior takes on a more normal look.

It probably will continue to be a professional, trading market. No features of great importance to arouse outside interest are now in sight.

BAND CLEARINGS IN UNITED STATES FOR THE PAST WEEK

Bank clearings in the United States for the week aggregate $3,774,256,000, against $3,750,327,000 last week and $3,529,086,000 in this week last year. Canadian clearings aggregate $159,516,000, as against $143,162,000 last week and $179,267,000 in this week last year. Following are the returns for this week and last, with percentages of change from this week last year:

CITIES.	February 5.	Inc.	Dec.
New York	$2,275,162,000	5.7	....
Chicago	332,265,000	2.4	....
Philadelphia	176,191,000	.7	....
Boston	191,098,000	....	2.1
St. Louis	82,144,000	.1	....
Pittsburg	81,040,000	....	17.7
Kansas City	52,985,000	....	17.7
San Francisco	50,142,000	....	7.7
Baltimore	37,766,000	....	14.3
Detroit	25,602,000	13.2	....
Cincinnati	29,501,000	6.5	....
Minneapolis	22,436,000	2.4	....
Cleveland	28,996,000	19.1	....
Los Angeles	23,616,000	....	16.9
New Orleans	22,060,000	11.7	....
Omaha	17,200,000	3.8	....
Milwaukee	17,925,000	13.6	....
ATLANTA	16,486,000	23.2	....
Louisville	17,229,000	5.4	....
Seattle	10,794,000	5.4	....
Buffalo	11,355,000	1.7	....
Portland, Ore.	10,473,000	5.5	....
St. Paul	10,223,000	4.0	....
Denver	8,602,000	....	5.0
Indianapolis	7,842,000	....	6.0
Providence	8,829,000	....	.9
Memphis	8,820,000	....	.9
Richmond	8,956,000	....	.1
Fort Worth	8,209,000	....	4.8
St. Louis	7,563,000	....	.5
Washington, D. C.	8,090,000	3.4	....
Nashville	7,420,000	2.1	....
Albany	6,694,000	4.7	....
Columbus	8,093,000	16.4	....
Salt Lake City	5,146,000	....	16.5
Salt Lake City	5,146,000	....	16.5
Savannah	6,948,000	15.2	....
Toledo	5,578,000	16.5	....
Des Moines	5,549,000	20.2	....
Rochester	4,590,000	....	5.5
Martford	7,105,000	....	8.5
Duluth	2,728,000	....	12.9
Spokane	3,923,000	....	12.1
Norfolk	4,467,000	5.7	....
Macon	4,696,000	26.8	....
Peoria	3,548,000	....	20.9
Sioux City	3,391,000	11.4	....
Jacksonville, Fla.	3,329,000	1.0	....
Birmingham	3,817,000	7.1	....
Wichita	3,388,000	....	5.6
Grand Rapids	3,719,000	19.3	....
New Haven	3,430,000	4.3	....
Syracuse	3,346,000	3.0	....
Scranton	3,832,000	28.4	....
Springfield, Mass.	2,689,000	....	3.0
San Diego	2,126,000	....	26.5
Tacoma	1,899,000	....	24.7
Evansville	2,453,000	11.8	....
Chattanooga	2,648,000	....	2.5
Dayton	2,599,000	11.1	....
Little Rock	2,692,000	2.1	....
Wheeling	2,130,000	....	15.8
Augusta, Ga.	2,200,000	3.2	....
Sacramento	1,727,000	3.4	....
Portland, Me.	2,268,000	6.2	....
Charleston, S. C.	2,709,000	39.5	....
Lincoln	2,095,000	1.5	....
Trenton	1,765,000	8.2	....
Akron	1,336,000	....	5.0
Oklahoma	2,005,000	1.0	....
Wilmington, Del.	1,694,000	....	6.3
Topeka	1,671,000	....	19.1
Knoxville	1,830,000	11.1	....
Cedar Rapids	1,860,000	4.8	....
Lancaster	1,515,000	....	13.1
Youngstown	1,882,000	20.4	....
Wilkesbarre	1,885,000	10.5	....
Waterloo	1,434,000	14.3	....
Davenport	1,775,000	....	16.2
Canton	1,775,000	25.6	....
Mobile	1,656,000	8.0	....
Fort Wayne	1,192,000	7.1	....
Fall River	1,251,000	2	....
Tulsa	1,682,000	85.6	....
Springfield, Ill.	1,102,000	....	.6
New Bedford	1,106,000	5.1	....
Columbia	1,191,000	5.1	....
Erie	1,180,000	28.6	....
Muskogee	1,055,000	6.2	....
Lexington	1,115,000	....	31.3
Austin	22,214,000	....	....
Harrisburg	21,958,000	....	....
Houston	*10,103,209	....	....
Galveston	*19,510,000	....	5.9
Total outside N. Y.	$1,499,093,000	.7	....
Total U. S.	$3,774,256,000	3.6	....

*Not included in totals because containing other items than clearings. †Made up on new basis. ‡Not included in totals; comparisons incomplete.

"GO-TO-CHURCH" FIGHT WINS BIG ATTENDANCE

Boston, February 8.—The "go-to-church" campaign waged here for several weeks culminated today in an estimated attendance of more than 100,000 persons at the forenoon services in the Protestant churches of the city, with an equally large outpouring of worshippers in cities and towns within a 15-mile radius.

Columbus, Ohio, February 8.—As a result of a two weeks' campaign, conducted by clergymen and newspapers for "go-to-church Sunday," attendance at churches of this city was greatly increased today. At the morning services the average attendance was doubled.

STRIKES TO BE ENDED IN THE SHOE FACTORIES

Brockton, Mass., February 8.—Strikes in the shoe manufacturing industry in this city are believed to be a thing of the past. With the announcement that two shoe manufacturing firms have signed an arbitration agreement with the Boot and Shoe Workers' union, it became known today that all of the thirty manufacturers and 13,000 operatives now stand obliged to employ peaceful means of adjusting labor disputes.

LOW ROUND-TRIP RATES VIA SEABOARD

February 16, 17, $12.35 to Washington; February 21, 22, 23, $16.70 to Richmond. (adv.)

Industries Are Expanding Say Financial Reports

Expansion in Industrial Operations One of the Best Features, Says Dun in Review.

Bradstreet's report says:

Optimism continues to spread, and in some lines of industry, particularly iron and steel, actual improvement keeps encouraging pace with sentiment. Withal, there is sufficient irregularity, primarily traceable to unseasonable weather conditions, to act as a checkrein on the general tendency toward betterment. In the forefront is the fact that trade with larger distributers is expanding, and for so early in the season it may be deemed to be encouragingly good, while movements on the whole surpass those of this time last year.

Buying Is Improving.

Buyers are in the leading markets, and while representatives of some lines have devoted the week mostly to inspecting displays, gradual improvement is the order of the day. There is a good deal of small-lot house buying, purchases indicate that currents are steady, and, all in all, aggregates are relatively large, with western interior distributers placing rather liberal orders for immediate distribution. Road sales likewise are of reasonably good volume, while shipments are heavy, and in its general aspects trade is better for nearby delivery than for far-off account.

Industrial operations are steadily expanding, thus placing a much different face on the problem of idleness than was apparent a month or so ago. Especially good reports come from the iron and steel industry, increased demands, higher prices and better employment being comprehended in the returns, and the textile industries are active, but there is some disposition on the part of buyers to let manufacturers carry stocks, while there is more doing in the woolen goods industry, which does not reflect any baneful influences directly arising from foreign competition. Indeed, domestic rivalry is more noteworthy than competition from over sea. Sentiment as regards the lumber trade continues to mend, and in railroad lines officers are more confident as to the future, though it is conceded that current earnings are not satisfactory.

Money Rates Descending.

Rates for money still are descending, while deposits ascend and buying of commercial paper keeps on a good scale, comparatively cheap rates causing commercial interests as well as manufacturers to take advantage of the redundancy of funds. However, some centers where funds are superabundant note a paucity of choice grades of paper offering for discount. The fact that borrowers are covering their wants on a profitable basis is a good augury of potential expansion. World-wide ease in discount rates facilitates the underwriting of bond issues, public appetite for choice grades apparently being unappeased, thus contrasting strongly with past inability to float loans even at low prices. Incidentally, business failures show an almost perpendicular drop, indicating, perhaps, that the credit strain is less burdensome and that the year-end house cleaning has been thorough. Reports as to winter wheat are good, though there is some uncertainty as to the exceptionally high promise heretofore in evidence being maintained in the face of lower temperatures now reported at the west. Good snow covering is, however, reported in the path of the present storm. Farm work at the south and southwest is ahead of this time last year.

PURCHASE OF CANAL FAVORED BY COMMITTEE

Wshington, February 8.—Purchase of the Chesapeake and Delaware canal from the Chesapeake Bay to the Delaware river, as a part of the intra-coastal waterway from Boston, Mass., to Beaufort, N. C., has been tentatively agreed upon by the house rivers and harbors subcommittee. Final action in the committee probably will be taken tomorrow. The plan will be incorporated in the rivers and harbors bill, which is to aggregate $40,000,000, or so, and to be reported to the house very shortly.

While the details of the bill are withheld, the war department's report urging this action proposed the purchase of the canal at a cost not to exceed $2,514,290, with a view to enlarging it into a sea-level canal of 12 feet depth and 90 feet width, at a maximum cost of $8,000,000, of which $2,000,000 would be available now and the balance at from $500,000 to $1,000,000 a year.

The chief of engineers reported to the house that the general public benefit from the waterway would be that due to the increase of commerce by the use of barges in tows and medium draft boats, and the benefits that might accrue from heavy boats passing through a deeper canal would be mainly local, and consequently should await co-operation by the local states or by those most directly benefited.

The committee majority decided not to take up at this time the project for the proposed waterway from Delaware river to New York bay.

WILL GIVE AWAY COPIES OF WHITE SLAVE BOOK

One thousand free copies of Virginia Brooks' book, "Little Lost Sister," will be distributed among homes for girls and in public institutions early in December. In the hope that the book may show a way to a better life Miss Brooks has decided also to give inmates of questionable resorts free copies. The work is an interesting treatment of white slavery told in a simple way with a gripping plot that holds the reader to the last.

Miss Virginia Brooks is familiar with white slavery. She wrote a series of articles treating on the subject for a Chicago newspaper, and from these articles the story of a little lost sister was made. The way in which property is rented for vice purposes and the snares into which only the cautious can escape are illuminatingly told, both in the book and in the play—the latter dramatized by Edward E. Rose, author of "The Rosary." This play opens at the Atlanta tonight.

Actual Improvement Is Keeping Pace With Sentiment, Declares Bradstreet.

Dun's report says:

There are further evidences of reviving business activity, with the expansion in industrial operations constituting one of the best features of the situation. Somewhat less complaint is now heard regarding labor conditions as the number of unemployed, while apparently still large, has been considerably reduced of late. This obviously enhances the purchasing power of the people and confidence in the future is gradually strengthening. Developments in iron and steel last month were of such an encouraging nature that prices in certain finished lines have been advanced $1 a ton—a significant fact in view of the freedom with which concessions were formerly offered. The output of pig iron in January showed a continued contraction, but the leading interest has recently blown in several blast furnaces, and an increase in production is expected during February. A rather better demand prevails for structural material and the value of building permits in January at sixty-five cities was 9.1 per cent larger than in the same period a year ago. In the copper trade fair bookings are noted, both for domestic and foreign account, and quotations are firmer. Reports from the principal woolen centers are quite favorable, as it is stated that not in months have the mills been so busily engaged as at present.

Prices Continue Low.

Buyers, however, still show a strong disposition to confine purchases to nearby requirements and prices for fall are the lowest named for several years. As a rule, retailers are operating actively in the dry goods markets, and it is evident that stocks of summer merchandise are small.

Statistics of bank clearings for January disclosed a slight decrease as compared with last year, due to a loss at points outside of New York, but for the latest week there were gains of 3.5 and 10.2 per cent, respectively, over the two preceding years. On the other hand, gross railroad earnings thus far reported for January are 3.1 per cent smaller than in 1913, while the record of the country's commercial mortality for that month was particularly adverse in respect to the amount of indebtedness involved. This, however, resulted from several failures of unusual size.

While consumers of iron and steel still proceed conservatively, advices from the Pittsburg district indicate a material gain in the rate of new business. Operations are enlarging at the wire mills, with a good volume of orders already booked, and prices are higher at $1.40 for plain wire and $1.60 for wire nails.

Activity in Dry Goods.

Moderate activity is noted in the primary dry goods markets, but buyers apparently do not believe that current prices will be long maintained. Slight concessions have been made on gray cloths, while offerings of certain grades of drills and sheetings are made at values barely above cost. On the other hand, an advance of ¼c a yard has been announced on a line of southern twilled flannels.

Although trading in leather is still along conservative lines, the undertone of the market continues strong. New business is restricted to some extent by the paucity of supplies, certain buyers withholding orders because regular deliveries are not assured.

While some steadiness was shown in wheat, corn receded in price. The markets for that staple were depressed mainly by the restricted cash demand, while favorable crop reports from Argentina were a contributing influence. That country promises a record yield and estimates on the exportable surplus show material gains over the previous maximum. Significant developments were again lacking in cotton until late in

HUSBAND BEING HELD IN DOUBLE TRAGEDY

Manning Accused of Murder Because His Girl Killed His Wife.

Newark, N. J., February 8.—The police tonight charged Charles I. Manning with murder in connection with the slaying of his wife, Harriet, in her mother's home Friday night.

Manning had been in jail, officially not under arrest, since last night. A few hours berore he was taken in charge by the police, 20-year-old Hazel Herdman, who was infatuated with Manning, had died in a hospital, after taking poison. It was she who shot and killed Mrs. Manning because, she declared on her deathbed, Mrs. Manning had refused to get a divorce from her husband, whom Miss Herdman wished to wed.

Manning now is accused as an accessory to the murder, both before and after the fact.

He will be arraigned in court tomorrow moning. An element of mystery again entered the case tonight, the authorities refusing to disclose the identity of a young man and two young women who had been questioned at police headquarters for hours before Manning formally was placed under arrest. Detectives, after an afternoon conference in Manning's cell, left hurriedly in automobiles, returning later with the three persons whom they brought before Manning.

The chief of police late tonight said: "When Manning was here Friday night he knew then that Miss Herdman had killed Mrs. Manning. That is all I care to say of the matter now."

When questioned Friday night, after his wife's death, Manning insisted he did not know the identity of her slayer.

MUNITIONS FOR RUSSIA FURNISHED BY FRANCE

London, February 8.—A St. Petersburg dispatch to The Times says that Schneider & Co., of Creusot, France, one of the great iron and steel establishments, is signing a new contract with the Poutiloff arms factory, near St. Petersburg, and advancing the capital necessary to enable the Poutiloff works to fulfill its engagements.

It is understood that the German element will be excluded from the undertaking. Recently it was reported, although later denied, that the Krupp Arms company had purchased the works.

1 KILLED AND 4 INJURED IN AUTO ACCIDENTS

New Orleans, February 8.—One man was killed, one probably fatally injured and three less seriously hurt in two automobile accidents here early today. Harry Hoyle, 35, a saloonist, was killed when an automobile in which he and three employees of the sewerage and water board turned turtle on Gentilly road while rounding a curve. The injured were: Andrew McBride, W. M. Constans and William Mahony, chauffeur. Hoyle was pinned beneath the machine.

Captain Marcus T. Cashen, 50, of the fire insurance patrol, received a fracture of the skull and internal injuries when a borrowed automobile, driven by Cyrus Shelton, collided with the salvage wagon of the patrol. At the hospital tonight it was stated Cashen had a bare chance of recovery. Shelton was arrested.

MINISTER OF COMMERCE REFUSES EUFAULA CALL

Eufaula, Ala., February 8.—(Special.) The congregation of the First Baptist church has been notified by Rev. Gilbert Dobbs, D. D., of Commerce, Ga., that he will not be able to accept the call recently extended him to become pastor of the church, and succeed Rev. J. A. French, who is now pastor at Columbia, Ala. The local congregation will likely meet shortly to call another minister. St. James Episcopal church has still to hear from Rev. Evan Edwards, of Lawrence, Kan., to which the vestry recently extended a call.

THREE WRECKING TUGS ABOUT STRANDED SHIP

Manasquan, N. J., February 8.—Three wrecking tugs and two government vessels—the revenue cutter Itasca and the derelict destroyer Seneca—made a concerted but futile attempt late today to pull the British tramp steamer Queen Louise from the sand bar off the Seagirt beach, where she grounded early yesterday. The wreckers have not given up hope of floating the steamer, however. Another effort is planned for tomorrow morning. Meanwhile the work of lightening the cargo of tinplate, which was begun today, will be continued.

Captain McDonough, of the Queen Louise, and her crew of upwards of a score of men, still were on board tonight, and so slight was the danger considered that the three cabin boys who were taken from the vessel shortly after the steamer struck early yesterday, were taken back on board.

Crowds flocked here today to watch the salvage operations. It was estimated that upwards of 30,000 persons were on the beach during the day, and hundreds of them remained tonight.

The Queen Louise was bound from Swansea, Wales, for New York.

PORTUGUESE CABINET NAMED BY MACHADO

Lisbon, February 8.—Bernardino Machado, recently ambassador to Brazil, at the request of the president, has formed the following cabinet to replace the ministry headed by Dr. Alfonso Costa, which resigned January 27:

Premier, minister of the interior and temporarily minister of foreign affairs, Bernardino Machado.

Minister of justice, Manoel Monteiro.

Minister of finance, Thomas Cabreira.

Minister of war, General Antonio Pereira.

Minister of marine, Peres Rodriguez.

Minister of public works, Achilles Goncalves.

Minister of colonies, Couceiro Costa.

Minister of public instruction, Almeida Lima.

NUNN—HUDSON.

Perry, Ga., February 8.—(Special.)—At the residence of the bride on Swift street today at 2:30 o'clock, Miss Evelyn Nunn and Dr. B. B. Hudson, of Cataula, Ga., were married, Rev. E. E. Gardner officiating. Immediately after the ceremony they left for Atlanta, where they will remain several days. Only relatives of the bride and a few friends attended, it being a quiet home wedding.

Miss Evelyn is the oldest daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. George C. Nunn, and is highly esteemed by a large circle of friends.

Held As Highwayman.

Shreveport, La., February 8.—Miles Kern, alias Joe Brown, said to be wanted in Kansas City on charges of highway robbery, was arrested here tonight. It is alleged that Kern, with several companions, robbed the paymaster of a manufacturing company in Kansas City of $1,800 last September.

Red Star Liner Damaged.

Antwerp, February 8.—The Red Star Line steamer Vaderland was so badly damaged while docking here today on her arrival from New York that her return trip, set for later in the week, was canceled.

TOO MUCH PUNISHMENT GIVEN BY SOME JUDGES

New York Prison Superintendent So Declares—Reform Is Urged in Report.

Albany, N. Y., February 8.—Prison sentence without term for first offenders, leaving it to the board of parole to determine how much longer than one year any particular convict should serve, will be recommended to the legislature by Superintendent John B. Riley, of the state prison department. This is in line with recommendations of the Prison Reform association as a result of an investigation of prison conditions here and abroad.

The superintendent, who served on the board prior to his present appointment, believes the widely differing practices of judges in fixing terms of punishment has proved one of the most demoralizing features of convict life.

"Certain judges, especially in Greater New York," said Mr. Riley, "sentence convicts for much longer terms, ally imposed by judges in other parts of the state. The prisoner who finds he is serving a term of ten years, while his associate is serving two years and six months, for the same offense, feels, and has the right to feel, that a gross injustice has been done him.

"An examination of convicts will furnish sufficient proof that in many cases punishment is all out of proportion to the offense committed, and does not operate as a deterrent to others, or as a means tending to the reformation of the victim.

"I am strongly of the opinion that the penal law should be amended so that first offenders, except for murder, and possibly some other repulsive crimes, should be given a sentence without term—leaving it for the board of parole to determine how much longer than one year the convict should serve."

The prison population is only eighty-eight in excess of last year, the total being 4,604. Of this number, about one-third are aliens, and Mr. Riley pointed out that the proportion of aliens is increasing. He will recommend that provision should be made for turning over aliens charged with minor offenses, who have recently arrived in this country, to the United States immigration department for deportation.

PRESIDENT PLANS TO OVERTHROW MURPHY

He Will Confer With Glynn and McCombs About Anti-Tammany Movement.

Washington, February 8.—Governor Glynn, of New York, accompanied by William F. McCombs, democratic national chairman, arrived here late tonight for a conference tomorrow with President Wilson on questions affecting the re-organization of the Empire State democracy. Indications are that the conference will have an important effect on the future trend of democratic politics in New York.

With members of congress and a United States senator to be elected there next fall, President Wilson has been giving much attention to the New York state situation in his recent talks with Chairman McCombs. Mr McCombs recently visited Albany and immediately afterwards came to Washington for a long talk with the president. He went away declaring his confidence in Governor Glynn as worthy of white house support. Tomorrow's conference was arranged for at that time.

It is known that the national administration is anxious to build up in New York state a new organization and that it will look for assistance from Mayor Mitchell of New York and Governor Glynn. Neither Governor Glynn nor Mr. McCombs would discuss politics tonight. They admitted merely that the general situation would be talked over with the president. Just how far the intended plan of reorganization when worked out will affect Charles F. Murphy and the Tammany organization is one of the things that is expected to be made clear after the conference.

ARBITRATION BY FORCE NOT FAVORED BY WILSON

Springfield, Mass., February 8.—Compulsory arbitration will never be advocated by the United States department of labor while William B. Wilson is secretary of the department. The people of Springfield got the secretary's word for it today in a Sunday address before the Young Men's Christian association. Mr. Wilson considers such enforced arbitration "contrary to the spirit of human freedom," and useless as a method of producing industrial peace.

Peace will come, he said, when the problem of distribution is solved. The problem of production has been mastered, but methods of equitable distribution still are to be devised. When that is done and "the spirit of fair play" has been absorbed by both capital and labor, the world will have industrial peace.

To help attain these things, Mr. Wilson said, the new department of labor was created. Its province is, first, to overcome the prejudices of capital and labor against each other. Failing in that, it is expected to act as mediator between aggrieved parties in labor controversies, and, as a final resort, to encourage arbitration by disinterested umpires.

As World Rolls on She Gets Better, Says Champ Clark

Washington, February 8.—Speaker Champ Clark told a Christian Endeavor mass meeting here today that the world is growing better. He said the reason many people took a gloomy view of the times was because the telegraph enabled newspapers nowadays to chronicle the crimes and disasters of all the world within a few hours.

The speaker declared nothing made him more angry than to hear people say that public men of the present day are corrupt. The people's representatives in Washington, he said, are "honest, conscientious servants." Ninety-nine per cent of the men sent to congress, he added, leave poorer than they come.

Discussing the hardships resulting where several churches are struggling in a single small town, Mr. Clark said he hoped some day to see his own church, the Christian or Campbellite, and the Baptist, one great denomination. Their beliefs, he said, were near enough the same to warrant them in joining hands.

Rev. Sniveley Dead.

Nice, France, February 8.—The Rev. Summerfield Sniveley, of the American church, died today. The body will be taken to Brooklyn, N. Y., for burial.

The Constitution's Classified Ads Are Business Messages to Business People--That's Why They Produce Satisfactory Results to Both Reader and Advertiser

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LOST AND FOUND

ADVERTISE FOUND ARTICLES, THE LAW, from Georgia Decisions: "A finder of lost goods who, having means of knowing the rightful owner, retain them for the finder's own use or advantage, may, upon conviction thereof, be punished for a simple larceny under the laws of Georgia. A person who finds lost goods is legally liable to the rightful owner for their proper care while in the finder's possession; and he is legally entitled to be reimbursed for expense incurred in properly caring for the goods found and may retain them until such expense is paid." Constitution Want Ads find lost property or its owner.

LOST—Sunday a. m. near new Christian Science church, corner Peachtree Circle and Peachtree street, one male (white) poodle; brown ears. Notify Mr. Moore, 158 Peachtree Circle. Phone I. 1644. Reward.

MALE fox terrier; black spot covers right eye; short tail. Called Boozer. Reward. Return Falks, 142 Peachtree.

REWARD for finder of Andrews medal, Georgia School Technology. L. S. Collier, 252 W. Peachtree st.

PERSONAL

WE MAKE SWITCHES from combings for $1.00; dye faded switches to match. All hair goods on sale half price.
MRS. ALLIE GALLAHER.
70½ PEACHTREE.
Phone; Ivy 1566-J.
Mail Orders Given Our Prompt Attention.

OXYOLINE—"THE HEALTH BUILDER." I HAVE had an Oxyoline apparatus installed in my office and demonstrations are being given daily by a representative of the company that makes them. You are invited to call and investigate its merits. For anemia, asthma, bronchitis, catarrh, tuberculosis and all nervous and blood diseases it is pronounced a specific by many physicians. Dr. R. W. Aspley, 605 Grand building.

MANICURING. The most up-to-date and convenient parlor in the city. We make a specialty of Gentlemen's Manicuring. Appointments by phone. Ivy 4191. Emily Gill, Candler Building Manicuring Parlors.

PALMISTRY.
MADAM ELDON, scientific palmist, clairvoyant and audiologist; test reading by mail; send birth date and five 2-cent stamps. 4500 Fourteenth st., N. W., Washington, D. C.

LADIES
TAILORING and evening gowns. There is only one way to please you. This is my object—to do first-class work and guarantee it. Miss Edith Dillingham, 345½ Peachtree street. Ivy 5891.

THE BREAD
MADE at 66 Edgewood cures stomach and all kidney troubles. We also sell the flour. The Gluten Bakery. Ivy 4987-J.

MATERNITY SANITARIUM—Private, refined, home-like; limited number of patients cared for. Homes provided for infants. Infants for adoption. Mrs. M. T. Mitchell, 42 Windsor street.

COMPOUND OXYGEN—Made daily for catarrh, deafness, diseases of nose and throat and ears. This is the season to be cured. Special reduced rates. Dr. George Brown, 312-14 Austell building.

WANTED—You to write and ask me any five questions you wish to know. I have told fortunes 43 years. Send your age, 25c silver and a stamp. Professor John Russell, Moweaqua, Ill.

SOMETHING absolutely new for Photoplay Writers. For details write or call on Westmoreland & Cooper, Suite 1421 Hurt building, Atlanta.

LADIES, have your hair marcel wave. S. A. Clayton Company, 36½ Whitehall street, have both French and American operators.

SMOKE EE-M Tobacco for catarrh, bronchitis, asthma and colds, 10c bags. Your druggist or EE-M Co., Atlanta, Ga.

FOR ADOPTION—Two nice babies, boy and girl. Apply Mrs. M. T. Mitchell, 26 Windsor street, Atlanta, Ga.

MRS. L. M. J. HOAR—China decorating taught and sold at 224 Whitehall street.

READ the movies on Thursday. We give theater tickets. The Movies.

MUSIC AND DANCING

PROFESSOR MAHLER'S select dancing school, 428 Peachtree st. Ivy 778-L; private and class lessons; children and adults.

Cost of Local Want Ads In The Constitution

1 Insertion 10c a line
3 Insertions 25c a line
7 Insertions 50c a line
1c per word flat for classified advertising from outside of Atlanta.

No advertisement accepted for less than two lines. Count six ordinary words to each line.

Discontinuance of advertising must be in writing. It will not be accepted by phone. This protects your interests as well as ours.

If You Can't Bring or Send Your Want Ad

PHONE MAIN
5000
OR ATLANTA
5001

Courteous operators, thoroughly familiar with rates, rules and classifications, will give you complete information. And, if you wish, they will assist you in wording your want ad to make it most effective.

Accounts opened for ads by telephone to accommodate you if your name is in the telephone directory. Other want ads taken by telephone are to be paid for immediately upon publication, bill to be presented by mail or solicitor the same day printed.

Every Home Has Use For Constitution Want Ads

HELP WANTED—Male

STORES AND OFFICES.

WANTED—By large machinery manufacturer, general ledger bookkeeper, who is thoroughly experienced with voucher system and can give bond and satisfactory references from previous employers. State age and experience. Address A-784, Constitution.

COLLECTOR—One capable of taking charge of our office at Birmingham; experience absolutely essential. Bond required. Address A-782, Constitution.

DRY GOODS CLERKS WANTED—$100 month. Write Commercial Instructors, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—Three first-class granite cutters; permanent job. John W. Poe, Macon, Ga.

PROFESSIONS AND TRADES.

YES—Prof. G. O. Branning will teach you the barber trade. (It's easy.) Taught in half time of other colleges. Complete course and position in our chain of shops, $30. Why pay more? Thousands of our graduates running shops or making good wages. Atlanta Barber College, 10 East Mitchell street.

WANTED—Paper hangers to put up paper bought at our closing-out-at-cost sale of wall papers. Work to be done by the job. References required. The Tripod Paint company.

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade. Few weeks completes; earn while learning; positions waiting; illustrated catalogue free. Moler Barber College, 38 Luckie St., Atlanta.

WANTED—First-class, all-round harnessmaker; employment to the right man. Good wages. Address 1729, Second avenue, Birmingham, Ala.

SALESMEN AND SOLICITORS.

LOT SALESMEN
WE ARE placing on the market our latest
Ponce de Leon Heights
on Ponce de Leon avenue, adjoining Druid Hills. We want a few more high-class, producing salesmen to sell above property and to such men we can give a liberal contract. E. P. McElroy, Sales Manager for L. P. Bottenfield, 1114-28 Empire building.

WANTED—We can offer a salesman of ability an exceptional opportunity of earning at least $150 and expenses per month. Man with some punch-board or similar experience preferred, though not necessary. The Manahttan Neckwear Co., Desk "A," N. S. Pittsburg, Pa.

SALESMEN—I can use 3 first-class salesmen. High-grade proposition, extensively advertised and a quick money-getter. Applicants with experience in northern territory required. Mr. Wilcox, Hotel Marion. Hours 9 a. m. to 12 m. and 2 to 5 p. m.

WANTED—A salesman to sell a popular-price line of men's pants in the state of Georgia. A liberal proposition to an experienced salesman that can command trade. Apply Box 246, Petersburg, Va.

WANTED—A state manager for a publishing house; must have had experience. Splendid contract. Address C-652, Constitution.

WANTED—Three first-class, hustling novelty salesmen, a money-maker. Apply Room 55, Pickwick Apts., between 8 and 10 Monday.

PORTRAIT AGENTS—Call to see or write the Ga. Art Supply Co., 113½ Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga.

A FEW first-class salesmen for a first-class real estate specialty. Apply 10 to 12 forenoon, 531 Candler building.

AGENTS.

CHICKEN INSPECTOR badges, all the rage. Latest novelty; lots of fun; size and shape policeman's badge; nickel plated; sample 10c; doz., 60c postpaid. Gross prices on application. Saw wood combs and other novelties. Agents wanted. Address Thomas & Co., Columbus, Ga.

BULL DOG CEMENT stops holes in pots, pans, mends marble, glass, furniture, holds like a bull dog; package 10c. Agents wanted. Foston's Sales Co., Milton, Fla.

AGENTS wanted in all southern states for a new office device. Moderate price and good seller. W. L. Giessner, 924 Hurt building, Atlanta, Ga.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—If you want position as fireman, brakeman, electric motorman, conductor, colored train or sleeping car porter, first-class Atlanta roads, $65 to $165 month, steady work, experience unnecessary, no strike. Inclose stamp, name position wanted. Passes and uniforms furnished when necessary. Address Railway Inst., Dept. 17, Indianapolis, Ind.

LET me pay you $50 monthly. Only ten minutes of your time daily required. All work done in your home. No canvassing. No capital. Also show you how to start mail order home business. Instructive booklet and literature explaining business and above. Worthless. Desk L, Omaha, Neb.

WANTED—A practical cotton raiser with some money to become interested in, and help develop half section land in Casa Grande Valley, Arizona. Unusual opportunity. Write G. A. Tinney, No. 402 East Fourth St., Tucson, Arizona.

WANTED—A reliable white farm hand; must be experienced and willing to work; married man preferred. Apply J. E. Rosser, Decatur, Ga., R. F. D. No. 2. Atlanta phone 3129-A.

WANTED—Three neat-appearing young men, 18 to 21, $25 to $35 a week above expenses; only hustlers need apply. Room 6 Aragon hotel, 8 to 9 o'clock only. Ask elevator boy.

MEN—Age 18 to 35, become railway mail clerks, $75 month. Full unnecessary. Particulars free. F-26, Constitution.

WANTED—A butler. Apply 738 Piedmont avenue, with reference.

MEN with patentable ideas write Randolph & Co., Patent Solicitors, Washington, D. C.

HELP WANTED—Female

STORES AND OFFICES.

WANTED—First-class lady stenographer to fill a first-class position; only those who are speedy, accurate and neat need apply. Salary to begin, $75 per month. Applicants will be expected to furnish references and full particulars concerning past experience. Only the best considered. E. P. B., care Constitution.

GIRLS, take course in Miss Sparkman's Improved Millinery School, 94½ Whitehall. Free scholarship offer. All millinery work free.

DOMESTIC.

HOUSEKEEPER—(30-35), intelligent, refined, of good appearance; maid kept. Address, giving full particulars, present occupation, remuneration expected, B-507, care Constitution.

WANTED—A girl about 15; give reference. 21-B Williams St.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—Three bright, capable ladies for 1914 to travel, demonstrate and sell dealers, $25 to $50 per week, railroad fare paid. Goodrich Drug Company, Omaha, Neb. Call for Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Hurst, Hotel Piedmont, Monday and Tuesday.

WOMEN GET GOVERNMENT JOBS. Big pay. Atlanta examinations April 6. Sample questions free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 600 K, Rochester, N. Y.

GIRLS, learn millinery; best trade; pays $60 to $100 month. Free scholarship plan now. We make over and retrim hats free. Ideal School of Millinery, 100½ Whitehall.

A WOMAN over 25, with attractive personality, for traveling position; expenses paid. Apply 1120 Candler Bldg., teacher preferred.

HELP WANTED—Male and Female

EARN $18 to $40 per week. We show you how. Learn at home. Complete courses by mail. Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Typewriting, Show Card Writing, or Drawing. SOUTHERN CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOL, DALLAS, TEXAS.

WANTED.

EXPERIENCED salesmen or saleswomen to introduce new household necessity. Liberal proposition. Call from 10 to 3, room 307, Dakota hotel.

MEN—WOMEN—Get government jobs, $65 to $150 month. Spring examinations everywhere. Full description free. Franklin institute, Dept. 53 K, Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED — Combination stenographer-bookkeeper, with lumber experience. Arlington Business Agency, Arlington, Ga.

SITUATION WANTED—Female

SPECIAL rates for situations wanted ads, 3 lines one time, 10 cents; 3 times, 15 cents. To get these rates ads must be paid in advance and delivered at The Constitution office.

BUSINESS WOMAN, years' experience in managerial capacity, executive ability, typist, wants managership some local branch office or business. P. O. Box 716, Atlanta.

WANTED—By a refined young lady, a position in office or as cashier. Phone Main 4342-L.

SITUATION WANTED—Male

SPECIAL rates for situations wanted ads, 3 lines one time, 10 cents; 3 times, 15 cents. To get these rates ads must be paid in advance and delivered at The Constitution office.

AN ANSWER TO YOUR AD,
or several of them may be sent in as late as a week after your ad last appeared in The Constitution. Such responses are the result of several forms of special service which The Constitution is rendering in behalf of all Situation Wanted advertisers. So if you want a wider range of choice before accepting a position; hold your box number card and call at or phone to The Constitution frequently for at least a week.

MERCHANTS needing first-class, experienced dry goods-shoe salesman and buyer or all-round man for general store communicate with us. Arlington Business Agency, Arlington, Ga.

Continued in Next Column.

SITUATION WANTED—Male

BOOKKEEPER, number years' experience, competent, now employed, anxious to change. Address A-788, Constitution.

CORPORATION bookkeeper and cashier, of experience, wants high-class position in or out of city. Address A-786, Constitution.

FIRST-CLASS bookkeeper desires position with good concern; 12 years' experience; best of references furnished; bond furnished if required. Address F-28, care Constitution.

HIGH-GRADE office man and first-class stenographer is open for a position in or out of the city; college education; competent and energetic; can make up own correspondence; now employed as stenographer and office assistant in up-to-date office in north Georgia town. Best of references furnished. Address F-30, care Atlanta Constitution.

PRINTER—Capable of doing any class of work, wants position; steady and reliable; salary not so much an object as steady work; will go anywhere. Address A-787, Constitution.

LAWYERS—Young man, 30, exceptional education, ability and experience; admitted in Georgia; knowledge shorthand; desires connection with law firm or partner. Address B-503, Constitution.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, competent and reliable, wishes position with firm or company of good standing. Address B-506, care Constitution.

WANTED—Position by all-round photographer, 20 years' experience, age 40; expert retoucher; strictly sober. Address A. C. Sudarth, 80 Walton st., Atlanta.

PRINTER—Allround printer wants position in Georgia, sober and reliable; can give references and come at once. Address 42 Robinson St., Montgomery, Ala.

THOROUGHLY experienced bookkeeper is open for a proposition, either temporary or permanent. Address A-783, Constitution.

WANTED—Position as bookkeeper or assistant. Can give reference. Address A-780, Constitution.

WANTED—To sell groceries, fruit and produce on Georgia R. R. Commission basis. F-31, care Constitution.

POSITION as night oil mill foreman for coming season; reference given. Address F-27, Constitution.

WANTED—Teachers

ACME TEACHERS' AGENCY. Prompt, efficient service. 422 Atlanta National Bank building. Main 3145.

SOUTH ATLANTIC TEACHERS AGENCY. 1125 Atl. Nat. Bk. Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

F. H. Brewster, Albert Howell, Jr.
Hugh M. Dorsey, Arthur Heyman.
Dorsey, Brewster, Howell & Heyman.
Attorneys-at-Law.
Offices, 202, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 210 Kiser Building, Atlanta, Ga.
Long Distance Telephone 3023, 3084 and 3025. Atlanta, Ga.

CAST-OFF CLOTHING

DROP a card, we'll bring cash for shoes and clothing. The Vestiare, 166 Decatur st.

AUTOMOBILES

FOR SALE.
COLUMBIA
AUTO EXCHANGE
287 Edgewood Ave. Ivy 1626
LARGEST dealer of used cars in the south. All kinds of used cars bought, sold and exchanged. We have on hand the following:
Maxwell 30 Sportsman's roadster $300
Rapid Truck, 1½-ton capacity 350
Maxwell 4-cylinder, 5-passenger 300
Chalmers 30, 5-passenger 400
Herreshoff roadster 250
Knox Limousine, cost $6,200 ..... $1,000
Courier 30 roadster 250
Grabowsky 2-ton truck 350
Studebaker coupe 1913 400
National 70 roadster 550
Everett 30, 1913, 5-passenger 450
Empire 20 roadster, very classy 200
Velie 40 H. P., 5-passenger 450
Studebaker-Garford Limousine 700
Ford Model T, 5-passenger 250
Hupmobile 20 roadster 200
Buick Model 17 roadster 40-H. P. 400
Krit 1913 roadster 300
Cole 30, 5-passenger, pick-up 450
Herreshoff, 5-passenger, 30-H. P. 300
Apperson's Jack Rabbit, 40-H. P. 600
E. M. F., 5-passenger 300
THIRTY OTHERS.
All cars mentioned newly painted, thoroughly overhauled and fully equipped.

SPECIAL
WE HAVE one six-cylinder 48 H. P.
PIERCE-ARROW
that we are going to sell for $2,000, completely equipped. Here is a chance to buy a standard high grade car at about one-third its original cost. In beautiful mechanical condition. Will make demonstration.

BARGAINS IN OTHER MAKES
GUARANTEED LOCOMOBILES
EXCHANGE CAR DEP'T
THE LOCOMOBILE CO. OF AMERICA
469 PEACHTREE ST.

$1,500 STEARNS, 30-60, 4-passenger, fully equipped, new tires, perfect condition; trade for real estate or diamonds. Address W. L. O., M. 1413.

I WILL SELL my $4,000 auto for $400 cash; no trading. This is the biggest auto bargain ever offered. Call 501 Fourth National Bank building.

FOR SALE—1912 Hupmobile roadster, fore-door, looks and runs good, $225, worth more. 362 Peachtree street.

5-PASSENGER Ford touring car, new tires and inner tubes, 1914 engine. Cheap at $225. 362 Peachtree street.

HAVE 45-horsepower Overland to trade for good lot or equity in city or country property. Ivy 7426.

FOR SALE CHEAP—Touring Ford, body, top, windshield, lamps, newly painted, good condition. 824 Austell bldg.

SEVEN-SEATED Speedwell for sale cheap. P. O. Box 1443, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED.
WILL trade one very fine Kentucky family horse, new trap and harness, for automobile in good condition. Any reputable make considered. Address Webb & Vary Company, 38½ West Alabama street.

WILL give warranty deed to good lot, value $350, and $10 cash for small 5-passenger car; Ford preferred. Call West 811, address No. 11 Norcross street.

WANTED—Ford automobile; highest prices paid for all kinds second-hand Ford cars. Columbia Auto Exchange, 287 Edgewood ave.

SUPPLIES—ACCESSORIES.

AUTOGENOUS WELDING
MACHINE PARTS of all kinds accurately restored and guaranteed; also oxy-decarbonizing of all gas engines. A trial will convince.
METAL WELDING CO.
86 GARNETT ST. PHONE MAIN 3013.

AUTOMOBILES REPAINTED
TOPS recovered and repaired. Wheels, axles and springs repaired. High-grade work at reasonable prices.
JOHN M. SMITH,
120-122-124 AUBURN AVE.

ATLANTA ELECTRIC CO.
24-26 JAMES ST. Phone Ivy 4821-J. C. A. Ethridge and J. H. Gray, Proprietors, Storage batteries rebuilt, repaired and charged. Spark battery work a specialty. General Electric Auto repairs. Washing and polishing.

E. H. ODOM BRO. CO.
HAVE your automobile repaired THE RIGHT WAY.
REAR 45 AUBURN AVE. IVY 6893.

TRAVIS & JONES
Automobile Repairing.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.
26 JAMES ST. IVY 4832.

GUARANTEE AUTO CO.
289 Edgewood avenue. Auto repairs and supplies; all work guaranteed. Ivy 7650.

ATLANTA RADIATOR CO.
Automobile Radiator Work Exclusively.
Bell, Ivy 7434. 76 Ivy St.

FIT YOUR AUTOMOBILE with Theft proof lock $7.50; agents wanted. Crown Sales Company, Empire Life Bldg. Ivy 7686.

Continued in Next Column.

AUTOMOBILES

SUPPLIES—ACCESSORIES.

YES, we clean carbon from your cylinders at $1 each. Welborn Oxygen Carbon Cleaning Company, 14 Gilmer street.

DIXIE GARAGE CO., 12-14 EAST CAIN STREET. BELL PHONE IVY 1419.

MOTORCYCLES—BICYCLES

EXCELSIOR motorcycle, good tires, looks good and runs good; cheap for cash; terms to responsible party. 362 Peachtree street.

TWIN INDIAN, used 4 mos., cost $275, will sell for $150 cash. 287 Edgewood ave.

WANTED—Miscellaneous

WANTED—A good second-hand organ; must be in good order, and a bargain. Also want a good cooking stove or range, for wood only. Send offers and descriptions by mail to W. T. Britt, 109 N. Jackson st. I will call in a few days to see the goods.

WE PAY highest cash prices for anything. Pianos, household goods, furniture and office fixtures a specialty. Jacobs Auction Company, 51 Decatur street. Atlanta 2281, Bell 1434.

JACOBS AUCTION CO. will buy anything in the way of household goods. We pay the highest cash price. Call Atlanta phone 2286, Bell Main 1434, 51 Decatur street.

WANTED—To lease or buy a light tram engine for running on wooden tram. Give full particulars. Address P. O. Box 522, Savannah, Ga.

WANTED—A second-hand set of blacksmith tools for farm purposes. L. M. Johns, Decatur, Ga., R. F. D. No. 2.

WE buy and sell furniture for cash. Southern Wreckage Company, 114 S. Forsyth st.

WANTED—To buy small grocery; must be bargain. Call Ivy 4266.

WANTED—A dressmaker's bust form, adjustable preferred; size 36. Ivy 5063-L.

WANTED—Good second-hand desk. Apply H. L. Harvey. Ivy 2877.

WANTED—Everyone to read The Movies for movie and theatrical news.

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous

HAVE YOUR
CARPETS CLEANED
in your own homes by the HOOVER Process. Brush and suction combined. Contracts taken by the hour or day. Demonstrations free on request.
OZIAS NAT'L SELLING CORPORATION
605-7 Empire Life Building,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
Phone Ivy 3239.

SECOND-HAND PRINTING MATERIAL FOR SALE CHEAP.
250 California cases, cost 75c; sale price 20c.
90 lower case news cases, full size, cost 50c; sale price 15c.
Galley rack, holding ten galleys, up to three columns, $3.
10 wooden double frames, cost $8.50; sale price, $3.75.
12 double iron frames, holding 12 cases, cost $17.50; sale price $10.
One proof press, will take a three-column galley; sale price $10.
Two stones and one stand to hold them, about 8 feet long; sale price $10.
One wooden case rack, holds 30 full-size cases; cost $10; sale price $4.
This material will be sold in lots to suit. Pay your own freight. Address
THE CONSTITUTION,
ATLANTA, GA.

COAL
JELLICO LUMP. . . $5.00
JELLICO NUT. . . . $4.50
THOMAS & HARVILL COAL CO.
M. 2336. A. 803.

SAFES
BOUGHT, sold and exchanged. Bank safes, vault doors. Combinations changed.
BANKERS' SAFE AND VAULT CO.
No. 35 East Mitchell Street.

SAFES
HERRING, HALL, MARVIN.
New and second-hand. Also other makes. Gookin Bank and Office Equipment Co., 113-115 N. Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga.

National Cash Registers
Now located
54 N. PRYOR ST.
Opposite Lowry Bank.
Phones: Bell Main 4155, Atlanta 594.

ATLANTA SAFE CO.
Bargains in New and Second-hand Safes. Real Lock Experts. Safe Artists. Main 4601.

SECOND-HAND safes, all sizes, home safes, $15 up. Hall's bank and burglar-proof safes; vault doors. C. J. Daniel, 414 Fourth National Bank Building.

$75 DIAMOND LOCKET, 7 pure white and perfect diamonds; sacrifice price $42.50. Tobias Jewelry Co., top floor Atlanta Nat'l Bank building.

LATEST WALES adding machine, perfect order, cost $350, for sale or exchange for diamond Address Wales Diamond, care Constitution.

MADE-TO-ORDER FLY SCREENS, high grade; lowest prices. Phone Main 5310. W. R. Callaway, Sales Mgr., 1403 Fourth National Bank building.

HARDWOOD FLOORING
IF YOU want a good hardwood floor use oak or maple. We have these in stock. Willingham-Tift Lumber Co. M. 1395.

GET MY PRICE on lumber and mill work before you place your order elsewhere. W. L. Traynham. Main 2580.

GOODBY broom, dust pan and cap. Good Morning Gem Vacuum hand cleaner for only $7.50. Phone Ivy 8239.

FOR SALE—Pure Georgia cane syrup, 27c per gallon, in barrels and kegs. W. H. Davis, Savannah, Ga.

FOR SALE—One nine-column adding machine at a tremendous bargain. Address 900 Highland avenue, Atlanta.

GAS RANGE and coal heating stove for sale; excellent condition, $12 and $20. 207 Ivy street.

SAVE $20 on delivery wagons. Buy direct from factory. Any style. Catalog. Rock Hill Buggy Company, Rock Hill, S. C.

STEWART & HUNT
PLUMBERS. 53 EAST HUNTER ST.

FOR SALE—Cheap, one complete photographer's outfit. Call M. 1434 or 51 Decatur st.

FOR SALE—New Prairie State incubators cheap at Mountview Farm, Decatur 27-J.

GASOLENE engine for sale cheap; call Atlanta phone 2407, Bell West 1776.

Constitution Space and Atlanta Land Are Wise and Profitable Investments. Both Increase In Value and Produce Big Returns. Buy Land From Want Ads.

BUSINESS AND MAIL ORDER DIRECTORY

AT AUCTION.

FURNITURE, household goods, office fixtures, and, in fact, everything you want.
JACOBS AUCTION CO.
51 DECATUR STREET.
Near Kimball House. Bell phone 1444; Atlanta 2285.

ABSTRACT AND TITLE INSURANCE.

ATLANTA TITLE GUARANTEE INSURANCE COMPANY, ground floor Equitable building. Main 5420.

BICYCLE REPAIRING.

BICYCLE REPAIRING, also brazing and enameling; all work guaranteed. S. E. Dunn, 125 N. Butler. Atlanta phone 6010-M.

CHIMNEY SWEEPERS.

$100 REWARD For any range that I cannot repair and make bake. R. L. Barber, 123 Marietta st. M. 1389.

CARPENTER WORK.

E. Y. CROCKETT
CONTRACTOR for all kinds of store and office work, counters, shelving, book and wall cases, etc. 160 S. Pryor. Main 3651. Residence, Main 5425.

L. Y. CARTER, 21 PETERS. Main 1661, 1771.
STORE FRONTS, Wall Cases, Office Work and Partitions.

General Contractor ALL KINDS of repair work guaranteed. J. D. Gunter, 4 City Hall place, near Fairlie street. Main 1184.

CIRCULAR LETTERS.

MULTIGRAPHING
SERVICE COMPANY, 914 EMPIRE BLDG. TELEPHONE IVY 7200.

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.

W. R. HOLDER, CONTRACTOR, 501 EMPIRE LIFE BLDG. IVY 5, ATLANTA 3702. REMODELING AND REPAIRING GIVEN PROMPT ATTENTION.

ATLANTA BUILDING AND REPAIR CO. IF YOU are contemplating building, we can save you money; we do all kinds of repair work at reasonable prices; all work guaranteed; a trial is all we ask. Main 5035-J.

IF YOU need a contractor, builder or expert roof man, call "Cunningham." Office 245½ Peters street, or phone Main 237. Repair work of all kinds. All work guaranteed. Prices reasonable.

R. G. CAIN, contractor in painting, tinting and repair work, reasonable. Atlanta 3296. 143 Pulliam.

CONTRACTORS and builders, all work guaranteed. Give us a trial. A. W. Kirkpatrick, 27 Piedmont ave. Main 2097-J.

WHEN in need of carpenter work, call J. A. Johnson, West 1288-J; estimates on all job work prices reasonable.

CONTRACTING PLUMBER.

MONEY SAVED by buying your plumbing material of Pickert Plumbing Company. We sell everything needed in the plumbing line. Prompt attention to repair work. 14½ East Hunter street. Both phones 550.

CLEANING, DYEING AND PRESSING.

NORTH SIDE PRESSING CLUB. French dry cleaning, pressing, altering and dyeing. First-class shoe shop, repairing neatly done. 288 Ivy street. Atlanta phone 3006-A. J. H. Jones, Proprietor.

ACME TAILORING CO., Holmes & Smith, proprietors. Ladies and gentlemen's cleaning, pressing, etc.; 30 days, man-tailored skirts, $2.50. Phone Ivy 8421-J. 226 Houston street.

D. G. SWANSON—Clothes cleaned, pressed and repaired. 21 S. Forsyth. Atlanta 2800.

J. P. BORNE—Four suits per month, $1.00. 282 Whitehall street. Main 9187.

DENTISTRY.

DENTISTRY

THE GEORGIA DENTAL PARLORS, 101½ Whitehall st., corner Mitchell, offer the following prices for a few days:

Set of Teeth	$5.00
22-k. Gold Crown	$3.00
Bridge work	$3.00
White Crowns	$3.00
Silver or Amalgam Fillings	.50
Gold Fillings	$1.00

CARPET CLEANING.

W. M. COX cleans Oriental Rugs like new; does fur. repairing and upholstering; lace curtains laundered. 145 Auburn ave. I. 3135-J

CABINET MAKERS.

ALF S. STALLINGS
JEWELERS' and tobacconist wall cases, special furniture to order. Emergency carpenters. Ivy 1795. 2½ N. Broad street.

FURRIER AND TAILOR.

WANTED—Coats, suits and furs to remodel and repair. 141 Peachtree. Ivy 2737.

FURNITURE REPAIRING.

HIGH-CLASS FURNITURE repairing and carpet cleaning. Southern Furniture and Carpet Works, 69 Ella street. S. R. Skelton, Manager. Main 5353; West 1366.

MONEY TO LOAN

LOANS $25.00 AND UP
On Furniture, Pianos Or Indorsed Notes.

AT RATES permitted by the laws of the state. Our easy payment plan allows you to pay us back to suit your income. We also protect you from publicity and extend every courtesy to make the carrying of a loan satisfactory to you in every way.

GUARANTEE LOAN CO.
Room 318 Atlanta National Bank Bldg. Both Phones.

MONEY TO LOAN—We have a good deal of home funds that we can place promptly. Can lend on 5 years' straight, or monthly payment plan. Also money for purchase money notes. Foster & Robson, 11 Edgewood avenue.

SPECIAL HOME FUNDS TO LEND on Atlanta home or business property, at lowest rate. Money advanced to builders. Write or call.
S. W. CARSON
24 SOUTH BROAD STREET

LOANS ON REAL ESTATE—We buy purchase money notes; short time loans for building houses. The Merchants and Mechanics' Banking and Loan Co., 209 Grant building. Telephone Ivy 5341.

HAVE SOME 7 per cent money for city realty; also some 8 per cent for suburban property; can handle your purchase money notes advantageously. See us. Atlanta Realty Loan Const. Co. Ivy 7426.

MONEY TO LOAN—At 6, 7 and 8 per cent, on Atlanta residences and suburban real estate in sums of $500 to $2,000 and on store property, any amount desired. Dunson & Gay, 409 Equitable building.

REAL ESTATE LOANS FOR EASTERN INSURANCE CO. DESIRED.
W. Carroll Latimer,
Attorney at Law,
1509 4th Nat'l. Bank Bldg.

FARM LOANS—We place loans in any amount on improved farm lands in Georgia. The Southern Mortgage Company, Gould building.

CAN PLACE $5,000 on city real estate at 8 per cent, where it will be safe. Atlanta Realty Loan Const. Co. Ivy 7426.

6 PER CENT LOANS on Atlanta property. J. R. Nutting & Co., 801-4 Empire Life building.

MONEY to lend on improved real estate. C. C. McGehee, Jr., 622 to 624 Empire bldg.

FOR real estate loans see W. B. Smith, 703 Fourth National Bank building.

WANTED—Money

WE can invest your money for you on first mortgage, high-class, improved property. It will pay you 7 and 8 per cent.
TURMAN, BLACK & CALHOUN.
Second Floor Empire.

WE CAN PLACE your money on real estate, first mortgages, at 6, 7 or 8 per cent; or on second mortgages, monthly notes, 10 to 25 per cent. Call M. 4189, United Building Co., 400-1-2-3-4 Temple Court building.

WANTED—$2,500 on city real estate for one year at 8 per cent. Call Ivy 7426 or address Atlanta Realty Loan Const. Co., 306-7 Empire Life building.

WANTED—To borrow from private party $2,000; give first mortgage on improved property valued at $5,000. Address A-792, Constitution.

THAT $500 OF YOURS now earning nothing will net you $40 interest annually if loaned through us on Atlanta real estate. A. J. & H. F. West. Main 1754.

BUSINESS AND MAIL ORDER DIRECTORY

HATTERS.

OLD HATS MADE NEW—Satisfaction guaranteed. Mail orders given prompt attention.
ACME HATTERS, 20 E. HUNTER STREET.

HOUSE MOVING.

W. C. PEASE All. 965. M. 1615. 417 4th Nat'l Bk. Bldg.

KEYS MADE.

J. A. CLARKE,
Formerly With C. C. Downs,
Now with Atlanta Gun and Key Works, safe, gun and key experts, 7½ W. Alabama St., between Whitehall and Broad. Main 683. Al outside work promptly attended to.

MOTORCYCLES AND SUPPLIES.

MOTORCYCLES, new and second-hand. Southern Motorcycle Co., 214 Peachtree St.

MULTIGRAPHING.

LETTERS MULTIGRAPHED, FILLED IN TO MATCH ENVELOPES ADDRESSED.
EAGLE MULTIGRAPHING CO.
8 North Forsyth St. Phone Main 1158.

MATTRESS RENOVATING.

CAPITAL MATTRESS CO., 148-A South Pryor. M. 2133-J. We do best work at lowest prices. Give us a trial.

MOVING PICTURE NEWS.

ADVERTISE in the movies for results; issued Thursdays. We give theater tickets.

NEW RUBBER TIRES

PUT on your baby's carriage; repaired, repainted and recovered. Robt. Mitchell, 229 Edgewood avenue. Ivy 8076.

PAINTING AND TINTING.

JAS. W. BOWERS
No. 17 South Forsyth St. Main 1487.

PLUMBERS.

ALEXANDER & JONES
PLUMBERS, 392 Peachtree street. Ivy 426, Atlanta 585.

GENERAL plumbers, repair work a specialty. 33 Auburn avenue. Ivy 1047. Atlanta 802. John J. Hill, Proprietor.

PAINTS AND CRESOTE.

C. F. BINDER & SON
MANUFACTURERS of high-grade paints, white lead and cresote stains. We make ready mixed paints to order. Corner La France and Lowry streets. Bell phone Ivy 6852-J. Atlanta, Ga.

SHADE TREES.

WILLIAM W. SMITM sets out shade trees of all kinds with a satisfactory guarantee. Atlanta, Ga. R. F. D. No. 2.

KEEP your house painted and tinted. Embry Construction Company, 318 Fourth National Bank. Main 1455.

J. A. JOHNSON
Painting and wall tinting. W. 1288-J.

FOR kalsomining walls, painting floors or general house cleaning call Ivy 5519-5518 or Atlanta phone 20.

PACKING AND SHIPPING.

CAPITOL UPHOLSTERING and Carpet Cleaning Co., 148 S. Pryor St. M. 2133-J.

IF YOUR ROOF leaks, call W. B. Barnett. Ivy 7238.

JONES SLATE ROOFING CO. Main 1615. Repairs and new roofing. Atlanta 955.

SIGNS.

KENT ON SIGNS signifies best quality. Kent Sign Co., 130¾ Peachtree.

SHOE REPAIRING.

SHOES HALF-SOLED, SEWED
50 CENTS
AT GWINN'S SHOE SHOP, 6 Luckie street, opposite Piedmont hotel. Both phones. In a hurry? Call Taxicab Company for auto rent service.

M'NEIL & HUNTER—Shoe repairing. Work called for and delivered. 485 Edgewood avenue. Atlanta phone 1627.

STOVE REPAIRING.

DAN, THE FIXER
STOVE AND RANGE REPAIRING.
We sweep chimneys.
121 Whitehall St. Bell Phone Main 2690.

TRUNKS, BAGS AND SUITCASES RETAILED AND REPAIRED.

ROUNTREE'S, 77 WHITEHALL STREET.
Phones: Bell, Main 1576; Atlanta 1654.

UMBRELLAS.

UMBRELLAS made to order, large selection, fine handles, also repairing. Harry Biggs, 5 Viaduct place. Phone Main 5100.

WATCH REPAIRING.

TAKE that watch to
C. A. HENDERSON
72 EDGEWOOD avenue; first-class work and guaranteed. With Chapman & Rabern.

WALL PAPER.

WALL PAPER—I have a very fine selection of wall paper, all grades, that I can show, 142 S. Pryor st. Bell 3188, Atlanta 226. Message by phone or post card will bring me to your place. You can select at home if desired. Also prices for hanging and interior painting. J. W. Dyer.

WINDOW AND HOUSE CLEANING.

NATIONAL WINDOW CLEANING CO., 47 E. Hunter st. M. 1175. Atlanta 1051.

FOR RENT—Houses

UNFURNISHED.

$50 PER MONTH—9-room residence; Forrest avenue; newly painted, newly wired and beautiful electric fixtures; possession can be had February 1. Nice new furnace.

$7.50 PER MONTH—Newly painted and tinted, two large rooms, house less than 200 yards Marietta street car line; water and sewer; good neighborhood.

$13.60 PER MONTH—Nice 4-room house with reception hall; newly painted and papered; water, gas, sewer, sidewalks and curbing; 75 yards double car line; fine neighborhood. Ware & Harper, No. 725 Atlanta National Bank building. Main 1705 and Atlanta 1868.

8 ROOMS, Inman Park. Beautiful 2-story home; acre and a half lot; on car line; 4 large bedrooms; beautiful fixtures and nice interior decorations. Price $35. Let us show you this today. Smith, Ewing & Rankin, 130 Peachtree street.

531 COURTLAND and 407 N. Jackson. Here you can get two good homes, bath, thoroughly modern, with 4 bed rooms, first-class locality and you will find them both bargains at $40. We will show you. Smith, Ewing & Rankin, 130 Peachtree St.

9 ROOMS, 81 E. North avenue, two-story; modern and convenient, on a corner, fine locality. If you want a bargain see this. Price, $40. Smith, Ewing & Rankin, 130 Peachtree street.

GET our Weekly Rent Bulletin. We move tenants renting $12.50 and up FREE. See notice. John J. Woodside, the Renting Agent, 12 Auburn avenue.

692 S. PRYOR—The best 6-room cottage on Pryor street, convenient to Southern shops. Call us to show you. Price, $25. Smith, Ewing & Rankin, 130 Peachtree St.

OUR weekly rent list gives full description of anything for rent. Call for one or let us mail it to you. Forrest & George Adair.

264 FORREST AVE., 7 rooms, gas, electricity and shady lot, $35 per month. Thos. Peters, owner, 272 Forrest ave.

CALL, write or phone for our Rent Bulletin. Edwin P. Ansley Rent Dept., 78 North Forsyth street. Ivy 1600. Atlanta 863.

FOR RENT—Up-to-date 6-room house, comparatively new. Apply on premises. 80 Windsor st.

5-ROOM W. End cottage, modern, large lot. 5 Hopkins St. Main 3008, Mr. Brittan.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS

WE PAY highest cash prices for household goods, pianos and office furniture; cash advanced on consignment. Central Auction Company, 12 East Mitchell Street. Bell Phone Main 2424.

FOR SALE—Eleven suits of nice furniture; for cash only; cheap. 407 Fraser St. Call Main 259-J.

SAVE 25 per cent by buying your furniture from Ed. Matthews & Co., 23 E. Alabama street.

FOR best bargains in furniture see Jordan Furniture Co., 144 Auburn ave. Ivy 4467.

FURNITURE and rugs at lowest prices. Robison Furniture Co., 27 E. Hunter st.

FURNITURE bought and sold for cash. S. M. Snider, 145 S. Pryor st.

EDUCATIONAL

ATLANTA SCHOOL OF PRACTICAL MILLINERY
THE ORIGINAL and only regular Millinery School in Atlanta. Teaches full course in six weeks. Our rates are lower for WHAT WE GIVE than any other school. We have the endorsement of all the wholesale millinery houses. Now is the time to begin. Miss Rainwater, Manager, 40½ Whitehall st.

SPANISH! SPANISH!
I WILL teach you Spanish as it is spoken in Castilla, Spain, at reasonable terms. I will also do translation very reasonable. Address to Professor Campoamor, No. 26 East Ellis street.

AUCTION SALES

THE SOUTHERN AUCTION AND SALVAGE COMPANY, at 90 South Pryor, will buy or sell your furniture, household goods or piano. Phone Bell Main 2206.

BOARD AND ROOMS

ASK THE CONSTITUTION WHERE TO LIVE.

A FREE BUREAU of boarding and rooming house information. If you want to get a place to board or rent rooms in any part of the city or suburbs, ask The Atlanta Constitution. We will be glad to help you get what you want.

Third Floor Constitution Building. Main 5000. Atlanta 5001.

NORTH SIDE.

A Modern Family and Tourist HOTEL
ELECTRIC LIGHTS and steam heat. European, $3 a week and up, 50c a day and up. Rooms en suite with private baths. American, $7 a week and up, $1.50 a day and up. Free baths on all floors.
PEACHTREE INN
591 PEACHTREE STREET.
Under new management. Clerk and bell boy service night and day. Phones Ivy 9129, 67.

56 WEST HARRIS
ROOM AND BOARD or room for couple or two gentlemen in private home, heat furnished; hot water, phone and bath. Ivy 6259-L.

BELLEVUE INN
NICELY furnished single or double rooms, steam heated, with or without meals. 57 East Third. Ivy 1598-L.

477 PEACHTREE ST.
COUPLE or gentlemen for lovely steam-heated room. Ivy 7010.

BEAUTIFUL front room, delightful surrounding; excellent meals; gentlemen, business women, couple. Ivy 3086-J. 795 Peachtree street.

15 CURRIER ST.
NICELY furnished rooms, close in; all conveniences.

WELL furnished rooms, excellent table board, electric lights; all conveniences. 314 Peachtree. Ivy 1295.

4 WEST PEACHTREE
FRONT room, nicely fur.; excellent meals, furnace heat. Mrs. Sullivan, Ivy 6790-J.

SPLENDID rooms, good table, homelike surroundings, reasonable. 75 W. Peachtree street. Ivy 1449-J.

22 AND 24 EAST ELLIS
ROOMS. Excellent board, $5 per week.

FRONT ROOM Juniper street home; furnace heat, excellent home cooking. Ivy 6675.

CAN accommodate two young men with furnished room, with or without board. 58 West Baker street.

PRIVATE home, two gentlemen, $23; conveniences and best neighborhood. Ivy 3707-J.

SELECT BOARDING, comfortable rooms, with steam heat. 647 Peachtree. Phone Ivy 6634.

766 PEACHTREE ST.—Select people can secure board in exclusive home. Ivy 2774-J.

NEATLY furnished rooms, table board a specialty. 15 E. Cain st. Ivy 7635-J.

WANTED—A few college boys to board in a real home. 191 West Peachtree st.

YOUNG LADY roommate, also 1 room, reasonable. 21 W. Peachtree Place. Ivy 2579.

FOR RENT—2 nice rooms with excellent board, close in, reasonble. Ivy 2241.

ROOM and board for couple of young men; private home. Ivy 2962-J.

PRIVATE board, steam heat, all conveniences; old fashioned cooking. Ivy 6421-J.

ROOM, first-class, good heating system, best table, by owners. Ivy 3042.

LARGE front room with dressing room; adult family, with board. Ivy 5520-L.

ROOMS with private bath and board. 21 E. Linden street. Ivy 162. Miss Annie Dennis.

GOOD HOME COOKED MEALS. 21 EAST CAIN ST. IVY 5441.

SOUTH SIDE.

BEAUTIFULLY furnished rooms and table boarders at 292 Rawson. Phone M. 4727.

NEWLY fur. home, all conveniences, excellent meals, walking distance; rates reasonable; good neighborhood; rooms must be seen to be appreciated. 48 Woodward avenue.

NICE, clean, sunny rooms and excellent table board in private home, close in. 116 Garnett st.

EXCELLENT table board and nice rooms, close in, all conveniences; rates reasonable. 191 South Pryor street.

FURNISHED rooms with or without board for gentlemen or business lady. 79 Trinity avenue.

EXCELLENT table, nice room for young men or couple. 269 Washington. M. 449-J.

NICELY furnished rooms, with board. 98 Washington St. Phone Main 5458.

LOVELY rooms, excellent table, close in; all conveniences. 119 Washington st. M. 4380-L.

WANTED—Board—Rooms

TRAVELING MAN desires room and board for self and wife in refined private home; am here only part of time, but wife will be permanent boarder; rates must be reasonable. Address A-785, Constitution.

FRONT ROOM, with private bath, with board. 766 Peachtree street. Ivy 2774-J.

WANTED—Room Mate

WANTED—Congenial gentleman to share room in new modern hotel, $20 month each. Every possible convenience and service. I am away much of the time. Write for interview. H. R. Greene, Box 529, Atlanta.

ROOMMATE for gentleman; has sleeping porch; private bath. Ivy 1499-J.

WANTED—A young business woman as roommate; quiet, suburban home. Dec. 270.

FOR RENT—Housekeeping Rooms

NORTH SIDE.

TWO large, roomy connecting rooms for housekeeping, furnished or unfurnished. References required. Private family. 66 E. Cain street.

THE PATTEN
ROOM and kitchenette; steam heat; all conveniences. 11 Cone St. Ivy 6491-L.

ENTIRE floor, 2 apartments, each 2 rooms and kitchenette; bright, sunshiny rooms. Inman Park. References exchanged. I. 2329-L

THREE or four newly papered rooms; private bath; convenient to three car lines. Will rent to desirable party. 270 Houston st.

FUR. housekeeping rooms; private home; conveniences; best neighborhood. Ivy 3707-J.

TWO large, sunny rooms, partly furnished if desired; private home, walking distance; all conveniences. 106 Forrest ave.

ONE furnished or two partly furnished rooms, for housekeeping. 40 West Peachtree Place.

TWO nice rooms, furnished for housekeeping. Couple or ladies. Main 369.

DANDY housekeeping apt. of two rooms; unfur., private home. 39 W. Linden st.

ONE room and kitchenette, complete for housekeeping. 20 E. Pine. Ivy 6671-J.

DANDY 3-room housekeeping aparts., completely furnished, close in. Ivy 5660.

SOUTH SIDE.

BEAUTIFUL room and kitchenette, also one flat of 3 rooms for light housekeeping, fur., all conveniences and beautiful sunny house, near in; must rent at once. Apply 48 Woodward avenue.

TO COUPLE looking for housekeeping rooms furnished complete, including heat, light and plenty of hot water, best to be found in the city for $17 to $20. 232 Central avenue.

TWO nicely furnished rooms for light housekeeping; no children; all conveniences exchanged. Call Main 290.

TWO large, nice, connecting, furnished rooms, gas separate, all conveniences. 126 Oakland avenue. Atlanta phone 4465.

NICELY fur. front room and kitchenette; also 2 nice, large connecting unfur. rooms. Close in. 101 Capitol ave. M. 2484-J.

THREE rooms and kitchenette, unfurnished, close in; every convenience. 158 East Fair.

THREE nice unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping. 429 South Pryor street.

THREE or four neatly furnished rooms for light housekeeping, with owner. M. 4041-L.

ONE or two furnished rooms to couple for housekeeping; no children. Main 4626-J.

TWO nice, large rooms and kitchen; unfur. Very reasonable. Apply 92 Orange st.

FOR RENT—Farms

FOR RENT—Two-horse farm; no stock furnished; land all turned. Apply to J. W. Covington on Roswell road, 12 miles north of Atlanta.

MEDICAL

DR. EDMONDSON'S Tansy Pennyroyal and Cotton Root Pills, a safe and reliable treatment for irregularities. Trial box by mail 50 cents. Frank Edmondson & Bros., Manufacturing Chemists. 11 North Broad street. Atlanta, Ga.

SANTHAR CAPSULES for men's diseases. Literature free. Chambers Bros., Pharmacists, 57 North St., Middletown, N. Y.

FOR RENT—Rooms

ASK THE CONSTITUTION WHERE TO LIVE.

A FREE BUREAU of boarding and rooming house information. If you want to get a place to board or rent rooms in any part of the city or suburbs, ask The Atlanta Constitution. We will be glad to help you get what you want.

Third Floor Constitution Building. Main 5000. Atlanta 5001.

FURNISHED—NORTH SIDE.

LASALLE APARTMENTS—1051-2 N. PRYOR ST.; rooms large and light, hot and cold water in each room; newly decorated and furnished. Open Sunday. Best rates in city.

THE PICKWICK
NEW TEN-STORY AND FIREPROOF. Steam-heated rooms with connecting baths. Convenient shower baths on each floor. 77 Fairlie St., near Carnegie library.

FOR RENT—To one or two young men, well furnished bed room, convenient to bath, separate beds, if desired. Ivy 2022-J. 327 Courtland street.

THE ADOLF
SPLENDIDLY furnished rooms for men, steam heat and bath. 10½ E. Harris st.

FOR RENT—Newly furnished room in steam-heated, screened apartment to gentlemen, walking distance. Ivy 8023-J, this afternoon.

IN MARLBOROUGH APT., 436 Peachtree, apartment 12, attractively furnished room, bath connecting; steam heat; gentlemen preferred. Ivy 2958-L.

NICELY furnished room, adjoining bath, close in; heat, electricity. 113-A West Peachtree. Ivy 7991-J.

BEAUTIFULLY fur. rooms and excellent meals if desired, two blocks from Candler building. 19-21 W. Cain. Ivy 5660.

NICELY furnished rooms in steam-heated apartment, walking distance; every convenience. Phone Ivy 2182-J.

TWO-ROOM SUITE, bedroom, with private bath, and large room, 24x22 feet, suitable for parlor or office, first floor Pickwick.

FURNISHED ROOM for rent in private home; meals if desired. One door off W. Peachtree, 10 West Pine street.

LOVELY front room, with private porch, every convenience. 400 Spring street. Ivy 8037.

STEAM-HEATED front room, north side, private home, electricity; meals near. Ivy 1294-J.

FUR. room for 2 gentlemen or couple; steam heated, electric light; adjoins bath. Apt. 2, 95 West Peachtree street. Ivy 6705.

ONE or two bright, connecting rooms, refined home, furnace heat, electric lights, nice bath, excellent meals nearby. 6442-L.

NICELY furnished rooms, steam heat, adjoining bath, for gentlemen. Apply Apartment 2, 25 Porter Place. Ivy 7052-J.

FURNISHED, steam-heated rooms, two blocks from Piedmont hotel. 69 Luckie st. Main 2089.

TO GENTLEMAN—Room in private family next to bath. Peachtree place. Ivy 2978-J.

HANDSOMELY fur., steam-heated front room. 18 W. Peachtree, Apt. 2. Ivy 3527.

ATTRACTIVE room in private home, near Piedmont park. Call Ivy 3577-L.

NEAT steam-heated room, board if desired; reasonable. 265 Ivy street. Ivy 8384-J.

NICELY furnished rooms for young men; all conveniences. 183 Ivy st. Ivy 3015.

LARGE front room, heat, electricity; refined home. 314 Courtland, near E. Baker.

GENTLEMEN—Steam-heated front room, modern con. Linden Court Apt. 5. Ivy 483.

ONE neatly fur. front room, private home; all conveniences. Ivy 4935-J.

THREE downstairs rooms, furnished, to couple or gentlemen. 160 Spring. Atl. 2976.

DESIRABLE front room, private family, close in. 82 W. Harris str. Ivy 8607-J.

FURNISHED, steam-heated rooms; all conveniences. 133 Spring St. Apt. 1.

FURNISHED—SOUTH SIDE.

ELEGANT rooms, 50c day up, $2.50 and up per week; hot and cold water free. Gate City Hotel, 103½ South Forsyth st.

FOR RENT—Large downstairs front room, nicely fur., with or without meals. Atlanta phone 3296.

FOR RENT—Two rooms, steam heat, beautifully furnished; all home conveniences. Cor. Capitol ave. 237-A Fulton.

TWO nice light rooms, well fur. Will rent for light housekeeping or separate to business people. Ivy 8333-J.

LARGE front room, two beds, for gentlemen, close in, private home. 216 S. Pryor street.

NICE fur. room, 1 or 2 gentlemen; hot and cold bath; reasonable. Ref. exchanged. 198-A Capitol ave. Main 4614-L.

TWO nicely furnished connecting first-floor rooms. 286 Central ave. M. 4658-J.

ONE beautiful front room, close in, good neighborhood, private home. 186 Rawson.

NICELY fur. front upstairs room, convenient to bath, meals if required. Atl. 3296.

NEATLY fur. front room, private home, close in; reasonable. 147 Pulliam st.

PRIVATE HOME, two or three young men; hot and cold water. Main 1552-L.

FOR RENT—Nice front room, couple or young men. 60 Formwalt street.

NICELY fur. front upstairs room, convenient to bath, meals if required. Atl. 3296.

ROOMERS wanted, with or without meals. Call 225 Crumley street.

UNFURNISHED—NORTH SIDE.

SIX ROOMS on first and second floor of beautiful close-in residence. 28 Carnegie way; hot bath on main floor, for family or will rent three rooms on each floor separately for two families.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS
WOULD rent unfurnished rooms to young men; all conveniences, close in. 28 Carnegie Way.

FOUR unfurnished rooms, close in, with private bath, all conveniences. 22 Simpson St.

THREE connecting rooms, halls, private bath, conveniences; reasonable. Ivy 6654.

UNFURNISHED—SOUTH SIDE.

TWO nice, connecting rooms, all conveniences, close in, rent reasonable. 37 Eugenia street.

FOR RENT—Two or three unfurnished rooms, gas, bath and private entrance, to right parties. 105 Whitehall Terrace.

THREE large, connecting rooms, sink in kitchen, and phone. 159 Kelly St. Atl. 5037.

THREE or four nice rooms with couple; reasonable. 349 South Pryor. Main 5047-J.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.

NICE ROOMS, fur. or unfur., or will rent for housekeeping to couple; good neighborhood. Close in. 310 Whitehall St. Apply 315 Whitehall.

FOR RENT—Apartments

UNFURNISHED.

THE BOSCOBEL APTS.
One 3-room apartment, price $32.50
One 4-room apartment, price 35.00
Steam heat, janitor service.
FITZHUGH KNOX
1613 CANDLER BLDG. IVY 4446.

FOR RENT—4-room apartments in the Corinthian. 136 W. Peachtree st., and the Bell, cor. N. Boulevard and Ponce de Leon ave. Apply Chas. P. Glover Realty Co., 2½ Walton street.

APARTMENT of four rooms and bath; steam heat; hot water and janitor service. Apply Apartment 1, 324 Forrest avenue, or phone Ivy 4654-J.

3-ROOM second floor apt., with sleeping porch, modern in every respect, well elevated, choice for summer. Apply Thos. Peters, owner. Bell phone Ivy 3674.

ONE 4-room, first floor, and one 3-room second floor; all conveniences. 166 Courtland. Main 4347-J.

BEAUTIFUL new first-class apt., Apt. C, 4 rooms, first floor, in the Selma, 280 Jackson st. Phone Ivy 3674.

SIX-ROOM apartment, West Peachtree, steam heat, elevator, janitor. Ivy 4168.

IF YOU want to rent apts. or business property, see B. M. Grant & Co., Grant bldg.

WANTED—Apartments

WANTED—Four or six-room fur. apartment or house in desirable locality; permanent. Address C-135, Constitution.

FOR RENT—Stores

FOUR fine new stores and lofts at 124, 126, 128 and 128 Whitehall street; also 69 S. Broad street; also 61 S. Alabama st. Geo. W. Scipio, 19 Edgewood ave. Both phones 308.

FOR RENT—Offices.

LARGE front office, phone and conveniences, 33½ Auburn avenue, $12.50; also large stock room, cheap. Call afternoons.

FOR RENT—Desk Room

DESK SPACE for rent. 115 McKenzie Bldg. "Ask Mr. Babbage." Ivy 1561.

REAL ESTATE—For Sale

RESIDENCE DISTRICT.
WEST END HOME.
PEEPLES STREET, just off Gordon, 9 rooms and never occupied, sleeping porch, two tile baths, hardwood floors, beamed ceiling, furnace heat and every modern convenience; one block public school, churches and car line and park. Price for immediate sale $8,000; $1,000 cash and monthly notes of $40. This is a real bargain. See Owner, 617 Third National Bank. Phone Ivy 3353.

ON CONFEDERATE avenue, between Grant park and White City, with car line in front of the door, we have a lot 117 by about 180 to alley, that belongs to an out-of-town man and he wants an offer. This lot is elevated and lies well.

M. HATCH COOK
501 FOURTH NATIONAL BANK BLDG.
BELL PHONE MAIN 4613.

FOR SALE—One 5-room house situated in a beautiful grove in the suburbs of the city; large lot; all improvements, bath, hot and cold water, sleeping porch, etc. Must sell quick. Also one 5-room house on small lot in suburbs. Will sacrifice. Call Ivy 7426, or address Atlanta Realty Loan Const. Co., 305-7 Empire Life building.

FOR SALE—Six room concrete house; slate roof, in fine condition, within one block of two good car lines; one block of school; ideal section, corner lot, 50x170; cherted street, tile walks; all improvements; a bargain. Small cash payment, balance $21 per month. Price $3,750. Phone Owner. Main 2041. Apply 507 Peters building.

FOR SALE—Six-room concrete house, slate roof, in fine condition, within one block of two good car lines, one block of school; ideal section, corner lot, 50x170, cherted street, tile walks, all improvements; a bargain; small cash payment, balance $21 per month. Price, $3,750. Phone Owner. Main 2041. Apply 507 Peters building.

NEW HOMES
WE BUY any lot you select. Build you home. Terms like rent. See us. United Building Company, 400-1-2-3-4 Temple Court building. Main 4139.

FOR quick sale I will sacrifice my nearly new stone front bungalow on Gordon street, West End, at $3,750. Will consider well located lot or automobile as part payment. Address A-773, Constitution.

TEN East 14th street, at Peachtree, 10-room home, with every convenience, sleeping porch and garage. Ivy 3261 or call owner on place.

OWNER in China writes, "Sell my Capitol avenue 10-room residence quick; east front lot, 49x200." Phone M. 2187 or Ivy 3884.

BARGAIN for quick sale, 6-room bungalow, West End; furnace, large elevated lot. Address B-502, Constitution.

FIRST-CLASS lot on north side. See me at once for bargain. Address Owner, A-959, Constitution.

BUSINESS DISTRICT.

IF IT is real estate you want to buy or sell, it will pay you to see me. A. Graves, 24 East Hunter street.

SUBURBAN.

DECATUR—New 6-room bungalow, east front, handsome mantels and fixtures, basement, fine lot and neighborhood. $3,750; $250 cash, $25 month. Will take light car or nice vacant lot. This will make either a splendid home or investment. W. H. S. Hamilton, owner, 224 Hurt bldg. Ivy 8212-J.

JUST the place for chicken farm, or suburban home, at Jolly Station, on Stone Mountain car line, 6-room bungalow, with four large lots, for $3,000; terms. A bargain. Marsh Adair and Brooks Mell, 424 Hurt building.

LOOK at my new 6-room residence, 49 Inman street, West End, and make me an offer. It must be sold this week. It's your best chance. W. H. S. Hamilton, 224 Hurt building. Ivy 8212-J.

FOR SALE—Will sacrifice beautiful corner lot, 100x180 feet, fronting club grounds at East Lake, in order to raise $200 cash immediately. Ivy 2780-J, during the week.

FARM LANDS.

I HAVE 126 acres about mile and quarter from Stone Mountain; has between four and five thousand cords wood and some timber that can be sawed. This is unincumbered and will sell or trade for city property at $50 per acre. Land lies well. You can clear enough off cord wood to pay for land. See Owner, 617 Third National.

FOR SALE—81-acre farm near Clarkston, mile of car line and railroad, 12 miles Atlanta; 5-room house, also tenant house. Fletcher Pearson, 422 Atlanta Natl. Bank bldg.

FOR SALE—Georgia lands a specialty. Thos. W. Jackson, 4th Nat. Bank Bldg., Atlanta.

WANTED—Real Estate

FARM LANDS.

WANTED: ACREAGE
WE HAVE a customer for five to ten acres with or without house, but must be on or very close to a carline; he is ready to buy. What have you got?
M. HATCH COOK,
501 Fourth National Bank Bldg.
Main 4613.

WE ARE doing a good business on suburban acreage, but have customer that we have not been able to suit yet. If you have anything good NEAR Atlanta, let us have it. We can sell it.
M. HATCH COOK,
501 Fourth National Bank Bldg.
Main 4613.

WANTED—To buy farm in Transylvania county, N. C. Must be clear and on terms. Ivy 7426.

REAL ESTATE—Sale, Exchange

HAVE a client who has an equity of $2,500 in a 4-room modern cottage in West End on lot 120x250, will exchange equity for small acreage close to Austell or something on S. A. L. close to Atlanta. Carl H. Fischer, Fourth National Bank Bldg.

GOOD 5-room cottage, bath, garage; value $2,500; West End; for small farm. Call Mr. Crowley, Ivy 7445.

POULTRY

FOR SALE—Grist Champions, Warhorse and Shawineck Games. H. Roquemore, Mansfield, Ga.

SEED AND PET STOCK

H. G. HASTINGS & CO.
SEEDS, INCUBATORS AND POULTRY SUPPLIES
Bell Phones, Main 2568, Main 3962; Atlanta, 2568.
16 WEST MITCHELL STREET

"SINCE I BEGAN USING your Red Comb Mash and Scratch Feed my egg production has been doubled." We hear this every day and you will say the same thing if you will buy a bag and give it a trial. It sells at $2.35 per 100 lbs., same as you pay for other feeds.

WE CAN FURNISH EGGS for setting from all of the popular breeds of chickens at $1.50 per setting. Hatch early and get winter layers.

TIME NOW TO PLANT potatoes, English peas, turnip and mustard.

COME TO HASTINGS' for your garden seed this year and have a real garden. Good seed is the most essential thing, and we have them. We have built up the largest seed business in the south, by selling nothing but the first-class seed and treating all of our customers fair. Come in and get a copy of our catalogue, tells how and when to plant.

CYPHERS INCUBATORS AND BROODERS.

RAISING BABY CHICKENS in a tent, a new idea, but a good one. We have some tents 6 feet square that are just the thing. They don't cost as much as a brooder house and answer the purpose just as well. Come in and see them.

WE HAVE a fresh shipment of Spratt's puppy and dog cakes.

COME TO US for poultry supplies and feeds. We carry the most complete line in the city.

SEED AND PET STOCK

TO MAKE room, I will sell some of my Homer pigeons; very fine stock. Ivy 5978-J.

INCUBATORS.

FOR SALE—Two incubators; Prairie State, 225 capacity. One brooder, 4 small coops with run for baby chicks, one dozen R. I. Red hens. Phone Decatur 270.

F

TRIBUTES PAID TO RODDENBERY

Former Colleagues Eulogize Life and Character of Dead Georgian—Roddenbery's Son in Gallery.

By John Corrigan, Jr.

Washington, February 8.—(Special.) Eulogies on the life and character of S. Anderson Roddenbery, late a representative from the Second Georgia district, were delivered in the house of representatives this afternoon by his former colleagues.

Mr. Roddenbery's work for state prohibition in Georgia and his fight as a member of congress against the iniquitous pension frauds were referred to by all the speakers.

Among the visitors in the gallery during the eulogies was John Roddenbery, a son of the former congressman. Four years ago the house was called upon to mourn a representative from the Second Georgia district. Mr. Roddenbery was elected in February, 1910, to succeed the late James M. Griggs.

Feeling Tribute by Park.

One of the most feeling tributes delivered today was by Representative Frank Park, who succeeded Mr. Roddenbery, and who referred to him as the "Alexander H. Stephens of the Wiregrass." He said the women of the Second district were erecting a monument to him for his work in behalf of prohibition.

Representative Adamson said he would rather have spoken over him when he died the words uttered at Roddenbery's funeral by the minister who had baptized, been spiritual counsellor and friend of Roddenbery all his life than to have won the renown of Alexander.

"I have never doubted that a good name was rather to be chosen than great riches," he said. "It is more valuable than anything on earth except to merit a good name. It insures respectability during life and the admiration of posterity after death. Happy would our country life be, if we had more men of the character and energy of S. A. Roddenbery."

Representative Samuel J. Tribble said:

"I regard Judge Roddenbery as one of the greatest men Georgia has ever produced. He was an indomitable fighter, conscientious, courageous to a fault, if man can be. He was a giant in intellect. I was closely identified with him in the pension fight of the Sixty-second Congress. I made my first speech in the second session of the Sixty-second Congress on pensions. Judge Roddenbery was delighted with my outspoken stand, and outlined with me a plan to make a determined fight against pensions. He thought by preventing passage of pension bills, the attention of the country could be forcibly called to the unchecked pension funds."

Howard's Tribute.

Representative Howard, of Georgia, said:

"Devotion to duty was the keynote of his character. He set duty on a pedestal, above every purpose in life. He made it his lode-star and followed it to his death. He was a martyr to duty and died at his post—as much as any soldier who ever gave up his life for his country on the field of battle. If there is a man in this chamber who did not respect, admire and honor him, I do not know it."

Representative J. Randall Walker spoke of Mr. Roddenbery's indomitable will and courage, which enabled him to win his way from the furrowed fields to the halls of congress.

"His brilliant speeches as the peerless advocate of and champion of prohibition are immortalized in the sovereign and courageous manhood of the grand old commonwealth of Georgia," he said.

Representative Thomas M. Bell said Mr. Roddenbery "was devoted to his duties, as a public servant, constant in his attentions to his constituents and loyal to the rights of the people who elected him."

Representative Gordon Lee said the nation could ill afford to lose such men from its public service. Mr. Lee said:

"With singleness of purpose, with unswerving determination to do right as God gave him to see the right, he applied himself to every task. None was too small for his painstaking labor, and none too great to be encompassed by the clear light of his fine intellect."

Hughes Mourns His Colleague.

Representative Dudley M. Hughes, who comes from an adjoining district, said:

"My thoughts go back through the brief interval to the last weeks Anderson Roddenbery was with us, and I see plainly his tense, dramatic figure standing there fighting with the earnestness known only to those who battle honestly and fearlessly, and with the power with which truth arms its advocates fighting for the cause of the people.

"Filled with the purpose of defending to the utmost the principles in which he believed with all the earnestness of his soul he was unmindful of the ravages of disease, the warnings that the fight must soon be over. Relentlessly he fought on and on until the dread hand of disease struck him down.

"And this picture which comes before my mind's eye, Mr. Speaker, of the frail, almost boyish, little figure, weakened by illness and under the very shadow of the death angel's wing, fighting with the fearlessness and strength of a giant, is an inspiration.

"Mr. Roddenbery made a record in his short service in the national congress worthy of the highest expectations of his advocates, the fondest hopes of his friends and family. He was a lawyer of fine parts, a born debater, and never appeared to better advantage than in the give and take of debate.

"I was attracted by his many admirable qualities, but that which drew me closest to the inner man was not his prodigious energy, his fidelity to principle, and his skill in execution, but his private life.

"His name lives in the archives of the nation, but shines brighter and more resplendent in the hearts of the people, the people for whom he labored so hard and unselfishly. He leaves an heritage to his family brighter and more to be valued than gold. He was an honest man, the noblest work of God."

Edwards on Roddenbery.

Representative Charles G. Edwards, of the first district, who was an intimate friend of the late congressman, said:

"He was one of my good friends. I admired his noble character, his ability and his unselfish devotion to duty. His was an upright and useful life. Georgia, his native state, and the whole country sustained a great loss when this faithful servant passed away.

"Born and reared on a Georgia farm—coming out of the great heart of the common people—he knew and loved those people. They knew and loved him in return. At the age of 21 years he was elected to the Georgia legislature, where he served with ability and distinction. He declined re-election to that body. He studied law, while teaching school, and was admitted to the bar in 1894. He made a success at the bar. In 1897 he was appointed judge of the county court of Thomas county. Then he was elected to congress.

"The tributes paid to him are well deserved, because they were earned by years of devotion to the interests of our country, because his record as a representative in congress was characterized at all times by zeal for the public good. To the people who trusted and honored him he gladly gave all that was highest and best in him. The youth of Georgia may well emulate his example."

POLICE ASKED TO FIND MISSING MACON WOMAN

Husband Reports Prosperous-Looking Man Lured Mrs. Perdue From Hotel.

Macon, Ga., February 8.—(Special.)—The police of this city are investigating the strange disappearance of Mrs. J. Z. Perdue, the pretty young wife of a well-known citizen of Macon, who mysteriously disappeared a few days ago from the Reeves house, a downtown hotel, and, according to advice received from Atlanta police, has been seen in north Georgia Sunday in company with two suspicious men.

It is feared that she has fallen a victim to white slavers, who, upon learning that the police were on their trail, rushed her hurriedly from Buford, Ga., Gwinnett county, into the adjoining county—Monroe. Both the police of Macon and Atlanta are searching for the missing woman.

The husband is now in north Georgia striving to locate his wife. He told the police of Macon that he believed she had been lured away by a suspicious man, well dressed and apparently prosperous, who had been stopping at the same hotel from which the woman disappeared.

Mr. and Mrs. Perdue had been spending only a short while in the hotel preparatory to a trip he was to make to Savannah, Ga. Upon his return from that city he found his wife missing, with no clue as to her whereabouts.

$50,000 Fire at Asheville.

Asheville, N. C., February 8.—For seven hours this morning the local fire department battled with a fire which started in Millard's livery stable, and fanned by a high wind, threatened a whole block of business houses. Between fifty and sixty horses were released from the stable and turned loose, roaming the streets until captured later. Losses on all the buildings are estimated at about $50,000, partly covered by insurance.

COLDEST WEATHER OF YEAR SUNDAY

Mercury Drops to 19 Degrees, But Spell Will Not Be Long Lived, According to Forecaster.

Weather Forecaster von Herrmann put one over on the coal trust yesterday when he made the coldest day of the winter fall on Sunday, for, as numbers of shivering citizens by this time doubtless know, the coal yards do not stay open on Sunday.

Although Mr. von Herrmann had predicted that on Sunday morning the mercury would drop to 15 degrees above zero, it really did not go below 19 degrees. This does not indicate, however, that anybody was dissatisfied, for 19 degrees, following the warm days that Atlanta has had, was quite cool enough. In fact, Atlanta congratulates the weather man upon his liberality.

On Sunday all Atlanta shivered and shook as it has not in many a long day. Ye head of the household had to rise many and inconvenient times during the night to stroke the furnace of the family rooftree—and that on a night like Saturday night in nocturnal garb is no child's play.

But a spark of hope is left. Mr. von Herrmann says that, while Monday morning will be more or less airish, Monday afternoon will see a considerable and comfortable decrease in the temperature.

He further predicts that as the week advances the weather will moderate most pleasantly, and that by the end of the week Atlanta will once more be able to go about her daily vocations without inconvenience.

HISKEY GIVEN MEN ASSERT TWO GUARDS

Continued From Page One.

that the convicts upon arrival at the camp openly and insolently smoked the cigarettes in the houses at the camp, although this is against the rules of the camp.

Boss Luck, of the Roseland camp, told a Constitution reporter Sunday night that the convicts were reprimanded for smoking in the buildings, and that they replied that they "had a right to smoke there if they wanted to," and continued to smoke.

Luck stated that the negroes were otherwise insolent in their replies to the guards and in their conversation with other convicts at the camp.

When asked in regard to whether the convicts who appeared before the grand jury had been drinking, Luck said that he did not know. He stated, however, that he would make an investigation as to whether the cigarettes and other things given the convicts had been given to them with a view to biasing their testimony.

Neither Luck nor Donaldson would state as to who they thought had given the liquor and cigarettes to the convicts, nor as to what motives were behind the gifts, but merely said that they intended to go to the bottom of the matter.

Insolent, Says McDonald.

Dr. McDonald corroborated the statements of Donaldson and Luck in regard to the insolence of the convicts and their indisposition to work.

It is believed that the grand jury's probe of the treatment of the inmates of the camps will be concluded next Tuesday, when thirteen convicts will be brought before that body to testify.

This number includes convicts from all of the camps from which testimony has not yet been heard, and several from camps which have already been heard from.

Considerable interest centers in whether there will be further removals or indictments resultant from the probe. It is the opinion of Tull C. Waters, chairman of the county commissioners, however, that there will be no more indictments unless unforeseen developments artse.

Wilmer Scores Brutality.

In his morning sermon before a large congregation at St. Luke's, Rev. C. B. Wilmer referred to the investigation of brutality among the guards in charge of some of the county convict camps. He charged that the state is guilty itself of crime if it is brutal in its treatment of law-breakers.

He spoke of the laws and their relation to men, declaring that law is needed for lawless men. He said that education of mankind requires not only truth and moral suasion, but also laws.

Dr. Wilmer declared that if there are any clubs in Atlanta violating the law, their members should not wait for injunctions and indictments, but obey the law, as sensible and good men, and be glad to do it.

CONGRESSIONAL PROBES GOING INTO STRIKES

House Committees Today Begin Investigating Colorado and Michigan Troubles.

Hancock, Mich., February 8.—Causes that led up to existing conditions in the Michigan copper country will be the first subject presented to the congressional investigating committee by striking miners.

This statement was made tonight by O. N. Hilton, senior counsel for the Western Federation of Miners, who will have charge of testimony to be introduced before the committee this week by the strikers.

The mine owners have not publicly outlined their testimony, beyond saying they will produce any witnesses and all the records required by the congressional committee. Hearings will begin tomorrow if Representative Joseph Howell, of Utah, arrives in time.

Seven Subjects of Inquiry.

Seven subjects of inquiry are specified in the house resolution:

Whether postal services are interfered with.

Whether the immigration laws are being violated.

Whether citizens have been arrested and tried contrary to the constitution or laws of the United States.

Whether there exist agreements and combinations contrary to law for controlling the production, sale and transportation of copper.

Whether arms and ammunition have been shipped into the fields for the purpose of excluding the products of the mines for competitive markets in interstate trade.

Whether peonage exists, or has been maintained.

If any or all of these conditions exist, what causes led up to these conditions.

"The treatment of the miners has been uniformly un-American and without warrant," said Hilton, "and before this investigation is through, the miners will convince the public of the justice of their case. They will present their various cases for complaint—the physical and sanitary conditions of the mines and absence of air and water, the depth of the mines and a comparison of their wages with those paid elsewhere.

"We will show," the attorney continued, "that Governor Ferris and Special Prosecutor Nicholls urged Moyer to return to appear before the grand jury, and will call attention to the governor's hilarity on learning that the men who deported Moyer had not been indicted."

Hilton asserted that the miners were prepared to show that peonage existed here, even before the strike.

Moyer will not come here for the hearings, unless the committee expresses a desire to question him, Hilton said.

Ready for Colorado Probe.

Denver, Colo., February 8.—The congressional investigation of the Colorado coal strike began today with conferences at which the subcommittee of the house committee on mines and mining met Governor F. M. Ammons, of Colorado, and representatives of the coal operators and the United Mine Workers of America.

Taking of testimony will begin tomorrow. At the conclusion of the Denver hearings, the committee will go to Trinidad.

The subcommittee, comprising Representatives Martin D. Foster, of Illinois, chairman; James Francis Byrnes, of South Carolina; John M. Evans, of Montana; Richard Wilson Austin, of Tennessee, and Howard Sutherland, of West Virginia, arrived in Denver today.

Since the beginning of the southern Colorado coal strike last September, Governor Ammons and various state and civic organizations have made futile efforts to bring about a personal conference between miners and operators. The house committee obtained such a conference without the slightest opposition from either side. Strike leaders and heads of big corporations shook hands, and discussed amicably the arrangement for the investigation, which each side pledged itself to assist in every way.

CATHOLIC PRIEST SHOT BY MADDENED HUSBAND

Father Brales Wounded at the Country Home of a Rich Texan Manufacturer.

San Antonio, Texas, February 8.—S. Virum Brales, a Spanish missionary priest, was shot and fatally wounded today at the country home of Charles Baumberger, a wealthy San Antonio cement manufacturer.

Mr. Baumberger and his son, S. A. Baumberger, surrendered to the sheriff and, waiving preliminary hearing, were released on $5,000 bonds for their appearance before the grand jury.

Neither of the two men would make a statement for publication. It was learned that they found Brales in the house when they returned unexpectedly, and the priest was found mortally wounded in the front yard. He died at a hospital here.

Church authorities tonight issued a statement that a man by the name of S. Virum Brales had worked in this diocese as a travelling missionary, but declared he no longer was connected with the diocese.

MORTUARY.

Jack Head.

The body of Jack Head, of Atlanta, who died in Albuquerque, N. M., on February 4, arrived in the city Sunday night, and the funeral will be held Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock from Patterson's chapel. Interment will be in West View cemtery.

Mrs. Sallie E. Conkle.

Mrs. Sallie E. Conkle, aged 58 years, died Sunday night at 8 o'clock at her residence at East Point. She is survived by the following children: Mrs. H. K. Peoples, Mrs. Lula Babb, Miss Mamie Conkle and Noah and William Conkle. Funeral arrangements will be completed later.

George Wilburn Maddox.

George Wilburn Maddox, 14-days-old son of Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Maddox, died Sunday night at 6 o'clock at the residence, 43 Orleans avenue. His father is connected with the Atlanta fire department. Funeral arrangements will be announced later.

A. D. Janes.

The body of A. D. Janes, the boy who was killed by an elevator in the Third National bank building Friday, was sent Sunday morning at 7 o'clock to Mansfield, Ga., for funeral and interment.

Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's

The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. Drives out Malaria, enriches Blood, Builds up the Whole System. 50c.

KNOTTY PROBLEMS BEFORE CONGRESS

Woman Suffrage Resolution in Senate Today—Action Expected on Free Tolls Clause of Canal Act.

Washington, February 8.—With their minds preoccupied with immigration problems, trust legislation, treaty obligations and President Wilson's determination for reversal of policy on the Panama tolls question, administration leaders in congress had almost forgotten that they are face to face with the equal suffrage question.

Tomorrow, however, the resolution to provide for a constitutional amendment extending suffrage to women is first on the calendar of business in the senate, and there being no unfinished business before that body, the resolution will be called up. Senator Ashurst, who is guiding the destinies of the resolution, does not expect it to come to a vote, because several senators served him with notice some time ago that when the subject did come up, they would like to discuss it.

Ashurst to Push Suffrage.

"I know that the suffrage resolution will be before us tomorrow," said Senator Ashurst tonight, "but I do not think it will be voted on, as several senators wish to debate it. If they give notice tomorrow that they want time to prepare their speeches, the resolution will go over. I am quite certain, however, that the senate will vote on it before long; some time this session, at any rate."

Senator Ashurst will be on the alert when the calendar is reached tomorrow. If by any chance there are no objections to immediate consideration of the suffrage resolution, it may be put upon its passage. Several weeks ago the resolution was reached when no one was expecting it, and the Arizona senator reached the senate chamber just in time to speak on the subject himself and ask that it be reserved for future action.

The Free Tolls Clause.

Initiative action on the repeal of the section of the Panama canal act exempting American coastwise ships from tolls is expected during the week, the president's purpose in the matter now being thoroughly understood by administration leaders. Whether the president will read a special message to congress on the subject has not been determined, but whether he does or not, a bill to repeal the toll exemption section is now being prepared. Though the proposed repeal is certain to provoke vigorous opposition, there is a strong undercurrent of sentiment among democrats who voted for toll exemption that repeal of the law will bewise from the standpoint of foreign relations. There is no doubt about the repeal carrying in the house, and opposition in the senate is expected to narrow down as the debate progresses.

In addition to the anti-trust legislative program, the issue uppermost in congress at present is immigration, and though the Burnett bill with its restrictive literacy test already has passed the house, the issue is by no means out of the way. The senate committee has just taken it up, determined upon daily sessions until it has finished its deliberations. That there is to be a fight over the literacy test is certain, and a modification of the restrictive provisions is expected.

Anti-Trust Bills Not Ready.

The bills for the anti-trust legislation program are far from complete. Hearings on them will continue before house committees during the week, and a conference with President Wilson relating to them is being urged by some of the democratic leaders. Tomorrow Frederick Straus, of New York, who was a member of former President Taft's commission on railway capitalization, will appear before the house committee on interstate commerce to discuss the proposed bill for federal control of railroad securities. The judiciary subcommittee plans to confer with President Wilson on the tentative outline of a measure to regulate holding companies. A measure has been drafted which would not prohibit all forms of holding corporations, but would prohibit the acquisition by holding companies of stock in competing concerns. Representatives Clayton, Carlin and Floyd, of the judiciary subcommittee, were impressed last week by the testimony of officials of the Gulf Refining company, a Texas corporation. Officials of that concern testified that they had no relations of any kind with the Standard Oil company, but submitted that a holding corporation was absolutely essential to their competition against a so-called monopoly.

Rural Credits Legislation.

Hearings on rural credits legislation will be continued before the house subcommittee on banking and currency. Conferences between the president, Representative Bulkley, chairman of the subcommittee; Majority Leader Underwood, of the house, and Senator Owen, chairman of the senate committee, resulted in the determination to press for early passage the bill which will be framed by the committee. Joint hearings by the senate and house committees probably will be arranged, but an effort will be made to have the bill before the house by April 1.

CHAMBER FAVORS ATLANTA FOR BANK

President Haden Appoints Committee to Appear Before Regional Bank Organization Committee.

At its recent mid-winter meeting the Georgia Chamber of Commerce unanimously passed a resolution urging Atlanta as the location for one of the regional banks, and directing the president to appoint a committee of five to appear before the federal commission.

The Georgia Chamber of Commerce represents every portion and nearly every county in the state. This committee will speak with authority for Georgia as a unit.

The committee is composed of Joseph S. Davis, Albany, chairman; Emory Winship, Macon; I. A. Bush, Camilla; C. J. Hood, Commerce, and B. R. Blakely, Griffin. Every member of the committee will be present at the hearing of the federal commission, which takes place in Atlanta on February 13.

As for the joint committee of the Atlanta Clearing House association and the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce, which is preparing Atlanta's case for the organization committee, this will be the busiest week of its work.

The organization committee will sit in Atlanta next Friday and Saturday. And what with facts, world without end, to be assembled and assigned to speakers and the biggest banquet ever held in Atlanta to be looked after, the committee will be extremely busy.

Many more indorsements of Atlanta are expected this week.

BACKBONE OF WINTER LONG WAY FROM BROKEN

Weather Bureau Experts Predict Low Temperatures For Present Week.

Washington, February 8.—Winter's backbone is still a long way from broken, according to the weather bureau experts. "The general distribution of atmospheric pressure over the North American continent and the adjacent oceans," said the weekly bulletin today, "indicates temperatures considerably below the seasonal average until the middle of the week east of the Rocky mountains, and temperatures near the seasonal average on the Pacific coast.

"The weather generally will be fair the first half of the week in the plains states, the great central valleys and the north Atlantic states. In the gulf and south Atlantic states the weather will be overcast, with probably rains along the gulf and south Atlantic coasts until Wednesday.

"The next disturbance of importance will appear on the north Pacific coast Tuesday, attended by general rains. It will prevail over the middle west Thursday and the eastern states Friday or Saturday. This disturbance will be preceded by a general reaction to higher temperatures, and be attended by general rain in southern states.

"It will be followed by colder weather."

Zero in Chicago.

Chicago, February 8.—Zero weather—the first of the year here—brought one death and suffering to thousands of poor today. The cold wave arrived last night, and at 3 o'clock this morning the thermometer registered zero. As 8 o'clock 7 degrees below was marked, and the mercury since then has hovered near the zero mark.

Seventy-five fires kept the fire department moving all day. Tonight the department was badly crippled, many of its members suffering from frozen hands and feet. Two Episcopal churches were damaged by fires.

Charitable organizations had their hands full giving relief where the suffering was acute. At all the hospitals there were constant appeals for help.

Twenty-six hundred men were cared for tonight in municipal lodging houses, and as many more were turned away, the police said. The bread line contained more than a thousand men.

Sunshine in Kansas.

Kansas City, February 8.—Sunshine over most of the southwest today banished nearly all evidences of the recent blizzard. Little snow remained tonight. No zero temperatures were reported from any places in Missouri, Kansas or Oklahoma.

LODGE NOTICES

There will be a regular communication of Capitol View Lodge, F. & A. M., No. 640, held this (Monday) evening at 7:30 p. m., in the Baraca hall, corner Gennessee and Beattie avenue. Work in the Fellow Craft degree. All duly qualified brothers are cordially and fraternally invited to meet with us. By order of

GEO. P. DICKSON, W. M.
CARL DOLVIN, Secretary.

The annual inspection of Atlanta Commandery, No. 9, K. T., will be held in its asylum, corner Peachtree and Cain streets, this (Monday) evening, February 9, at 7:30 o'clock sharp. Inspection by Right Eminent Sir Augustus G. Miller, grand commander of the grand commandery of Georgia. Honored guests: Most Eminent Sir Arthur MacArthur, grand master of the grand encampment of North America; grand officers of the grand commandery of Georgia and the grand commanders of Alabama, Florida, Tennessee and South Carolina. All Sir Knights are courteously invited. Full Templar uniform.

P. L. BLACKSHEAR,
Eminent Commander.

A regular convocation of Mt. Zion Royal Arch chapter, No. 16, will be held in Masonic Temple on this (Monday) evening, February 9, at 6:30 o'clock. By special dispensation, the chapter will be opened regularly at 6:30 o'clock for the reading of applications, balloting on the same and the transaction of any and all regular business. Special convocation will be called on the following evening (Tuesday), at 7:30 o'clock for degree work. All companions duly qualified are cordially invited. D. E. SHUMAKER,
High Priest.
J. H. BARFIELD, Secretary.

A regular convention of Atlanta lodge, No. 20, Knights of Pythias, will be held tonight (Monday) at 8 o'clock, Castle hall, Kiser building, corner Hunter and Pryor streets. The rank of Esquire will be conferred. All qualified Knights cordially invited to attend.

R. M. JONES, C. C.
A. A. CRAIG, K. of R. & S.
F. G. M'COOL, Master of Finance. 36 Central avenue, phone M. 1980.

A regular communication of John Rosier lodge, No. 608, F. & A. M., will be held in their temple, corner of Hemphill avenue and West Tenth street this (Monday) evening, February 9, 1914, at 7:30 o'clock sharp. A cordial invitation is extended to all duly qualified brethren to attend. By order of

T. G. BROOKS, W. M.
CLAUDE WOFFORD, Secretary.

E. A. Minor Lodge, No. 603, Free and Accepted Masons, will hold a call communication (special dispensation) in their temple, East Atlanta, this (Monday) February 9, 1914, at 7:30 p. m. Work in the Master's degree. Lecture by Brother Horace Grant, P. M. Qualified brethren fraternally invited to meet with us. Take Soldiers' home car to Glenwood avenue. Cars leave Peachtree and Decatur streets every fifteen minutes.

By order of

E. A. MINOR, W. M.
HORACE GRANT, Secretary.

FUNERAL NOTICES.

BROWN—The friends and relatives of Mr. and Mrs. Cephas M. Brown, Mrs. Mack E. Laird, Mr. Clinton Brown, Mr. Walter R. Brown, Mr. William S. Brown, Mr. Leonard W. Brown, Captain Hugh S. Brown, Miss Cora Brown and Mrs. W. H. Chase are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. Cephas M. Brown, Tuesday, February 10, 1914, at 10 a. m., from the residence, 331 South Pryor street. Dr. Charles W. Daniel will officate. Interment will be in West View cemetery. The following named gentlemen will please act as pallbearers and meet at the chapel of H. M. Patterson & Son at 9:15: Mr. A. P. Stewart, Mr. Alexander J. Smith, Sr., Mr. Andrew J. Hansell, Mr. George L. Walker, Mr. Frank H. Reynolds, Mr. W. C. Lake, Mr. John D. Patterson and Mr. Charles E. Currier.

HEAD—The friends and relatives of Mr. and Mrs. Jack Head and family, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Head and family, Mrs. Robert Duncan and family, Mrs. W. W. Gibbs and family, Mr. and Mrs. M. T. Walker and Mr. and Mrs. L. R. Fowler are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. Jack Head today (Monday), February 9, 1914, at 3 p. m. from the chapel of H. M. Patterson & Son. The Rev. William Russell Owen will officiate. Interment at West View cemetery. The following named gentlemen will please act at pallbearers and meet at the chapel at 2:45 p. m.: Mr. George Head, Mr. W. B. Head, Mr. Robert Head, Mr. Henry Head, Mr. R. M. Langston and Mr. Miller Pate.

BARCLAY & BRANDON CO.
Funeral Directors, 246 Ivy. G. H. Brandon, president; R. M. Brandon, vice president; J. W. Awtry, secretary and treasurer.

M. RICH & BROS. CO.

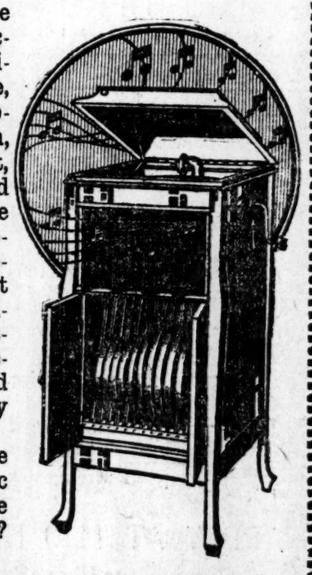
The new "Leader"---a complete and completely enclosed Columbia Grafonola.

$75 ready for delivery on approval.

Easy terms if desired.

It embodies an enclosed and removable compartment for 72 records. Its other principal points are: Ample, open tone. A metal motorboard combination, carrying power plant, speed indicator and speed regulator. The new Columbia reproducer and the new Columbia bayonet-joint tone-arm. The exclusively Columbia tone-control "leaves." A release button on the lid so that it may be easily opened or closed.

Will you call to see this new, modern disc Grafonola, or shall we send it to your home?



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All Columbia records will play on Victor talking machines. *Likewise* all Columbia Grafonolas will play Victor records.

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The most delicious cup that ever graced a dining table.

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We are closing out our entire stock of Wall Paper, including the latest 1914 designs.

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that holds the finest syrup you've ever mouthed. There's *no* just-as-good in flavor or quality. It's always the same.

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ought to be on *your* table to spread on biscuits, waffles and muffins. Try it on batter cakes and you'll say, "That's fine"—you can't help it. Red and green cans—your grocer's.

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Send for booklet of cooking and candy recipes.

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Opium, Whiskey and Drug Habits treated at Home or at Sanitarium. Book on subject Free. DR. B. M. WOOLLEY, 7-N, Victor Sanitarium, Atlanta, Georgia.

WILL TRADE

A $1,250 equity in a well-built cottage near West End for a city lot or renting property. Price, $3,750.

A $1,500 equity in a fourth-ward investment, bringing in an income of $35 per month. Price, $4,500.

213 feet on East Lake drive, for north side property. Price, $18 per foot.

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FOR RENT—231 Courtland Street

You will find at the above number on Courtland street, between E. Cain and E. Ellis streets, very desirable 5-room flat. In good repair and in easy walking distance of the center. Rent $27.60 per month. Look at this.

JOHN J. WOODSIDE

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WE have just added to our stock a complete line of the justly celebrated *David's Inks.*

We invite your inspection of a really superior article: drop by the Edgewood side of our store and see the window display; divert your mind by trying to solve the mystery of the *Mystic Rollers,* one of the most ingenious of mechanical window displays.

A complete line of *Letterine* and *David's Electro-Chemical Ink.* Your patronage will prove mutually profitable.

Foote & Davies Company

Five Seconds from Five Points